

Item 1 – Cover Page

Blackstone Private Investments Advisors L.L.C.

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as of March 28, 2025

Form ADV, Part 2A; the “Brochure” provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Blackstone Private Investments Advisors L.L.C. (“BPIA”) and any relying advisers.

If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at (212) 583-5000. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) or by any state securities authority. BPIA is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser. BPIA’s registration as an investment adviser does not imply any level of skill or training. The oral and written communications BPIA provides to you, including this Brochure, serve as information for you to use to evaluate BPIA and should be considered in your decision whether to invest in an investment vehicle advised by BPIA.

Additional information about BPIA and any relying advisers is also available at the SEC’s website www.adviserinfo.sec.gov (click on the link “Investment Adviser Search”, select “Investment Adviser Firm” and type in “Blackstone Private Investments”). The search results will provide you with both Parts 1 and 2A of our Form ADV.

Item 2 – Material Changes

There has not been a material change to this Brochure since the last annual update on March 31, 2024.

However, please carefully read Items 5, 8 and 10, which describe certain fees and expenses, potential risk of loss and potential conflicts of interest, respectively.

BPIA, at any time, may update this Brochure and may either deliver a copy or offer to deliver you a copy (either by electronic means (e.g., e-mail) or in hard copy form). If you would like another copy of this Brochure, please download it from the SEC's website as indicated on the cover of this Brochure, or you may contact us at (212) 583-5000.

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Item 4 – Advisory Business

Blackstone Private Investments Advisors L.L.C. (“BPIA”) is a Delaware limited liability company.

BPIA provides investment advisory services to pooled investment vehicles, including Blackstone Private Equity Strategies Fund (Master) FCP and Blackstone Private Equity Strategies Fund SICAV (together with their respective parallel funds and any alternative investment vehicles or feeder vehicles, “BXPE Lux”), Blackstone Private Equity Strategies Fund L.P. (together with its parallel funds (including, Blackstone Private Equity Strategies Fund (CYM) SPC), aggregator vehicles, and any alternative investment vehicles or feeder vehicles, “BXPE US”), any managed accounts or arrangements or alternative investment vehicles relating to the foregoing and other investment vehicles (including successor vehicles) having the same or similar investment objectives as the any of the above (collectively, the “BXPE Funds” or “Funds”, and each, a “BXPE Fund” or “Fund”).

BPIA is responsible for the management of the BXPE Funds’ investment program pursuant to an investment advisory agreement that BPIA has entered into with respect to each BXPE Fund, and BPIA has the authority to make commitments to investments and to make investment allocation and management decisions for the BXPE Funds on a discretionary basis. BPIA seeks to invest each BXPE Fund’s assets into a variety of appropriate investment opportunities. Subject to the investment limitations of each BXPE Fund, the Funds may invest in or alongside other Funds or Blackstone’s other investment funds, investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts, related entities and/or other similar arrangements (including those in existence as of the date hereof and those that may be formed in the future, collectively, “Other Blackstone Clients”) and investment funds, vehicles or accounts managed by third parties (“Third-Party Vehicles”) and in other appropriate investment opportunities selected by BPIA in accordance with the BXPE Funds’ investment objectives.

Blackstone Inc. (together with its affiliates, “Blackstone”) is the ultimate parent of BPIA and is a publicly traded corporation that has common shares which trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol “BX”. Blackstone is a leading global alternative investment manager with investment vehicles focused on private equity, real estate, multi-asset, credit & insurance, and secondary funds.

BPIA’s regulatory assets under management (“RAUM”) were \$ 7,316,483,710 as of December 31, 2024.

Please see Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations and Item 11 – Code of Ethics for more information.

Overview of BPIA Advisory Services

BPIA serves as investment advisor to the BXPE Funds pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreements (as defined below) with respect to each of the Funds. As investment advisor to the BXPE Funds, BPIA:

- Identifies investment opportunities for the BXPE Funds
- Participates in the monitoring and evaluation of the BXPE Funds' investments
- Makes decisions regarding, or makes recommendations to the general partners of the BXPE Funds (the "General Partners") (or other managing entity or governing body of the BXPE Funds) regarding, the purchase and/or sale of investments by the BXPE Funds and related investment allocation matters, as further described herein

Through delegation agreements (the "Delegation Agreements"), BPIA provides specific portfolio management services to certain private investment funds managed by an affiliated alternative investment fund manager (the "BX AIFM") for the purposes of the European Union Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD").

The individual needs of the investors in the BXPE Funds are not the basis of investment decisions by BPIA. Investment advice is provided to the BXPE Funds by BPIA and not individually to the BXPE Funds' respective investors. Investors in the BXPE Funds are entitled to the rights and benefits described in the applicable confidential offering memoranda (or offering prospectuses) (as supplemented from time to time), the limited partnership agreements (or articles of incorporation, management regulations, declarations of trust or bylaws), the Delegation Agreements and/or the investment advisory or management agreements (together with the Delegation Agreements, the "Advisory Agreements"), subscription documents and other similar applicable constituent or governing agreements and disclosure documents of each BXPE Fund (collectively, the "Organizational Documents").

With respect to the BXPE Funds, the Investment Committee for the BXPE Funds (the "BXPE Investment Committee"), which includes senior and experienced investment professionals at Blackstone, determines the investment policy and guidelines of each BXPE Fund.

All investments led by the BXPE Funds are reviewed and approved by the BXPE Investment Committee. Investments led by Other Blackstone Clients (including continuation funds) which are shared by the BXPE Funds are reviewed and approved by a subset of the BXPE Investment Committee members to ensure that the BXPE Fund investments led by Other Blackstone Clients are consistent with the BXPE Funds' respective investment mandates and the portfolio allocations described in their applicable Organizational Documents.

The BXPE Investment Committee process emphasizes a consensus-based approach to decision-making among committee members and is the same process that Blackstone has adopted since inception. In addition, the BXPE Funds benefit from the breadth of the Blackstone platform, including the various investment, asset management, portfolio operations, finance, investor relations, and legal and compliance professionals located around the globe. These resources provide valuable real-time, proprietary market data that enable the BXPE Funds to identify and act on market conditions and trends more rapidly than competitors and target specific themes with conviction.

BPIA advises one or more BXPE Funds that are governed by a board of directors (which is comprised in part by independent directors) that is responsible for determining the investment policy and guidelines of the applicable BXPE Fund. In the event that BPIA, in the future, advises a Fund that has a limited partner advisory committee, references in this Brochure to the board of directors or the independent directors thereof will be deemed to include the limited partner advisory committee of such Fund unless the context indicates otherwise.

In addition, BPIA may, in the future, provide investment advisory services to one or more pooled investment vehicles that will be registered investment companies under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act” or the “1940 Act”), or regulated as business development companies (“BDCs”) under the Investment Company Act, and that will pursue an investment strategy substantially similar to that pursued by the BXPE Funds.

With respect to any Fund that is incorporated, owned by shareholders and governed by a board of directors, any references in this Brochure to the “limited partners” of a Fund will be deemed to include the shareholders of any such incorporated Fund, and any references in this Brochure to the “General Partner” of a Fund will be deemed to include the applicable board of directors of such incorporated Fund or BPIA (or, where relevant, the BX AIFM), as applicable and as the context may require, in each case unless the context indicates otherwise.

With respect to any Fund that is established as a Luxembourg mutual fund (*fonds commun de placement*), any references in this Brochure to the “limited partners” of a Fund will be deemed to include the unitholders of any such Fund, and any references in this Brochure to the “General Partner” of a Fund will be deemed to include the management company of such Fund or BPIA (or, where relevant, the BX AIFM), as applicable and as the context may require, in each case unless the context indicates otherwise.

Item 5 – Fees and Compensation

Management Fees, Administration Fees and Performance Fees

Per the Advisory Agreements with respect to the BXPE Funds, BPIA is entitled to compensation for (a) its investment management services in the form of a management fee (the “Management Fee”), payable by the BXPE Funds (directly or indirectly through an intermediate entity) monthly, equal to, in the aggregate, 1.25% of the applicable Fund’s net asset value per annum, and (b) an administration fee for its administration services (the “Administration Fee”), payable by the BXPE Funds (directly or indirectly through an intermediate entity), equal to, in the aggregate, 0.10% of the applicable Fund’s net asset value per annum, payable monthly, each as further described in the Organizational Documents and subject to any further amendments or changes. BPIA may elect to receive the Management Fee in cash or in shares or units of a Fund or any subsidiary of a Fund. If the Management Fee is paid in shares or units of a Fund or any subsidiary of a Fund, such shares and/or units may be repurchased at BPIA’s request and may be subject to volume limitations, but not be subject to any early repurchase deduction that applies to repurchases under the applicable Fund’s Organizational Documents. Additionally, BPIA may separately elect for the Management Fee to be paid (in whole or in part) to an affiliate of BPIA in satisfaction of Management Fee amounts owed to BPIA in connection with services provided by such affiliate to the Funds and/or any intermediate entity.

As discussed in more detail in Item 6 below, the General Partners (or, where applicable, the special limited partners) of the Funds (or, where applicable, the subsidiaries thereof) are eligible to receive performance-based compensation or in respect of any appreciation (including unrealized appreciation) of the Fund’s investment portfolio (or realized gains, in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable)), subject to certain conditions and subject to a certain hurdle amount and a “high water mark.” The Organizational Documents of each Fund include further details on fees and compensation and related matters. Management Fees, Administration Fees and performance-based allocations are generally either withheld from distributions or accrued and reduced from the net asset value of the Fund or an investor’s capital account (or, in the case of any closed-end Fund, if applicable, invoiced at an appropriate time pursuant to a capital call notice (in the case of Management Fees)).

Certain investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, including current and/or former senior advisors, officers, directors, personnel and/or other key advisors/relationships (including operating partners, executives, founders and entrepreneurs) of Blackstone, Portfolio Entities (as defined below) of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, including the BTAS Funds and Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds (each as defined herein) and any other existing or future Other Blackstone Clients, personnel of PJT Partners Inc. and/or charitable programs, endowment

funds and related entities established by or associated with any of the foregoing (including any trusts, family members, family investment vehicles, estate planning vehicles, descendants, trusts and other related persons or entities), and other persons related to Blackstone (“Blackstone Investors”) will not pay management fees, administration fees or performance-based compensation in connection with their investment in Other Blackstone Clients which invest alongside (including through Blackstone’s side-by-side investment program, as further described below) a Fund, to the extent permitted by applicable law and the Fund’s Organizational Documents. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of an affiliated limited partner that is an Other Blackstone Client with its own underlying investors, such underlying investors are generally subject to carried interest and/or management fees in connection with their investment in such Other Blackstone Client. Notwithstanding the foregoing, such investors will either bear their pro rata share of certain Fund expenses, or the pro rata amount of such expenses will be allocated to BPJA or its affiliates. Such pro rata allocation of Fund expenses will, in certain circumstances, be calculated based on net asset value (or capital commitments, invested capital or available capital, as applicable, in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable)) or other metrics as determined by BPJA in its sole discretion. Any such methodology (including the choice thereof) involves inherent conflicts and will, in certain circumstances, not result in perfect attribution and allocation of expenses. In addition, to the extent current and/or former partners, employees, advisors and other persons referred to above, including their charitable programs, endowment funds and related entities established by or associated with any of the foregoing (including any trusts, family members, family investment vehicles, estate planning vehicles, descendants, trusts and other related persons or entities) and related entities, make capital commitments and/or otherwise invest in or alongside the Funds, any such amounts may, in Blackstone’s sole discretion, be treated as satisfying the applicable portion of any required investment or capital commitment of Blackstone and/or its affiliates to the Funds (even in circumstances where any such commitments or investments are made following a separation from Blackstone). For more information with respect to the allocation of Fund expenses, please see “Expenses” in Item 5 below.

References throughout this Brochure to “Portfolio Entity” describes, individually and collectively, any entity owned, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, including, as the context requires, portfolio companies, holding companies, special purpose vehicles and other entities through which investments are held.

Blackstone Strategic Relationships & Multi-Fund Arrangements

In addition, Blackstone has entered, and it can be expected that Blackstone in the future will enter, into both (i) strategic relationships with investors (and/or one or more of their affiliates) that involve an overall relationship with Blackstone that could (but is not required to) incorporate

one or more strategies (including, but not limited to, a different sector and/or geographical focus within the same or a different Blackstone business unit) in addition to the Funds' strategies and (ii) arrangements that involve an agreement or understanding to invest in or subscribe for a capital commitment to the Funds and one or more Other Blackstone Clients (as applicable, which may include a commitment already made recently to a Fund or an Other Blackstone Client) (any such overall relationship and/or multi-fund arrangement in the foregoing (i) and (ii), a "Strategic Relationship"). A Strategic Relationship often involves (but is not required to involve) an investor agreeing to invest in or make a capital commitment (or extend a commitment or lock-up period), as applicable, to two or more Blackstone funds, one of which may be a Fund. To the fullest extent permitted by law, limited partners in a Fund will not receive a copy of any agreement memorializing a Strategic Relationship program (even if in the form of a side letter) or receive any other disclosure or reporting of the terms of or existence of any Strategic Relationship and will be unable to elect in any "most-favored nations" election process any rights or benefits afforded through a Strategic Relationship. Specific examples of such additional rights and benefits have included and can be expected to include, among others, specialized reporting, discounts or reductions on and/or reimbursements or rebates of management fees or performance-based compensation or carried interest, as applicable (as permitted by applicable law), secondment of personnel from the investor to Blackstone (or *vice versa*), targeted amounts of co-investment opportunities and preferential terms and conditions related to co-investment or other participation in Blackstone vehicles (including any performance-based compensation or carried interest, as applicable, and/or management fees to be charged with respect thereto, as well as any additional discounts, reductions, reimbursements or rebates thereof or other penalties that would result if certain target co-investment allocations or other conditions under such arrangements are not achieved). The co-investment that is part of a Strategic Relationship can be expected to include co-investment in investments made by the Funds. Blackstone, including its personnel (including BPIA personnel), can be expected to receive compensation from Strategic Relationships and be incentivized to allocate investment opportunities away from the Funds or to source investment opportunities for Strategic Relationships. Strategic Relationships will, in certain circumstances, result in fewer co-investment opportunities (or reduced allocations) being made available to limited partners. In addition, from time to time, Blackstone may enter into economic and/or fee sharing arrangements with respect to one or more Funds or Other Blackstone Clients and/or certain limited partners thereof, which rights will not generally be made available to other limited partners. (See "Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest with respect to Co-Investment; Strategic Relationships Involving Co-Investment" in Item 10 below.)

Other Fees Payable to BPIA and its Affiliates

In addition, with respect to certain Funds, BPIA or one of its affiliates charges investors in certain unit or share classes (as applicable) of the Funds a servicing fee (the "Servicing Fee"). The

Servicing Fee is generally based on an investor's percentage interest in the net asset value of such class (of units or shares, as applicable depending on the Fund) (and, generally, for any closed-end fund (to the extent applicable), based on an investor's committed capital prior to the end of the Fund's investment period, and on an investor's invested capital thereafter) as further described in the applicable Fund's Organizational Documents.

Subject to limited exceptions, repurchase requests by investors in the Funds of units/shares (as applicable) that have not been outstanding for a specified period are subject to an early repurchase deduction, as further described in the Organizational Documents.

In addition to BPIA's Management Fee, the Administration Fee, the Servicing Fee, performance-based allocations (see Item 6 below) and any applicable early repurchase deductions, BPIA and its affiliates from time to time receive a variety of fees as part of the investment activities of the Funds, including from or with respect to Portfolio Entities of the Funds and other persons (including co-investors and joint venture partners). Such fees include, without limitation, fees for construction, development and other asset and property management (including, for example, services relating to the preparation of monthly cash flow models and industry research reports and sourcing, diligence and underwriting and other similar services); asset and property management; underwriting, syndication or refinancing of a loan or investment; energy procurement / brokerage fees; fees for Sustainability (as defined below) services; loan servicing; special servicing; fees for monitoring and oversight of loans provided to Portfolio Entities and/or third parties; administrative services; advisory services on purchase or sale of an asset or company; treasury and valuation services; advisory services; investment banking and capital markets services; placement agent services; fund administration; internal legal and tax planning services; information technology products and services; insurance procurement, brokerage, solutions and risk management services; data extraction and management products and services; BX Energy Services (as defined below); Revantage acquisition & disposition program management other products and services (including but not limited to restructuring, consulting, monitoring, commitment, syndication, origination, organization and financing, and divestment services); other servicing fees; healthcare consulting / brokerage fees; fees relating to group purchasing; financial advisory fees and similar fees for arranging acquisitions, other major financial restructurings and other similar operational and financial matters; operations fees; title insurance fees; fees associated with aviation management, including origination fees, servicer fees (e.g., services relating to lease collections/disbursements, maintenance, insurance, lease marketing and sale of aircraft/parts), asset and property management fees (including, for example, services relating to the preparation of monthly cash flow models and industry research reports and sourcing, diligence and underwriting and other similar services provided pursuant to investment management arrangements) and aircraft disposition fees; data management and services fees or payments (including artificial intelligence related fees), treasury and valuation

services; energy procurement/brokerage fees; fees for Sustainability services; aviation asset management fees; incentive fees and other similar fees; and annual retainers (whether in cash or in kind). Such fees, including in the form of management fees, incentive fees, incentive allocations, carried interest or other forms of management promote, performance-based compensation or other incentive fees, are not required to be shared with the Funds or the limited partners and will not result in any offset to the Management Fee payable by the limited partners.

The Management Fee offset provisions for the Funds vary based on the terms of the Funds' respective Organizational Documents, but generally 100% of each Fund's *pro rata* share of certain specified fees set forth in the Organizational Documents of such Funds (net of reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred by BPIA or its affiliates) will be applied to reduce Management Fees (not below zero). Any other fees received by BPIA would not offset the Management Fee, or performance-based allocations except as specifically provided in the Funds' Organizational Documents. Any fees that result in an offset of the Management Fee only apply to the extent the fees giving rise to such offset are paid as part of and during the course of the Funds' investments in such Portfolio Entities, and without regard to the nature of the fees, there will be no offset for Management Fees with respect to any fees paid to Blackstone after a Fund has exited an investment. For example, a Portfolio Entity may retain or continue to retain the Blackstone Capital Markets Group (including with respect to fees for services described herein) or continue to work with Blackstone in connection with group purchasing arrangements (health care brokerage, insurance and other similar services) when and after a Fund exited its investment therein. Following an exit of a Fund's investment in a Portfolio Entity, Other Blackstone Clients may continue to hold interests (debt, and/or equity) in such Portfolio Entity, and Blackstone may begin to earn fees or continue to earn fees from such Portfolio Entity for providing services to such Portfolio Entity, including, but not limited to, capital markets advice, group purchasing and health care brokerage, insurance and other similar services, which in each case will not offset or reduce the Management Fee. Also, in the case of fees for services as a director of a Portfolio Entity, the Management Fee will not be reduced or offset to the extent any Blackstone personnel continues to serve as a director after the Fund(s) has exited (or is in the process of exiting) the applicable Portfolio Entities and/or following the termination of such employee's employment with Blackstone. Conflicts of interest are expected to arise when a Portfolio Entity enters into arrangements with Blackstone on or about the time a Fund exits an investment.

Certain of the Funds bear the cost of fund administration and accounting (including, without limitation, maintenance of the Funds' books and records, preparation of net asset value and other valuation support services, as applicable (e.g., valuation model and methodology review, review of third-party due diligence conclusions and sample testing), preparation of periodic investor reporting and calculation of performance metrics, central administration and depositary oversight (e.g., periodic and ongoing due diligence and coordination of investment reconciliation

and asset verification); audit support (e.g., audit planning and review of annual financial statements); risk management support services (e.g., calculation and review of investment and leverage exposure), Sustainability support services, regulatory risk reporting, data collection and modeling and risk management matters, and tax support services (e.g., annual tax and VAT returns and FATCA and CRS compliance)) and in-house attorneys to provide transactional legal and related tax advice, tax planning and other related services (including, without limitation, entity organization, structuring, due diligence, document drafting and negotiation, closing preparation, post-closing activities (such as compliance with contractual terms and providing advice for investment-level matters with respect to fiduciary and other obligations and issues), litigation or regulatory matters, reviewing and structuring exit opportunities) provided by Blackstone personnel and related parties (including, without limitation, Blackstone Europe Fund Management S.à r.l. (“BEFM”), including all services provided by BEFM to a Luxembourg parallel fund that would be considered costs of fund administration if provided by Blackstone to the Funds (notwithstanding the customary scope of such services by third-party service providers)) to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, including the allocation of their compensation (including, without limitation, salary, bonus, and benefits) and related overhead otherwise payable by Blackstone, or pay for their services at market rates, and except in certain limited circumstances or with respect to certain Funds, such amounts will not offset Management Fees. The services of in-house attorneys generally include, without limitation, services with respect to M&A, capital markets or financing transactions, tax or regulatory structuring, supervision of external counsel and service providers, attending internal and external meetings (including investment committee meetings) and/or communicating with relevant internal and external parties. Any determination of whether fees and costs attributable to Blackstone personnel and related parties reflect market rates or arm’s length terms will not take into account for benchmarking purposes any fees and costs borne by such Fund with respect to third parties providing similar services (e.g., an external administrator). Such allocations or charges can be based on any of the following methodologies: (i) requiring personnel to periodically record or allocate their historical time spent with respect to a Fund or Blackstone approximating the proportion of certain personnel’s time spent with respect to a Fund, and in each case allocating their compensation (including, without limitation, salary, bonus, and benefits services) and allocable overhead based on time spent, or charging their time spent at market rates, (ii) the assessment of an overall dollar amount (based on a fixed fee or percentage of assets under management) that Blackstone believes represents no more than market rates for such services or (iii) any other similar methodology determined by Blackstone to be appropriate under the circumstances. Fund investors should carefully consult the applicable Fund’s offering documents and Organizational Documents to determine the fees, if any, that can be offset and the Management Fee offset percentage, if any, applicable to the Funds in which they are invested (See “Other Blackstone Business Activities” in Item 10 below). In addition, from time to time, BPIA can be expected to also engage and retain on behalf of its

Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities strategic advisors, consultants, senior advisors, executive advisors, operating advisors, industry experts, joint venture and other partners, professionals and market participants, any of whom might be current or former executives or other personnel of BPIA, its affiliates or Portfolio Entities of a Fund and who, from time to time, can be expected to receive payments from, or allocations with respect to, Portfolio Entities or the Funds, and such amounts will not offset the Management Fee paid by the Funds (See “Advisors, Consultants and Partners” in Item 10 below).

Certain Funds pay fees to the BX AIFM (the “AIFM Fee”) in addition to the Management Fees they pay to BPIA. The foregoing disclosures regarding Management Fee offsets are generally also applicable with respect to any AIFM Fees payable by the Funds.

The precise amount of, and the manner and calculation of, the fees and compensation described above, including the Management Fee, the Administration Fee, the AIFM Fee and performance-based compensation, are established by BPIA through negotiations with investors in each Fund, and the offering documents, the Organizational Documents and the Advisory Agreement of each Fund include further details on such fees, compensation and related matters. In addition, it is contemplated that certain Funds will issue multiple classes of shares or units (or other forms of Fund interests) to investors and that these different classes of shares or units (or other forms of Fund interests) could have different rights, benefits, powers, duties or terms, including (without limitation) with respect to fees, distributions and liquidity.

Expenses

The following is a list of expenses that are typically borne by the Funds (and indirectly by the investors in the Funds). This list is not intended to be exhaustive; prospective and existing investors in the Funds are advised to review the applicable Fund offering materials and Organizational Documents for a more extensive description of the expenses associated with an investment in the Funds and for any limitations that may apply with respect to certain kinds of expenses listed herein. Subject to the limitations set forth in the Organizational Documents, costs, expenses and charges specifically attributed or allocated by BPIA and its affiliates to the Funds may exceed what would be paid to an unaffiliated third party for substantially similar services.

- Legal fees, costs and expenses for and/or relating to legal counsel (including compensation and benefits costs specifically charged, allocated or attributed by the General Partner and/or BPIA or its affiliates to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities with respect to in-house attorneys to provide transactional legal and related tax advice and/or planning and/or services to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities on matters related to potential or actual investments and transactions);

- Fees, costs and expenses for and/or relating to tax advisors, accountants, auditors, administrative agents, paying agents, advisors (including senior advisors), consultants, fund administrators, depositaries and custodians, investment bankers, operating partners, prime brokers and other third-party service providers or professionals;
- Valuation costs;
- Regulatory filing fees and expenses of the Funds, including, but not limited to, compliance with U.S. federal and state securities laws and international laws, such as the AIFMD (including any costs associated with the AIFMD marketing passport), including amounts required to be paid to the managing general partner of any Funds domiciled in Luxembourg pursuant to local tax law requirements, the European Union Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation and any other applicable legislation or regulations related to the European Commission's Action Plan on Financing Sustainable Growth ("SFDR") or the Cayman Islands Private Funds Law;
- Administrative fees, including the Administration Fee (including in-house administration/accounting costs, expenses and/or charges, including overhead related thereto (see "Other Blackstone Business Activities" in Item 10 below)), to the extent applicable, provided that the fees, costs and expenses of administrative services provided with respect to the Administration Fee will not be duplicated as Fund expenses;
- Organizational, administrative, governance and compliance services expenses associated with operating the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, such as filing fees, legal costs and expenses (including expenses of preparing, reviewing and negotiating the partnership agreement, side letters, placement agent arrangements, documentation of third-party sponsored feeders, and other related organizational documents);
- Expenses of offering shares, interests and/or units of any Fund (including expenses associated with updating the offering materials, expenses associated with printing such materials, expenses associated with subscriptions and repurchases, and travel expenses relating to the ongoing offering of shares, interests and units of any Fund);
- Expenses relating to BPIA's or a Fund's (including any Portfolio Entities' or the affiliated alternative investment fund manager's) ongoing administrative, governance and legal and/or compliance services and/or related matters and reporting obligations, such as diligencing placement agents, monitoring their activities for compliance with placement agent agreements and administering and monitoring compliance with any side letters (if any) entered into with Fund limited partners (including the process of distributing and implementing applicable elections pursuant to any "most-favored-nations" clauses in side letters, and costs and expenses of any service providers retained in connection therewith), costs and expenses incurred preparing materials to facilitate the ongoing compliance with the Organizational Documents and side letters (including compliance operating manuals, investor trackers, Organizational Documents and side letter

summaries, and other related documentation, as applicable), regulatory filings or disclosure or reporting obligations relating to the Funds' activities, including, without limitation, (i) expenses relating to the preparation and filing of Form PF, reports and other filings pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Form ADV, reports and notices to be filed with the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC"), the Luxembourg supervisory authority, the *Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier* (the "CSSF"), or other Luxembourg authorities, reports, filings, disclosures and notices prepared in connection with the laws and/or regulations of jurisdictions in which a Fund, or any parallel, feeder or aggregator fund thereof (each, a "Parallel Entity"), engages in activities, including any notices, reports and/or filings required under the AIFMD, the European Union Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation and any other applicable legislation or regulations related to the SFDR, the Cayman Islands Private Funds Law and any related regulations, or the laws and/or regulations of jurisdictions in which a Fund or any Parallel Entity engages in activities and/or any other regulatory filings, notices or disclosures of BPIA and/or its affiliates relating to the Funds, any Parallel Entities and their activities, including costs and expenses of collecting and calculating data and preparation of regular reports to be filed with European Economic Area member states, and preparing materials and coordinating meetings of the board of directors of a Fund, if applicable, and (ii) compensation, overhead (including rent, office equipment and utilities) and other expenses incurred, charged or specifically attributed or allocated by BPIA or its affiliates to provide administrative and/or accounting services to the Funds and Parallel Entities or any of their respective Portfolio Entities (including but not limited to legal and compliance, finance, accounting, operations, investor relations, tax, valuation and internal audit personnel and other non-investment professionals that provide services to a Fund), and expenses, fees, charges and/or related costs incurred by the Funds or BPIA or its affiliates in connection with such provision of administrative and/or accounting services to the Funds;

- Costs, fees and expenses of third-party directors and officers;
- Consultant, senior advisor, operating advisor, executive and entrepreneur expenses (including sustainability consultants) (See "Advisors, Consultants and Partners" in Item 10 below) and the expenses of investment bankers.
- Expenses relating to Freedom of Information Act and similar requests;
- Brokerage commissions, hedging costs, prime brokerage fees, custodial expenses, clearing and settlement charges and other investment costs, fees and expenses actually incurred in connection with making, holding, settling, monitoring or disposing of actual investments (including, without limitation, any costs or expenses relating to currency conversion in the case of investments denominated in a currency other than U.S. dollars);

- The cost of borrowings, guarantees and other financing or derivative transactions (including interest, fees, related legal expenses and arrangement expenses), bank fees, expenses of loan servicers and other service providers;
- Expenses and fees (including compensation costs) charged or specifically attributed or allocated by BPIA or its affiliates for data management and data-related services (e.g., data analytics and statistical modeling) provided to the Portfolio Entities or the Funds (including in connection with prospective investments);
- Expenses associated with the investigation (to the extent permitted by applicable law), settlement, development, negotiation, acquisition, holding, monitoring and disposition of the Funds and/or investments, as applicable, including, without limitation, any due diligence-related expenses (including all fees, costs and expenses (including those of third parties) incurred in connection with the diligencing, establishment, implementation, assessment, attestation, monitoring and/or measurement of the Sustainability-related programs and initiatives with respect to a Fund (including all fees, costs and expenses incurred in connection with tracking and procurement tools, engineering, energy, land, seismic, geographical or geological reporting tools, climate risk and resiliency assessments, inventories and reduction evaluations, greenhouse gas emissions assessments (including financed emissions), Sustainability metrics assessments, diversity and inclusion assessments, emissions reduction analysis, Sustainability materiality assessment, Sustainability reporting strategy and guidance, Sustainability fund report, Sustainability capital targeting research, and any other such assessments, measurements, advice, verification, assurance or reports prepared on, conducted as part of implementing, monitoring, standardizing, disclosing and maintaining such programs, to the extent implemented)), brokerage, custody or hedging costs and travel and related expenses, and including any expenses incurred in connection with due diligence visits (i) by the General Partner and/or BPIA to third-party service providers (including fund administrators), (ii) by the General Partner and/or BPIA or any investor to any Portfolio Entities or portfolio assets and (iii) by the General Partner to any investor;
- Fees, costs and expenses related to the organization or maintenance of any entity (including intermediate entities or other vehicles) used to acquire, hold or dispose of any one or more investment(s) or otherwise facilitating the Funds' investment activities, including without limitation any travel and accommodation expenses related to such entity, fees paid to any service providers of such entities (including BEFM, BX Fund Services Luxembourg and any other affiliates of Blackstone) and the salary and benefits of any personnel (including personnel of BPIA or its affiliates) reasonably necessary and/or advisable for the maintenance and operation of such entity (including, to the extent applicable, the salary and compensation of personnel of any Luxembourg, Irish or Cayman Islands entities formed in connection with the Funds' activities and the meetings

of officers or directors of such entities or their general partners) and costs and expenses associated with the leasing of office space (including, without limitation, rent and refurbishment costs) and Blackstone's activities (e.g., the appointment of new managers for such entities in Luxembourg, Ireland or the Cayman Islands), or other overhead expenses in connection therewith;

- Expenses associated with the Funds' compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Organizational, offering and operating expenses of the Funds' feeder vehicles to the extent not paid by such vehicles or their partners;
- Any taxes, fees, costs of obtaining non-U.S. tax receipts or other governmental charges levied against the Funds and all expenses incurred in connection with any tax audit, investigation (to the extent permitted by applicable law), settlement or review of the Funds;
- Expenses and fees of a Fund's board of directors, investor advisory committees, any third-party advisory committees, any independent representative of the Funds (as applicable), including director fees, as applicable or any Independent Client Representative (as defined below) (including accommodation, meal, event entertainment and other similar expenses in connection with any investor advisory committee meetings of and any legal counsel or other advisors of any investor advisory committees), and any annual meetings of the Funds, regardless of whether all Fund investors are invited to such meetings (including reasonable accommodation, meal, travel, entertainment and other similar expenses of the Fund investors in connection with such meetings);
- Expenses associated with auditing, research, reporting, printing, publishing and technology, including, without limitation, news and quotation equipment and services, preparation, printing and delivery of the Funds' periodic reports and related statements (including periodic notices, communications, financial statements, tax returns (including any tax returns or filings required to be made by the Funds in any jurisdictions in which any unitholders are resident or established) and K-1s (to the extent applicable)) in respect of the Funds and their activities;
- Expenses relating to developing and maintaining AI Technologies (including but not limited to costs of professional service providers, subscriptions and related software and hardware, server infrastructure and hosting, internal Blackstone expenses, fees, charges and/or related costs incurred, charged or specifically attributed or allocated (based on methodologies determined by Blackstone) to the Funds in connection with such AI Technologies).
- Costs, fees and/or expenses associated with responding to information requests from unitholders and other persons;
- Costs and expenses of technology service providers and related software/hardware (including those that analyze operational improvements as a part of due diligence or

otherwise utilized in connection with the Funds' investments) and market data and research utilized in connection with the Funds' investment and operational activities (including internal expenses, charges and / or related costs incurred, charged or specifically attributed or allocated (based on methodologies determined by Blackstone) to the Funds, BPIA or its affiliates in connection with such provision of services thereby);

- Costs, charges, expenses and fees for obtaining and maintaining technology (including, for certain Funds, the costs of any professional service providers, subscriptions and related software/hardware, internal expenses, charges and/or related costs incurred, charged or specifically attributed or allocated (based on methodologies determined by Blackstone) by the Funds, BPIA or their affiliates in connection with such provision of technology services, including, without limitation, costs and expenses of technology consultants and service providers and related software/hardware/SaaS and server infrastructure and hosting (including service providers and related software/hardware that analyze operational improvements as a part of due diligence or otherwise utilized in connection with the Funds' investments or utilized in connection with reporting and communication to the limited partners) (including, for example, Investor Reporting, HedgeHog, HedgeSphere, iLevel, Niagara/HRM, 73 Strings, Investran, LemonEdge and any replacements and/or substitutes thereof) and market data and research and subscriptions);
- Expenses related to unconsummated investments (i.e. broken deal expenses) (see "Broken Deal Expenses" in Item 10 below) and including to the extent not reimbursed by a third party and to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, all third-party and internal expenses incurred by an Other Blackstone Client in connection with such proposed Investment, where such proposed Investment is not ultimately made by the Other Blackstone Client but is made by the Funds, or in connection with such proposed disposition, where such proposed disposition is not actually consummated by the Other Blackstone Client but is consummated by the Funds;
- Expenses relating to the maintenance of any website, data room or communication medium used in relation to the Funds (including for the hosting of constitutional documents or any other documents to be communicated to investors, prospective investors or third parties);
- Expenses and any placement fees payable to a placement agent or financial intermediary in respect of the subscription by investors admitted through a placement agent or financial intermediary (to the extent such fees or expenses are not borne by such investors directly);
- Expenses for accounting and audit services (including valuation support services), account management services, corporate secretarial services, data management services, compliance with data privacy/protection policies and regulation, directorship services,

information technology services, finance/budget services, human resources, judicial processes, legal services, operational services, risk management services, tax services, treasury services, loan management services, construction management services, asset/property management services, leasing services, transaction support services, transaction consulting services and other similar operational matters;

- Travel and entertainment expenses in connection with the Funds' organization, fundraising and investment activities (travel and related expenses described herein include, without limitation, first class and/or business class airfare (and/or private charter, where appropriate, such as when commercial equivalent travel is not available for the applicable itinerary), first class lodging, ground transportation, travel and premium meals (including, as applicable, closing dinners and mementos, cars and meals (outside normal business hours), social and entertainment events with actual or potential portfolio entity management and/or employees, customers, clients, borrowers, brokers and service providers) and related costs and expenses incidental thereto, including any expenses related to attending trade association and/or industry meetings, conferences or similar meetings), provided that travel and entertainment expenses in connection with a trip taken by employees of BPIA and/or a General Partner for purposes of multiple matters will generally be allocated to each such matter based on the time spent for each matter and then the resulting expenses will be allocated among the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or BPIA as otherwise set forth herein;
- All fees, costs and expenses associated with the developing, negotiating, acquiring, trading (including trading errors), settling, clearing, holding, monitoring and disposing of investments (including, without limitation, any legal, tax, administrative, accounting, advisory, sourcing, brokerage, custodial, depository, paying agent, hedging and consulting and other similar costs and expenses in connection therewith, including travel, entertainment and other similar costs and any costs and expenses in connection therewith, including any expenses related to attending trade association and/or industry meetings, conferences or similar meetings (including with prospective portfolio companies or other similar companies)) and any other costs and expenses associated with vehicles through which the Funds directly or indirectly participate in investments;
- Marketing, advertising, printing, wholesaling and other capital raising expenses (including travel, accommodation and other related expenses) associated with investor admission/subscription and investor related services and other similar costs (including the cost of (i) space to hold meetings with prospective investors relating to capital raising and marketing and (ii) appearing or speaking at events sponsored by financial advisers or other intermediaries (which in each case may be prorated among multiple Blackstone products to the extent they are covered at those meetings or events));

- Expenses of liquidating and forming the Funds and Parallel Entities (including any potential Parallel Entities that are not ultimately formed), or subsequent sub-funds;
- Expenses related to insurance procurement, brokerage, solutions and risk management services;
- To the extent permitted by applicable law, the costs and expenses of any investigation, litigation (including discovery requests), arbitration or settlement involving the Funds or entities in which a Fund holds an investment or otherwise relating to such investment and the amount of any judgments, fines, remediation or settlements paid in connection therewith, directors and officers, liability or other insurance (including title insurance) and indemnification (including advancement of any fees, costs or expenses to persons entitled to indemnification) or extraordinary expense or liability relating to the affairs of the Fund, in each case, to the extent such costs, expenses and amounts relate to claims or matters that are otherwise entitled to indemnification under applicable law;
- All fees, costs and expenses, if any, incurred by or on behalf of the Fund in developing, negotiating and structuring prospective or potential investments that are not ultimately made or a proposed disposition that is not actually consummated, including without limitation any legal, tax, accounting, travel, advisory, consulting, printing and other related costs and expenses and any liquidated damages, reverse termination fees and/or similar payments and commitment fees;
- The costs (including attorneys' fees) with respect to transfers of interests in the Funds, and potential transfers, that are not borne by the parties thereto;
- The start-up, wind-down and liquidation expenses related to Portfolio Entity service providers (and Portfolio Entities more generally) owned by the Funds, or an allocation of such expenses related to Portfolio Entity service providers (and Portfolio Entities more generally) used by the Funds and owned by Other Blackstone Clients; and
- To the extent not paid by a Parallel Entity or its investors, the fees, costs and expenses of any Parallel Entity (which fees, costs and expenses may be specially allocated to such Parallel Entity), including fees, costs and expenses as described herein applicable to such Parallel Entity. For the avoidance of doubt, the fees, costs and expenses of administrative services provided with respect to BPIA's portion of the AIFM and Administration Fee will not be duplicated as a Fund expense. The costs and expenses associated with the organization, offering and operation of any Parallel Entity may be apportioned to, and borne solely by, the investors participating in such Parallel Entity or be allocated among the Funds and any Parallel Entity as determined by BPIA in its reasonable discretion.
- Expenses relating to developing and maintaining AI Technologies (as defined herein) (including but not limited to costs of professional service providers, subscriptions and related software and hardware, server infrastructure and hosting, internal Blackstone expenses, fees, charges and/or related costs incurred, charged or specifically attributed

or allocated (based on methodologies determined by Blackstone) to the Funds, BPIA or their affiliates in connection with such AI Technologies).

Pursuant to the Organizational Documents of some Funds, BPIA or its affiliates have advanced the organizational and offering expenses of such Funds for a specified period of time following the date on which the Funds accepted third-party investors and began investment operations (the “Effective Date”). The applicable Funds will each reimburse BPIA or its affiliates in installments over a period of up to 60 months from the Effective Date. BPIA or its affiliates have also advanced in its discretion all or a portion of the Fund expenses to be borne by a Fund in accordance with the terms of the Organizational Documents through the Effective Date. In such case, the Fund(s) will reimburse BPIA or its affiliates for such advanced initial funds expenses support in installments over the 60 month period following the Effective Date.

Additionally, in connection with a public health emergency like the COVID-19 pandemic, BPIA has determined in the past, and could in the future determine, in its discretion, that it is most effective and/or efficient to use private air and/or charter travel due to travel restrictions and/or health and safety considerations, including to and from locations where Blackstone personnel are currently living (even if different than where Blackstone has historically had offices). The cost of such private air or charter travel, which could be increased due to an epidemic, will be an expense of the Funds subject to and in accordance with Blackstone’s policies and operating documents. BPIA also may, as a result of an epidemic, determine to use alternative methods, including the use of technology, when sourcing and conducting due diligence on potential investments and monitoring of existing investments, and the expenses associated with such methods could be allocated to the Funds.

From time to time, the General Partners will be required to decide whether costs and expenses are to be borne by the Funds, on the one hand, or the relevant General Partner and BPIA, on the other, and whether certain costs and expenses should be allocated between or among a Fund, on the one hand, and Other Blackstone Clients on the other hand. Certain expenses may be suitable for only a particular Fund, feeder entity or participating Other Blackstone Client and borne only by such vehicle, or, as is more often the case, expenses may be allocated *pro rata* among each participating Other Blackstone Client and the Funds (or all such Funds in the case of expenses applicable to the Funds generally) even if the expenses relate only to particular vehicle(s) and/or investor(s) therein (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of any feeder entities and each of their respective alternative investment vehicles). Any entities established in connection with Blackstone’s side-by-side co-investment rights and any Other Blackstone Clients that co-invest alongside the Funds in investments (which, for the avoidance of doubt, are not considered “parallel funds” or “parallel vehicles” of the Funds) will generally not be required to bear any portion of the organizational expenses or any other non-investment

related Fund expenses (given that those other vehicles generally bear their own non-investment related expenses). If the expenses incurred in connection with a particular matter should be borne in part by the Funds and in part by BPIA (e.g., expenses incurred in connection with a meeting of the officers, managers or directors of any Luxembourg entity described above in which matters relating to the Funds' and/or a parallel fund's activities (e.g., matters relating to investments) and BPIA's activities (e.g., the appointment of new managers) are discussed), then such expenses will be allocated between the Funds and BPIA as determined by BPIA in good faith to be equitable. BPIA intends to generally allocate Fund expenses, including fund-level expenses of a Fund, any feeder entities and other parallel funds and alternative investment vehicles, and organizational expenses of such Fund, any feeder entities and the parallel funds between or among such Fund, any feeder entities, the parallel funds, and each of their respective alternative investment vehicles, as applicable, on a *pro rata* basis based on total subscriptions, net asset value, capital commitments, invested capital or available capital, as applicable, but may in certain circumstances allocate such expenses in a different manner if BPIA determines in good faith that doing so is more equitable or appropriate under the circumstances. This will, in certain cases, result in such Fund bearing a portion of certain fund-level expenses and/or organizational expenses attributable to feeder entities and/or another parallel fund that are not directly connected to such Fund and its activities, including expenses incurred in connection with either such Fund's or a feeder entity's or parallel fund's legal, tax and regulatory compliance with any U.S. or non-U.S. law or regulation (including, without limitation, reports, disclosures, registration and other filings and notifications prepared in accordance with the laws of any such jurisdiction (including, but not limited to, those expenses for AIFMD and SFDR)). In addition, while the aggregate amount of capital contributions to be made by the partners for Fund expenses will generally be allocated among the partners based upon each of their capital account balance, total subscriptions or unused capital commitments, as applicable, or with respect to Fund expenses directly and solely attributable to an investment, their interests in such investment, BPIA may in certain circumstances allocate such expenses in a different manner if BPIA determines in good faith that doing so is more equitable or appropriate under the circumstances (for example, if a Fund expense is directly attributable to the status of a particular partner or group of partners). For example, certain expenses may be incurred by or on behalf of a Fund, feeder entities, parallel funds, other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and will be allocated among such Fund and such feeder entities, parallel funds, other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients by BPIA in its good faith reasonable discretion, including, in the case of travel, based on estimated time spent with respect to the business of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable), any amounts required to be funded by investors participating in feeder entities (or withheld from their distributions by the General Partners) to satisfy their share of expenses of any such feeder entities will not reduce (or be deemed to reduce) limited partners' unpaid capital commitment, as applicable, unless otherwise agreed by

the General Partners in their sole discretion. With respect to broken deal expenses, the Funds and Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment vehicles (as applicable) will generally be required to bear their *pro rata* portion of broken deal expenses in accordance with the amount they were expected to invest in the unconsummated deal. Any such broken deal expenses could, in the sole discretion of BPIA, be allocated solely to the applicable Funds and not to Other Blackstone Clients or co-investment vehicles that could have made the relevant investment, even when the Other Blackstone Client or co-investment vehicle commonly invests alongside the Funds in its investments or Blackstone or Other Blackstone Clients in their investments (including such standing co-invest vehicles). In such cases, the Funds' shares of expenses would increase. In the event broken deal expenses are allocated to an Other Blackstone Client or a co-investment vehicle, BPIA or applicable Funds will, in certain circumstances, advance such fees and expenses without charging interest until paid by the Other Blackstone Client or co-investment vehicle, as applicable. (See "Broken Deal Expenses" in Item 10 below.) Certain co-investment vehicles however, or certain potential co-investors who might have invested in a transaction had it been consummated will not be allocated any share of such break-up or topping fees or broken deal expenses, such as potential investors in co-investment structures relating to a specific investment where the legally binding agreements relating to such co-investment are not executed until the time of the deal closing, unless the applicable General Partner determines otherwise in its discretion or as may be set forth in the relevant operative agreements. Further, any fees and expenses incurred in connection with the organization of a co-investment vehicle (including fees and expenses related to negotiating the governing documents of such co-investment vehicle as well as fees and expenses described above) that is expected to invest alongside the Funds in an investment are expected to be borne by the Funds to the extent such co-investment vehicle does not ultimately make such investment, whether or not such investment is consummated by the Funds. The General Partners will make such allocation judgments in its fair and reasonable discretion, notwithstanding its interest in the outcome, and may make corrective allocations should they determine that such corrections are necessary or advisable. There can be no assurance that a different manner of allocation would not result in the Funds or an Other Blackstone Client bearing less (or more) expenses. The Funds may incur fees, costs and/or expenses that will not always be directly related to a specific potential investment and may be more general in nature, for example those focused on specific industry sectors. Such fees, costs and/or expenses are initially expected to be allocated to the Funds as Fund expenses, notwithstanding the fact that such fees, costs and/or expenses or related services could directly or indirectly inure to the benefit of Blackstone, its affiliates, their personnel or Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities, in addition to or in lieu of, the Funds. To the extent that such fees, costs and/or expenses are specific to a particular investment (such as due diligence costs), and such investment is ultimately consummated in whole or in part by one or more Other Blackstone Clients, the General Partners expect to allocate a portion of such fees, costs and/or

expenses attributable to such investment that would otherwise be borne by the Funds to the Other Blackstone Clients ultimately consummating such investment. Additionally, to the extent a potential investment is formally allocated to an Other Blackstone Client by a determination of the Allocation Committee (as defined below) or Investment Committee, as the case may be, instead of the Funds, and such investment is not ultimately consummated, such Other Blackstone Client is expected to bear the portion of such fees, costs and/or expenses attributable to such potential investment (it being understood that to the extent no such formal allocation decision has been made, the Funds will bear the portion of the retainer attributable to such potential investment). (See “Broken Deal Expenses” in Item 10 herein.) The formal allocation decision is typically made shortly prior to signing or committing to an investment but may be altered from time to time prior to making the investment and could result in substantial amounts of broken deal expenses being borne by the Funds. Conflicts exist in the allocation of the costs and benefits of these arrangements, and limited partners rely on the General Partners to handle them in its sole discretion, and there can be no assurance that the General Partners will resolve such conflicts of interest in a manner that is favorable to the limited partners or the Funds.

In addition, Blackstone provides strategic support services to third-party fund managers in which GP Stakes Funds (as defined below) invest, including, without limitation, client development, fundraising, marketing, strategy, product development, human resources (HR) / talent management and other operational assistance and value creation (as provided in the constituent documents of the GP Stakes Funds). Expenses associated with such services, including the allocation of the compensation and benefits of the strategic support personnel performing such services, is allocated between GP Stakes Funds, the GP Stakes Funds investment adviser and/or an affiliate thereof, as determined by the GP Stakes Funds investment adviser in good faith in accordance with its strategic support expense policy. In connection with a Fund investment made in a third-party fund manager through or alongside GP Stakes Funds or a GP Stakes Funds -related vehicle, the Fund could be required to bear, directly or indirectly, a portion of the expenses associated with the strategic support services provided to such third-party fund manager.

Item 6 – Performance-Based Fees and Side-By-Side Management

In addition to the Management Fees, Administration Fee and other fees described in Item 5 that are received by BPIA, the General Partner (or, where applicable, a special limited partner) of each Fund (or, where applicable, a subsidiary thereof) receives performance-based compensation from each Fund (or, where applicable, a subsidiary thereof) with respect to each investor. As further described in the applicable Organizational Documents and subject to further amendment or change, the amount of performance-based compensation for the BXPE Funds is equal to 12.5% of total return, subject to a 5% annual hurdle amount and a high water mark with 100% catch-up. The performance-based compensation is measured on an annualized basis, paid quarterly and accrues monthly (subject to pro-rating for partial periods) and is calculated based on any appreciation (including unrealized appreciation) of such Fund's investment portfolio, subject to loss carryforward provisions, taking into account any distributions made to investors over the applicable period. With respect to certain open-end Funds, the General Partner (or, where applicable, a special limited partner) of each such Fund (or, where applicable, a subsidiary thereof) may elect to receive the performance-based compensation in cash, shares or units of such Fund or its subsidiaries and/or other related entities (where applicable). If the performance-based compensation is paid in such shares or units, such shares and/or units may be redeemed at the recipient's request and may be subject to the volume limitations that apply to redemptions under the applicable Fund's Organizational Documents but will not be subject to any applicable early redemption fees under such Organizational Documents.

The General Partner (or, where applicable, a special limited partner) will generally receive a percentage of the amount of cumulative net profits that may otherwise have been distributable to an investor with respect to any particular investment (as set forth in the applicable Fund's Organizational Documents). Such allocation of profits is only allocated to such General Partner when specific conditions are met, including, in the case of distributions of disposition proceeds, the return to each of the investors of an aggregate amount equal to all capital contributed to the applicable Fund by such investor for realized investments and any writedowns (or net writedowns in certain cases) on unrealized investments, fees and expenses allocable to such investments and, with respect to distributions of disposition proceeds from certain investments and, with respect to certain investors, the receipt of a preferred return on such amounts. The Organizational Documents for a closed-end Fund (if applicable) may permit either the General Partner of a Fund or the investors of a Fund to elect for the General Partner to receive a percentage of the performance-based compensation due to Blackstone with respect to that investment (assuming the investment were sold, at that time, for fair market value) prior to disposition of the investment.

The Funds may declare distributions from time to time as authorized by the General Partners, as applicable. Any distributions the Fund makes are at the discretion of the General Partner of such Fund, considering factors such as earnings, cash flow, capital needs, taxes and general financial condition and the requirements of applicable law. As a result, the Funds' distribution rates and payment frequency may vary from time to time. There is no assurance the Funds will pay distributions in any particular amount, if at all. Shareholders or unitholders of record as of the record date will be eligible for distributions declared. The per share or unit amount of distributions on each class of shares or units ("Class") may differ if different class-specific fees and expenses are deducted from the gross distributions for each Class.

The fact that BPIA's affiliates are in part compensated based on the performance of the Funds creates a greater incentive for a General Partner to make more speculative investments on behalf of a Fund, or, where applicable, time the purchase or sale of investments in a manner motivated by the personal interest of Blackstone personnel, than if such performance-based compensation did not exist. However, investments by Blackstone and/or its personnel in the Funds and/or the Other Blackstone Clients alongside which the Funds invest (see Item 8 – "Investment Strategies" below), where applicable, should reduce the incentives to make more speculative investments or, where applicable, time the sale of investments based on considerations related to performance-based compensation.

As described in Item 5, Blackstone Investors are not expected to be subject to management fees or other performance-based compensation in connection with their investments in Other Blackstone Clients which invest alongside (including through Blackstone's side-by-side investment program, as further described below) a Fund.

In addition, as described in Item 4, BPIA may, in the future, provide investment advisory services to one or more pooled investment vehicles that will be registered investment companies under the Investment Company Act or regulated as BDCs under the Investment Company Act and that will pursue an investment strategy substantially similar to that pursued by the BXPE Funds. Such vehicles may not pay performance-based fees to BPIA. As such, certain conflicts of interest could arise from BPIA's side-by-side management of such vehicles and the BXPE Funds.

Item 7 – Types of Clients

BPIA manages the Funds. The Funds' investors may consist of some or all of the following:

- High net worth individuals
- Banks and other financial institutions
- Insurance companies
- Investment companies
- Public and private retirement and pension plans
- Public and private profit-sharing plans
- Trusts and estates
- Charitable organizations and foundations, including endowment funds thereof
- State and municipal government agencies
- Sovereign wealth funds
- Private investment funds
- Corporations
- Business entities other than those listed above
- Family offices

All Fund investors are subject to applicable suitability requirements (e.g., minimum net worth thresholds), which could vary depending on the jurisdiction in which an investor is located. The General Partners of the Funds generally require that each investor in the Funds (a) be (i) an “accredited investor” as defined in Regulation D under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and (ii) a “qualified purchaser” as defined in Section 2(a)(51) of the Investment Company Act, and/or (b) meet other suitability requirements, such as those for Retail Investors as defined by Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments and amending Directives 2002/92/EC and 2011/61/EU. For example, in the case of a Fund organized in a jurisdiction outside the United States, any non-U.S. investor in the Fund could be required to represent that the investor is not a U.S. Person as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act. Prospective investors in a Fund should review the Organizational Documents of that Fund for more specific information regarding the particular suitability requirements applicable to investors in that Fund.

In addition, as described in Item 4, BPIA may, in the future, provide investment advisory services to one or more pooled investment vehicles that will be registered investment companies under the Investment Company Act or regulated as BDCs under the Investment Company Act. The investor suitability requirements applicable to such vehicles will likely be different than those applicable to the BXPE Funds that are not regulated under the Investment Company Act.

Generally, investors must invest a minimum dollar amount as determined in the applicable General Partner's sole discretion. The General Partner reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to waive the minimum dollar amount.

All potential BXPE Fund investors are also subject to certain compliance procedures (including anti-money laundering procedures) prior to acceptance of any subscription to any BXPE Fund.

Item 8 – Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies and Risk of Loss

Investment Strategies

The BXPE Funds seek to deliver medium- to long-term capital appreciation and, to a lesser extent, generate modest current income. The BXPE Funds primarily focus on privately negotiated, equity-oriented investments (“Private Equity Investments”), diversified across geographies and sectors. The Funds seek to provide access to and leverage the talent and investment capabilities of Blackstone’s private equity platform (the “PE Platform”) to create an attractive portfolio of diversified, alternative investments. The key strategies of the PE Platform include:

- **Corporate Private Equity** - Corporate private equity investments include control and control-oriented investments in companies with durable businesses. These strategies invest across sectors, industries and geographies, with a focus on business quality, cash flow and actively improving the operations of companies.
- **Opportunistic** - Opportunistic investments include investment opportunities across a wide range of asset classes, sectors, industries, geographies and places in the capital structure. These are typically structured as preferred and structured equity investments, asset purchases or contractual arrangements that generate a yield with a focus on downside protection and less volatile returns.
- **Secondaries** - Secondary investments (transactions in limited partner interests in private funds in the secondary market) include transactions across traditional limited partner secondaries as well as general partner or sponsor-led secondaries. Traditional limited partner transactions include secondary market purchases of limited partner interests in mature private funds from original holders seeking liquidity across diverse portfolios. General partner-led transactions include, among other things, secondary transactions involving partial portfolios, fund continuation vehicles, recapitalizations, preferred equity and other structured solutions.
- **Growth** - Growth-oriented investments include investments in businesses that are growing and looking to further accelerate that growth to achieve market leading positions in their respective sectors. These strategies apply a thematic approach to investing across secular growth trends.

The BXPE Funds primarily invest in Private Equity Investments, consisting of:

- investments in companies and other private assets, directly or through intermediate entities (“Direct Investments”);
- secondary market purchases of existing investments in established funds managed by Blackstone affiliates or third-party managers (“Secondary Investments”); and

- capital commitments to commingled, blind pool investment funds managed by Blackstone or funds managed by third-party managers (“Primary Commitments”).

To a lesser extent, the BXPE Funds also invest in debt and other securities, including but not limited to loans, debt securities, public equities, interests in collateralized debt obligation and loan obligation vehicles, derivatives, money market instruments, cash and cash equivalents (“Debt and Other Securities”, and together with investments in Direct Investments, Secondary Investments and Primary Commitments, the “Investments”). Debt and Other Securities are expected to be used to generate income, facilitate capital deployment and provide a potential source of liquidity.

The Funds employ Blackstone’s thematic, sector-based approach to private equity investing with a focus on transactions where its scale, brand and/or operating intervention capabilities will create competitive advantages for the BXPE Funds. In managing the BXPE Funds’ Direct Investments, Blackstone intends to remain a disciplined, value-oriented investor engaged in building portfolio companies by supporting management teams and business plans, improving operations, providing access to the Blackstone ecosystem, and evaluating and participating in follow-on investments to support growth.

In pursuing its investment strategy, the BXPE Funds make commitments to or invest alongside Blackstone investment vehicles, managed accounts or other Blackstone affiliates (including entities in existence as of the date hereof, those that may be formed in the future), which are expected to include one or more side-by-side investment vehicles and co-investment vehicles, or Third-Party Vehicles.

BPIA’s investment analysis methods include fundamental, technical and cyclical research. At the core of BPIA’s investment strategy is a rigorous investment origination, selection and investment decision process with considerable emphasis on monitoring and reporting the performance of the ongoing investment portfolio. BPIA’s investment review and monitoring process—from the initial identification of an investment opportunity, to the final investment decision, through to ultimate monetization—is a disciplined approach designed to screen out transactions with excessive risk, actively monitor investments and capitalize on opportunities to maximize valuation upon exit.

As mentioned above, the BXPE Funds seek to access proprietary deal flow from Blackstone’s leading private assets businesses across Corporate Private Equity, Opportunistic, Secondaries and Growth. Along this line, BPIA’s investment process, including the features detailed herein, will typically be in collaboration with Blackstone’s various other business units and will leverage the respective investment processes of those business units.

The following is a general outline of our investment process, from sourcing to final approval:

Sourcing

The PE Platform proactively originates and screens hundreds of potential investments annually, encompassing many sectors as well as niche sub-sectors where fewer firms have expertise. BPIA anticipates that the PE Platform teams will directly originate investment opportunities arising out of the market.

Due Diligence

Members of the investment teams within the PE Platform are responsible for selecting, evaluating, structuring, diligencing, negotiating, executing, managing and exiting direct investments, as well as pursuing potential operational improvements and value creation initiatives. The hallmark of Blackstone's approach to investment selection is to rigorously investigate an investment opportunity in order to quantify the potential investment's relative risks and rewards.

Investment Committee

Across the PE Platform, the key findings of the underlying team's due diligence, investment thesis, concerns, value-added business plan and corresponding detailed financial estimates and key sensitivities are compiled in a comprehensive memorandum that forms the basis for a discussion by the relevant investment committees for each of the respective business units in the PE Platform. The BXPE Investment Committee assesses the quality of due diligence, business models, valuations and risks on both a deal-specific and comparative basis. For shared deals, the relevant investment committee of the underlying business unit makes the final decision regarding each investment for that underlying business unit, including the binding bid valuation, key terms, and tactics. The BXPE Investment Committee ensures that investments led by Other Blackstone Clients and shared with the BXPE Funds are consistent with the BXPE Funds' investment mandates and the portfolio allocation described herein.

The BXPE Investment Committee process involves a consensus-based approach to decision-making among committee members. The power to, among other things, grant approval for the Funds to acquire a particular investment, finance or refinance any new or existing investment or dispose of an existing investment may be delegated to a sub-committee of the BXPE Investment Committee and may be further delegated to particular investment professionals and/or other Blackstone professionals.

The BXPE Funds are expected to leverage the various investment, asset management, portfolio operations, finance, and legal and compliance professionals located around the globe providing expertise to the PE Platform.

BPIA may, in the future, advise other Funds that utilize a different investment process than that described herein.

Risk of Loss:

An investment in a BXPE Fund entails a significant degree of risk and therefore should be undertaken only by investors capable of evaluating the risks of an investment in such BXPE Fund and bearing the risks such investments represent. Set forth below is a non-exhaustive list of such risks (some of which may not apply to a particular BXPE Fund):

1. No Assurance of Investment Return
2. Limited Operating History
3. Performance Information
4. Lack of Management Rights; Reliance on BPIA
5. Role of Investment Professionals
6. Broad Investment Mandate
7. Highly Competitive Market for Investment Opportunities; Operators and Other Investors
8. General Economic and Market Conditions
9. Financial Market Fluctuations; Availability of Financing
10. Inflation
11. Economic, Political and Social Risks
12. Regional Risk; Interdependence of Markets
13. Trade Policy
14. Terrorist Activities
15. Natural Disasters
16. Weather and Climatological Risks
17. Corruption Risk; FCPA
18. Privatization
19. Foreign Investment Controls
20. Foreign Capital Controls
21. Legal Framework and Corporate Governance
22. Accounting, Disclosure and Regulatory Standards
23. Investments in Emerging Markets and the Asia Pacific Region

24. United Kingdom Relations with the European Union
25. Data Protection Regulations
26. China
27. India
28. Bankruptcy
29. Conflicts of Interest Associated with the Allocation of Investment Opportunities Among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients
30. Co-Investment Opportunities
31. Investments in Open Market Purchases; Publicly Traded Securities
32. Convertible Securities
33. Illiquid and Long-Term Investments
34. Non-Controlling Investments; Investments with Third Parties
35. Investments in Less Established Companies
36. Growth Investments
37. Investments Outside the United States Generally
38. Investments in Junior Securities
39. Investments in Regulated Industries
40. Future Investment Techniques and Instruments
41. Investments in the Life Sciences Industry
42. Venture Capital Investments
43. Investments in Certain Other Sectors and/or Industries
44. Development and Regulatory Risk
45. Certain Healthcare Reform Measures
46. Environmental Matters
47. Climate Change Risk
48. Sustainability Risks
49. Governmental Action Risk
50. CFIUS and other Similar Non-U.S. Regulatory Regimes

51. Hong Kong National Security Law
52. Force Majeure Risk
53. Epidemics/Pandemics
54. Public Health Emergencies
55. Russian Invasion of Ukraine/Sanctions
56. Material Non-Public Information
57. Availability of Insurance Against Certain Catastrophic Losses
58. Credit Support
59. “Platform” Investments; Additional Capital Requirements
60. Adequacy of Reserves; Participation in Follow-On Investments
61. Deployment of Capital
62. Sourcing and Payment of Distributions
63. Risks Relating to Due Diligence of Investments
64. Access to Information from Portfolio Entities
65. Reliance on Portfolio Entity Management and Third Parties
66. Outsourcing
67. Risks in Effecting Operating Improvements
68. Portfolio Entity Liabilities; Additional Risks Arising from Owning Controlling Interests in Portfolio Entities
69. Risks from Operations of Other Portfolio Entities
70. Volatility of Credit Markets Can Affect Ability to Finance and Consummate Investments
71. Bridge Financings
72. Leverage
73. Line of Credit with Blackstone Affiliate
74. Securitizations; NAV Facilities and Other Back Leverage; Holding Vehicles
75. Preferred Financing; Margin Loans
76. Foreign Currency and Exchange Rate Risks
77. Risks Associated with the Euro

78. Potential Collapse of the Euro
79. Hedging Risks/Derivatives
80. Risk of Limited Number of Investments; Lack of Diversification
81. Investments in Real Estate
82. Investment in Restructurings
83. Distressed Securities
84. Senior and Secured Debt
85. Subordinated Debt
86. Defaulted Securities
87. Equitable Subordination
88. CMBS
89. CLOs and Other Securitizations
90. Undervalued Investments
91. Infrastructure Investments
92. Derivatives; Counterparty Risk
93. Short Sales
94. Investments in Natural Resources and Energy
95. Liabilities on Disposition of Investments
96. Documentation and Legal Risks
97. Permits, Approvals, and Licenses
98. Legal, Tax, and Regulatory Risks
99. Antitrust Risk
100. Emerging Growth Company
101. OFAC and Sanctions Considerations
102. Derivatives; Registration under the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act
103. Financial Industry Regulation
104. Regulation with respect to Private Funds and Investment Advisers
105. Change of Law Risk

- 106. Litigation
- 107. FATCA
- 108. Possible Legislative or Other Developments
- 109. Changes in Tax Law
- 110. U.S. Federal Income Tax Legislation
- 111. Legislation Adversely Affecting Blackstone Employees and Other Service Providers
- 112. General Tax Considerations
- 113. Tax Liability
- 114. Phantom Income
- 115. Taxation in Certain Jurisdictions
- 116. Base Erosion, Profit Shifting and Related Measures
- 117. UBTI & ECI; Tax Treatment of the Feeder and Corporations
- 118. Use of Corporate Intermediate Entities
- 119. Risk Arising from Potential Control Group Liability
- 120. Cyber Security Breaches, Identity Theft, Denial of Service Attacks, Ransomware Attacks, and Social Engineering Attempts
- 121. Cybersecurity and Data Protection
- 122. Software Code Protection
- 123. Operational Risk
- 124. No Market for Units/Limited Partnership Interests; Restrictions on Transfers
- 125. Lack of Liquidity
- 126. Effect of Repurchase Requests
- 127. Valuations
- 128. Changes in Valuations and Related Conflicts of Interest
- 129. Limitations of NAV
- 130. Uncertainty of Estimates
- 131. Asset Manager in Certain Jurisdictions
- 132. Equity and Equity-Related Investments

- 133. Nature of Debt Securities
- 134. “Covenant-Lite” Obligations Risk
- 135. Convertible Securities
- 136. Investments in Certain Other Sectors and/or Industries
- 137. Technological, Scientific and Other Innovations
- 138. ERISA
- 139. Data
- 140. In-Kind Remuneration to BPIA and/or General Partner
- 141. Electronic Delivery of Certain Documents
- 142. Charitable Contributions and Political Activities
- 143. Intermediate Entities
- 144. Investment via Master-Feeder Structure
- 145. European Commission Action Plan on Financing Sustainable Growth
- 146. MiFID II Obligations
- 147. European Market Infrastructure Regulation
- 148. EU Risk Retention Requirements and Securitization Regulation
- 149. No Established Market for Secondary Investments; Limited Opportunities
- 150. Importance of Valuation and Acquisition Terms
- 151. Multiple Levels of Fees and Expense
- 152. Broken Deal Expenses
- 153. Investments in Fund Managers and Pooled Investment Vehicles
- 154. Third-Party Fund Manager Relationships Generally; Other Fees
- 155. Minority and Non-Control Investments in Third-Party Fund Managers and Third-Party Pooled Investment Vehicles; Dependence on Third-Party Fund Managers
- 156. General Risks Related to Investments in Third-Party Fund Managers and Third-Party Pooled Investment Vehicles
- 157. Misconduct and Regulatory Non-Compliance and Fund Reputation; Bad Acts of Third-Party Fund Managers, Employees, Portfolio Companies or Service Providers
- 158. Attractiveness to Third-Party Fund Managers of an Investment by the BXPE Funds

- 159. Risk of Certain Events Related to Blackstone
- 160. Expedited Transactions
- 161. Investments in the Life Sciences Industry
- 162. Insurance Investments
- 163. Investments in the Sports, Media and Entertainment Sectors
- 164. Digital Infrastructure Investments
- 165. Commodity Investments
- 166. Investments in the Technology Sector
- 167. Investments in the Financial Services Industry
- 168. Absence of Oversight Under the 1940 Act
- 169. New Market Structure Requirements Applicable to Derivatives
- 170. Position Limits
- 171. Pay-to-Play Laws, Regulations, and Policies
- 172. Cayman Islands Regulatory Oversight
- 173. Financial Industry Regulation
- 174. Publicly-Traded Partnership
- 175. Limitations on Deductions of Business Interest
- 176. Partnership Audit Legislation
- 177. ERISA and Plan Asset Regulations
- 178. Developing Global Data Security and Privacy Laws
- 179. Social Media and Publicity Risks
- 180. Investments Managed by Blackstone-Affiliated Asset Managers
- 181. Credit Facilities
- 182. Captive Insurance; Gryphon
- 183. Legal Interpretation
- 184. Disclosure of Information by the Sponsor
- 185. No Independent Advice
- 186. Progress toward Sustainability Goals

187. Legal Representation
188. Geopolitical Conflicts and Risk
189. Israel-Hamas War
190. U.S. Outbound Investment Security Program
191. Local Intermediary Risk
192. Australian Investment Structure and Regulatory Review
193. Proxy Statements, Investor Proposals and Other Matters
194. Custody and Banking Risks
195. Banking Sector Developments
196. Epidemics/Pandemics
197. Public Health Emergencies
198. Dependence on Patents, Trademarks and Other Intellectual Property
199. Effects of Ongoing Changes in the Utility Industry
200. Controlling Interests

Investors are advised to review the applicable Fund offering materials for a more extensive and detailed description of the applicable investment strategies and the risks of investing in such Fund.

Stock markets, bond markets and real estate markets fluctuate substantially over time and performance of any investment is not guaranteed. As a result, there is a risk of loss of value in the assets which BPIA manages that is not in BPIA's control. BPIA cannot guarantee any level of performance or that investors in the Funds will not experience a substantial or complete investment loss. There is no assurance that the Funds will be able to generate returns or that the returns will be commensurate with the risks inherent in their investment strategies. The marketability and value of any such investment will depend upon many factors beyond the control of BPIA and the Funds. The expenses of the Funds could exceed their income, and an investor in a Fund could lose the entire amount of its contributed capital. Therefore, an investor should only invest in a Fund as part of an overall investment strategy, and only if the investor can withstand a total loss of its investment. The past investment performance of the Funds cannot be taken to guarantee future results of the Funds or any investment in the Funds.

Inflation. Inflation in the U.S. remains above targeted levels and, despite recent interest rate cuts by the U.S. Federal Reserve, interest rates remain high generally. Other developed economies are similarly experiencing higher-than-normal inflation rates. It remains uncertain whether the

substantial inflation in the U.S. and other developed economies will be sustained over an extended period of time and how significantly it will impact the U.S. or other economies. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had in the past, and could in the future have, negative effects on economies and financial markets, particularly in emerging economies. For example, if a Portfolio Entity is unable to increase its revenue in times of higher inflation, its profitability will likely be adversely affected, including, without limitation, as a result of increased operating costs. Portfolio Entities could have revenues linked to some extent to inflation, including, without limitation, by government regulations and contractual arrangements. Nevertheless, as inflation rises, even if a Portfolio Entity earns more revenue, it will typically also incur higher expenses. Furthermore, as inflation declines, it is possible that a Portfolio Entity will not be able to reduce expenses commensurate with any resulting reduction in revenue. Additionally, wages and prices of inputs increase during periods of inflation, which can negatively impact returns on investments. In an attempt to stabilize inflation, certain countries have imposed and could continue to impose wage and price controls or otherwise intervene in the economy, and certain central banks have raised and could continue to raise interest rates.

Past governmental efforts to curb inflation have also involved more drastic economic measures that have had a materially adverse effect on the level of economic activity in the countries where such measures were employed, and similar governmental efforts could be taken in the future to curb inflation and could have similar effects. There can be no assurance that inflation will not become a more serious problem in the future and have a material adverse impact on the Funds' returns.

Banking Sector Developments. Events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance of contractual obligations or other adverse developments that affect financial institutions, transactional counterparties or other companies in the financial services industry or that affect the financial services industry generally, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds or other similar risks, have in the past led and could in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems. Notably, bank closures in the United States and Europe have caused uncertainty for financial services companies and fear of instability in the global financial system generally. UBS Group AG's acquisition of Credit Suisse Group AG and JPMorgan Chase Bank's assumption of all of First Republic Bank's deposits and substantially all of its assets, and any similar future developments, can be expected to also have other implications for broader economic and monetary policy, including interest rate policy, and could impact the financial condition of banks and other financial institutions globally. In addition, certain financial institutions – in particular, smaller and/or regional banks but also certain global systemically important banks – have experienced volatile stock prices and significant losses in their equity value, and there is concern that depositors at these institutions have withdrawn, or will withdraw in the future, significant sums from their accounts at these institutions. Notwithstanding intervention by governmental

agencies to stabilize the banking sector and to protect the uninsured depositors of banks that have recently closed, there is no guarantee that the uninsured depositors of a financial institution that closes (which depositors could include the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities) will be made whole or, even if made whole, that such deposits will become available for withdrawal in short order. There is a risk that other banks, or other financial institutions, will be similarly impacted, and it is uncertain what steps (if any) financial regulators and central banks would take in such circumstances. As a consequence, for example, the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities could be delayed or prevented from accessing money, making any required payments under their own debt or other contractual obligations (including making payroll obligations) or pursuing key strategic initiatives, and investors could be impacted in their ability to receive distributions. In addition, such bank failures or instability could affect, in certain circumstances, the ability of both affiliated and unaffiliated joint venture partners, lenders, co-lenders, syndicate lenders or other parties to undertake and/or execute transactions with the Funds, which in turn would result in fewer investment opportunities being made available to the Funds, result in shortfalls or defaults under existing investments, or impact the Funds' ability to provide additional follow-on support to Portfolio Entities. In addition, in the event that a financial institution that provides credit facilities and/or other financing to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities closes or experiences distress, there can be no assurance that such financial institution will honor its obligations or that the Funds or such Portfolio Entities will be able to secure replacement financing or capabilities at all or on similar terms and/or in a timely manner. See also "—Custody and Banking Risks" herein. Uncertainty caused by recent bank failures – and general concern regarding the financial health and outlook for other financial institutions – could have an overall negative effect on banking systems and financial markets generally. For the foregoing reasons, there can be no assurances that conditions in the banking sector and in global financial markets will not worsen and/or adversely affect the Funds, their Portfolio Entities or their respective financial performance.

Custody and Banking Risks. The Funds will maintain funds with one or more banks or other depository institutions ("Banking Institutions"), which include U.S. and non-U.S. Banking Institutions, and certain Funds will enter into credit facilities or have other financial relationships with Banking Institutions. The distress, impairment or failure of one or more Banking Institutions with whom the Funds, their Portfolio Entities and/or BPIA transact could inhibit the ability of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities to access depository accounts or lines of credit at all or in a timely manner. Also, there can be no assurance that such Banking Institutions will honor their obligations or that the Funds or their Portfolio Entities will be able to secure replacement financing or capabilities at all or on similar terms. In such cases, it is possible that the Funds would be forced to delay or forgo investments or to call capital when it is not desirable to do so, resulting in lower performance for the Funds. In the event of such a failure of a Banking Institution where the Fund or one or more of its Portfolio Entities holds depository accounts (including accounts used for depositing principal and interest payments from borrowers on loans owned by the

Fund), access to such accounts could be restricted and U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) protection will generally not be available for balances in excess of amounts insured by the FDIC (and similar considerations could apply to Banking Institutions in other jurisdictions not subject to FDIC protection). In such instances, it is possible that certain Funds and their affected Portfolio Entities would not recover such excess, uninsured amounts and instead, would only have an unsecured claim against the Banking Institution and participate pro rata with other unsecured creditors in the residual value of the Banking Institution’s assets. The loss of amounts maintained with a Banking Institution or the inability to access such amounts for a period of time, even if ultimately recovered, could be materially adverse to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities. One or more investors or BPIA could also be similarly affected and unable to fund capital calls, further delaying or deferring new investments. In addition, BPIA will not always be able to identify all potential solvency or stress concerns with respect to a Banking Institution or to transfer assets from one bank to another in a timely manner in the event a Banking Institution comes under stress or fails.

Additionally, there can be no assurances that the Funds or their Portfolio Entities will establish banking relationships with multiple financial institutions. The Funds and their Portfolio Entities are expected to be subject to contractual obligations to maintain all or a portion of their respective assets (including deposits) with a particular Banking Institution (including, without limitation, in connection with a credit facility or other financing transaction). Moreover, the Advisers Act custody rule generally prohibits BPIA from transferring Fund funds to an account of BPIA or its related persons. Circumstances could arise where such a bank shows signs of distress or impairment and Blackstone and Portfolio Entities would need to decide between (1) moving assets to another bank in breach of such contractual obligations or to an account of BPIA or its related persons in potential violation of the Advisers Act custody rule (thereby exposing the Funds or Portfolio Entities to breach of contract liability and/or regulatory risk), on the one hand, and (2) honoring the contractual obligations and adhering to the Advisers Act custody rule but running the risk of losing the assets, on the other hand. Either decision could have a material adverse effect on the Funds or Portfolio Entities.

Epidemics/Pandemics. Certain countries have been susceptible to epidemics, which can be designated as pandemics by world health authorities, most recently a novel and highly contagious form of coronavirus (“COVID-19”). The outbreak of such epidemics or pandemics, together with any resulting restrictions on travel or quarantines imposed, has had and could continue to have a negative impact on the economy and business activity globally (including in the countries in which the Funds invest), and thereby can be expected to adversely affect the performance of the Funds’ investments. Furthermore, the rapid development of epidemics or pandemics could preclude prediction as to their ultimate adverse impact on economic and market conditions, and, as a result, presents material uncertainty and risk with respect to the

Funds, the performance of their investments, Portfolio Entity operations, and the ability of the Funds to achieve their investment objectives.

Public Health Emergencies. From 2020 to 2022, in response to a novel and highly contagious form of coronavirus (“COVID-19”) pandemic, many countries instituted quarantine restrictions and took other measures to limit the spread of the virus. This resulted in labor shortages and disruption of supply chains and contributed to prolonged disruption of the global economy. A widespread reoccurrence of COVID-19 (including any new or variant outbreaks) or another pandemic or global health crisis could increase the possibility of periods of increased restrictions on business operations, labor shortages and disruption of supply chains, which could have a significant adverse impact on the Funds’ and Portfolio Entities’ business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity and prospective investments and exacerbate many of the other risks discussed herein.

In the event of another pandemic or global health crisis like the COVID-19 pandemic, Portfolio Entities could experience decreased revenues and earnings, which could adversely impact BPPIA’s ability to realize value from such investments and in turn reduce the Funds’ performance revenues. Investments in certain sectors, including hospitality, location-based entertainment, retail, travel, leisure and events, office and residential, and in certain geographies could be particularly negatively impacted, as was the case during the COVID-19 pandemic. Portfolio Entities could also face increased credit and liquidity risk due to volatility in financial markets, reduced revenue streams and limited access or higher cost of financing, which could result in potential impairment of the Funds’ investments. In addition, borrowers of loans, notes and other credit instruments in the credit funds’ portfolios could be unable to meet their principal or interest payment obligations or satisfy financial covenants, and tenants leasing real estate properties owned by the Fund could not be able to pay rents in a timely manner or at all, resulting in a decrease in value of the Funds’ credit and real estate investments. In the event of significant credit market contraction as a result of a pandemic or similar global health crisis, certain Funds could be limited in their ability to sell assets at attractive prices or in a timely manner in order to avoid losses and margin calls from credit providers. Such a contraction could cause investors to seek liquidity in the form of redemptions or repurchase of interests from the Funds, adversely impacting operations.

A pandemic or global health crisis can be expected to also pose enhanced operational risks. For example, Blackstone’s and/or its affiliates’ employees may become sick or otherwise unable to perform their duties for an extended period, and extended public health restrictions and remote working arrangements can be expected to impact employee morale, integration of new employees and preservation of Blackstone’s and/or its affiliates’ culture. Remote working environments could also be less secure and more susceptible to hacking attacks, including

phishing and social engineering attempts. Moreover, BPIA's third-party service providers could be impacted by an inability to perform due to pandemic-related restrictions or by failures of, or attacks on, their technology platforms. Additionally, restrictions on immigration and processing of visas and other work permits could affect the work force of the Funds' Portfolio Entities, some of which rely on foreign talent as an important part of their work force, which could have a material adverse impact on their ability to implement their business plans.

In connection with a public health emergency, BPIA could in the future determine, in its discretion, that it is most effective and/or efficient to use private air and/or charter travel due to travel restrictions and/or health and safety considerations, including to and from locations where BPIA's personnel are currently living (even if different than where BPIA has historically had offices). The cost of such private air or charter travel, which could be increased due to the pandemic, shall be an expense of the Funds subject to and in accordance with BPIA's policies and the Funds' Organizational Documents. BPIA also may determine to use alternative methods, including the use of technology, when sourcing and conducting due diligence on potential Investments and monitoring existing Investments.

Geopolitical Conflicts and Risk. As economies and financial markets worldwide become increasingly interconnected, the likelihood increases that geopolitical conflicts in one country or region will adversely impact markets or issuers in other countries or regions, including in ways that are difficult to predict or foresee. The impacts of these conflicts or events can be exacerbated by failures of governments and societies to respond adequately to a geopolitical conflict and subsequent emerging events or threats. For example, local or regional armed conflicts have led to significant sanctions by the U.S., EU, and other countries against certain countries and persons and companies connected with certain countries. Such armed conflicts and sanctions and other local or regional developments can exacerbate global supply and pricing issues, particularly those related to oil and gas, and result in other adverse developments and circumstances, as well as increased general uncertainty, for markets, economies, issuers, businesses, and societies both globally and in specific jurisdictions. Although these types of conflicts have occurred and could also occur in the future, it is difficult to predict when similar conflicts affecting the U.S. or global financial markets and economies will occur, the effects of such events or conditions, potential retaliations in response to sanctions or similar actions, and the duration or ultimate impact of those conflicts. Any such conflicts could have a significant adverse impact on the operations, risk profile, and value of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, with or without direct exposure to the specific geographies, markets, countries or persons involved in an armed conflict or subject to sanctions.

Russian Invasion of Ukraine/Sanctions. On February 24, 2022, Russian troops began a full-scale invasion of Ukraine and, as of the date of this Brochure, the countries remain in active armed

conflict. Around the same time, the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union, and several other nations announced a broad array of new or expanded sanctions, export controls, and other measures against Russia, Russia-backed separatist regions in Ukraine, and certain banks, companies, government officials, and other individuals in Russia and Belarus. The ongoing conflict and the rapidly evolving measures in response could be expected to have a negative impact on the economy and business activity globally (including in the countries in which a Fund invests or in which a Portfolio Entity operates), and therefore could adversely affect the performance of a Fund's investments. The severity and duration of the conflict and its impact on global economic and market conditions are impossible to predict and as a result, could present material uncertainty and risk with respect to a Fund and the performance of its investments and operations, and the ability of a Fund to achieve its investment objectives. Similar risks will exist to the extent that any Portfolio Entities, service providers, vendors, or certain other parties have material operations or assets in Ukraine, Russia, Belarus, or the immediate surrounding areas.

Israel–Hamas War. On October 7th, 2023, Hamas (an organization which governs Gaza, and which has been designated as a terrorist organization by the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union, Australia and other nations), committed a terrorist attack within Israel (the “October 7th Attacks”). Israel responded by initiating a full-scale invasion of Gaza and, as of the date of this Brochure, there has not been a permanent cessation of the armed conflict between Israel and Hamas. The armed conflict has expanded and more actively involves the United States, Lebanon (and/or Hezbollah), Syria, Iran and/or other countries or terrorist organizations, and any further expansion of the conflict could exacerbate the risks described above. In response to the October 7th Attacks, the United States has announced sanctions and other measures against Hamas-related persons and organizations, and the United States (and other countries) can be expected to announce further sanctions related to the ongoing conflict in the future.

The aforementioned ongoing conflicts and the measures taken in response have had and could be expected to continue having a negative impact on the economy and business activity globally (including in the countries in which the Funds invest), and therefore could adversely affect the performance of the Funds' investments. The severity and duration of the conflict and its future impact on global economic and market conditions (including, for example, oil prices) are impossible to predict, and as a result, present material uncertainty and risk with respect to the Funds, the performance of their investments, Portfolio Entity operations, and the ability of the Funds to achieve their investment objectives. Similar risks exist to the extent that any Portfolio Entities, service providers, and vendors of Blackstone, the Funds and any Portfolio Entities, or certain other parties have material operations or assets in the countries where such conflicts are taking place or in the immediate surrounding areas.

Other geopolitical conflicts could arise in the future and such conflicts could have material adverse consequences on Blackstone, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities.

Furthermore, if after subscribing to a Fund, any investor or any beneficial owner thereof is included on a list of prohibited entities and individuals maintained by a relevant regulatory and/or government entity, including OFAC, or under similar EU and UK regulations or under other applicable law, or are operationally based or domiciled in a country or territory in relation to which current sanctions have been issued by the U.S., United Nations, EU, UK, Luxembourg, the Cayman Islands and/or other applicable jurisdictions, the Fund would likely be required to cease any further dealings with such investor or freeze any dealings with the interests or accounts of the investor (e.g., by prohibiting payments by or to the investor or restricting or suspending dealings with the interests or accounts) or freeze the assets of the Fund until such sanctions are lifted or a license is sought under applicable law to continue dealings. Funds could further have to report to the relevant competent authorities the implementation of any restrictive measures carried out pursuant to international financial sanctions. For the avoidance of doubt, Blackstone has the sole discretion to determine the remedy if an investor is included on a sanctions list and is under no obligation to seek a license or any other relief to continue dealing with such investor. Although Blackstone expends significant effort and resources to comply with the sanctions regimes in the countries where it operates, one of these rules could be violated by Blackstone's or a Fund's activities or investors, which would adversely affect such Fund.

Changes in U.S. Trade Policy and Other Government Policies. The U.S. government has recently indicated its intent to alter its approach to international trade policy and in some cases to renegotiate, or potentially terminate, certain existing bilateral or multi-lateral trade agreements and treaties with foreign countries and has made proposals and taken actions related thereto. For example, the U.S. government has imposed, and it is possible in the future will further increase, tariffs on certain foreign goods, including from China, such as steel and aluminum, and the Trump administration has imposed and indicated its intention to impose additional tariffs on imports of certain products into the United States, including from Canada and Mexico. Some foreign governments, including China, have instituted retaliatory tariffs on certain U.S. goods and have indicated a willingness to impose additional tariffs on U.S. products.

There is uncertainty as to the actions that will be taken under the Trump administration with respect to U.S. trade policy, including with China, and while BPIA and the Funds intend to comply with applicable laws, rapid changes in laws and/or uncertain interpretation and implementation thereof, could affect the Funds' capacity to comply. New trade policy could also create a legal burden for and negatively impact the Funds and their investments, including by increasing costs and requiring Funds to exit certain investments. Further governmental actions related to the imposition of tariffs or other trade barriers or changes to international trade agreements or

policies could further increase costs, decrease margins, reduce the competitiveness of products and services offered by current and future Portfolio Entities and adversely affect the revenues and profitability of companies whose businesses rely on the importing of goods into, and the exporting of goods out of, the United States.

The Trump administration has further signaled its intention to implement significant changes to the size of the federal government and to various other government policies. The potential downsizing of the federal government workforce and shutting down or defunding of certain government agencies (or offices thereof), including of federal agencies tasked with protecting investors, along with the changes in U.S. trade policy discussed above, could introduce market instability, reduce investor confidence, and weaken investor protection. For example, substantial reductions in government spending and personnel could negatively affect certain of the Funds' Portfolio Entities that rely on or benefit from government subsidies or contracts, destabilize the U.S. government contracting market, impede Portfolio Entities' ability to implement their business plans, and impede BPIA's and the Funds' ability to achieve expected returns. Moreover, the Trump administration's signaled changes to government policy with respect to tax, immigration, labor, infrastructure, energy, education, business regulations (including U.S. anti-corruption policies), international relations, and international economic development could create uncertainty and volatility for the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. In light of these developments, there can be no assurances that political and regulatory conditions will not worsen and/or adversely affect the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, or their respective financial performance.

Regulation with Respect to Private Funds and Advisers. BPIA is subject to regulation by the SEC. In recent years, the SEC staff's stated examination priorities and published observations from examinations have included, among other things, private equity firms' collection of fees and allocation of expenses, their marketing and valuation practices, custody practices, allocation of investment opportunities, terms agreed to in side letters and similar arrangements with investors, consistency of firms' practices with their disclosures, handling of material non-public information and insider trading, use of affiliated service providers, adviser-led restructurings, environmental, social and governance investing, purported waivers or limitations of fiduciary duties and the existence of, and adherence to, policies and procedures with respect to conflicts of interest.

In addition, recently proposed rulemaking by the SEC with regard to (among others) safeguarding client assets, cybersecurity, outsourcing, predictive data analytics, and sustainability, to the extent adopted without modification, would be expected to result in material alterations to how Blackstone and BPIA operate their business and/or the Funds and to significantly increase compliance burdens and associated costs (which, to the extent permitted under the Funds'

Organizational Documents, and consistent with applicable law, will be treated as Fund expenses). The regulatory complexity that would result from such rulemakings, in turn, could increase the need for broader insurance coverage by fund managers and increase such costs and expenses charged to the Funds and their investors, if permitted. Certain of the proposed rules could also increase the cost of entering into and maintaining relationships with service providers to BPIA and the Funds and/or limit the number of service providers in a manner detrimental to BPIA or the Funds. In addition, these amendments could increase the risk of exposure of the Funds, BPIA, and Blackstone to additional regulatory scrutiny, litigation, censure and penalties for noncompliance or perceived noncompliance, which in turn would be expected to adversely (potentially materially) affect BPIA, Blackstone, and the Funds' reputation, and to negatively impact the Funds in conducting their business. There can be no assurance that any other new SEC or other regulatory rules and amendments will not have a material adverse effect on BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, their investments, and/or the Funds' investors or that such rules or amendments will not materially reduce returns to Fund investors.

Cybersecurity and Data Protection. Blackstone's operations are highly dependent on its technology platforms, and Blackstone relies heavily on its analytical, financial, accounting, communications and other data processing systems. Blackstone's systems face ongoing cybersecurity threats and attacks, which could result in the loss of confidentiality, integrity or availability of such systems and the data held by such systems. Attacks on Blackstone's systems could involve, and in some instances have in the past involved, attempts intended to obtain unauthorized access to Blackstone's, the Funds' or Other Blackstone Clients' and their underlying investors' proprietary information, destroy data or disable, degrade or sabotage Blackstone's systems, or divert or otherwise steal funds, including through the introduction of computer viruses, "phishing" attempts and other forms of social engineering. Attacks on Blackstone's systems could also involve ransomware or other forms of cyber extortion. Cyberattacks and other data security threats could originate from a wide variety of external sources, including cyber criminals, nation state hackers, hacktivists and other outside parties. Cyberattacks and other security threats could also originate from the malicious or accidental acts of insiders, such as employees, consultants, independent contractors or other service providers. Cyberattacks could also be employed against BPIA's and/or Blackstone's various stakeholders or other third parties, including by impersonating BPIA, Blackstone, or their employees, which could cause similar security impacts to BPIA's and/or Blackstone's stakeholders and other third parties and materially and adversely impact BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, or Other Blackstone Clients.

There has been an increase in the frequency and sophistication of the cyber and data security threats Blackstone faces, with attacks ranging from those common to businesses generally to those that are more advanced and persistent, which could target Blackstone because, as an

alternative asset management firm, Blackstone holds a significant amount of confidential and sensitive information about the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities, potential investments and investors. As a result, Blackstone could face a heightened risk of a security breach or disruption with respect to this information. There can be no assurance that measures Blackstone takes to ensure the integrity of its systems will provide adequate protection, especially because cyberattack techniques are continually evolving and it is possible cyberattacks will persist undetected over extended periods of time and/or will not be mitigated in a timely manner to prevent or minimize the impact of an attack on Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities, potential investments or investors. If Blackstone's systems or those of third-party service providers are compromised either as a result of malicious activity or through inadvertent transmittal or other loss of data, do not operate properly or are disabled, or Blackstone fails to provide the appropriate regulatory or other notifications in a timely manner, Blackstone could suffer financial loss, increased costs, a disruption of Blackstone's businesses, liability to Blackstone's counterparties, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective investors, regulatory intervention or reputational damage. It can be expected that costs related to certain cyber or other data security threats or disruptions will not be fully insured or indemnified by other means.

In addition, Blackstone could also suffer losses in connection with updates to, or the failure to timely update, the technology platforms on which it relies. Blackstone is reliant on third-party service providers for certain aspects of its business, including for the administration of certain Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, as well as for certain technology platforms, including cloud-based services. These third-party service providers could also face ongoing cybersecurity threats and compromises of their systems and as a result, unauthorized individuals could gain, and in some past instances have gained, access to certain confidential data.

Cybersecurity and data protection have become top priorities for regulators around the world, and rapidly developing and changing privacy, data protection and cybersecurity laws and regulations could further increase compliance costs and subject BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, and/or their Portfolio Entities to enforcement risk and reputational damage. Many jurisdictions in which Blackstone and the Portfolio Entities operate have laws and regulations relating to privacy, data protection and cybersecurity, including, as examples, the General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") in the European Union, the U.K. Data Protection Act, and the California Privacy Rights Act ("CPRA"). In addition, in February 2022, the SEC proposed rules regarding registered investment advisers' and funds' cybersecurity risk management requiring the adoption and implementation of cybersecurity policies and procedures, enhanced disclosure in regulatory filings and prompt reporting of certain cybersecurity incidents to the SEC, which, if adopted, could increase Blackstone's compliance costs and potential regulatory liability related

to cybersecurity. Some jurisdictions have also enacted or proposed laws requiring companies to notify individuals and government agencies of data security breaches involving certain types of personal data.

Breaches in Blackstone's security or in the security of third-party service providers, whether malicious in nature or through inadvertent transmittal or other loss of data, could potentially jeopardize Blackstone's, its employees', the Funds', Other Blackstone Clients', Portfolio Entities' or their respective investors' or counterparties' confidential, proprietary and other information processed and stored in, and transmitted through, Blackstone's computer systems and networks, or otherwise cause interruptions or malfunctions in Blackstone's, its employees', the Funds', Other Blackstone Clients', Portfolio Entities', their respective investors' or counterparties' or third parties' business and operations, which could result in significant financial losses, increased costs, liability to the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' investors and other counterparties, regulatory intervention and reputational damage. Furthermore, if Blackstone fails to comply with the relevant laws and regulations or fails to provide the appropriate regulatory or other notifications of breach in a timely matter, it could result in regulatory investigations and penalties, which could lead to negative publicity and reputational harm and could cause the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' investors and clients to lose confidence in the effectiveness of Blackstone's security measures and Blackstone more generally.

The Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities also rely on data processing systems and the secure processing, storage and transmission of information, including payment and health information, which in some instances are provided by third parties. A disruption or compromise of these systems could have a material adverse effect on the value of these businesses. Certain Funds and Other Blackstone Clients could invest in strategic assets having a national or regional profile or in infrastructure, the nature of which could expose them to a greater risk of being subject to a terrorist attack or a security breach than other assets or businesses. Such an event could have material adverse consequences on Blackstone's investment or assets of the same type or could require Portfolio Entities to increase preventative security measures or expand insurance coverage.

Finally, the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities' technology platforms, data and intellectual property are also subject to a heightened risk of theft or compromise to the extent Blackstone or the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities engage in operations outside the United States, in particular in those jurisdictions that do not have comparable levels of protection of proprietary information and assets such as intellectual property, trademarks, trade secrets, know-how and customer information and records. In addition, Blackstone and the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities could be required to compromise protections or forego rights to technology, data and intellectual

property in order to operate in or access markets in a foreign jurisdiction. Any such direct or indirect compromise of these assets could have a material adverse impact on Blackstone and the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities.

Changing Global Data Security and Privacy Laws and Regulations. Rapidly developing and changing global data security and privacy laws and regulations could increase compliance costs and subject Blackstone to enforcement risks and reputational damage. Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities are subject to various risks and costs associated with the collection, storage, transmission and other processing of personally identifiable information ("PII") and other sensitive and confidential information. This data is wide ranging and relates to Blackstone's investors, employees, contractors and other counterparties and third parties.

Blackstone's data security and privacy compliance obligations impose significant compliance costs on Blackstone, which could increase significantly as laws and regulations evolve globally. Blackstone's compliance obligations include those relating to U.S. laws and regulations, including, without limitation, state regulations such as the CPRA, which provides for enhanced consumer protections for California residents, a private right of action for data breaches and statutory fines and damages for data breaches or other California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA") violations, as well as a requirement of "reasonable" cybersecurity. At the U.S. federal level, the SEC has adopted changes to Regulation S-P, which will take effect on December 3, 2025. The amendments to Regulation S-P will require SEC-registered investment advisers, broker-dealers, and investment companies to adopt an incident response program that governs their response to any unauthorized access of customer information and which must include certain breach notification procedures with respect to affected individuals. The amendments impose operationally challenging notification requirements and deadlines that will likely increase associated compliance costs, some or all of which could be allocated to the Funds.

Blackstone's compliance obligations also include those relating to foreign data collection and privacy laws, including, for example, the GDPR and U.K. Data Protection Act, as well as laws in many other jurisdictions globally, including Switzerland, Japan, Hong Kong, Singapore, India, China, Australia, Canada and Brazil. Global laws in this area are rapidly increasing in the scale and depth of their requirements and are also often extra-territorial in nature. In addition, a wide range of regulators and private actors are seeking to enforce these laws across regions and borders. Furthermore, Blackstone frequently has privacy compliance requirements as a result of Blackstone's contractual obligations with counterparties. These legal, regulatory and contractual obligations heighten Blackstone's data protection and privacy obligations in the ordinary course of conducting Blackstone's business in the U.S. and internationally.

Any inability, or perceived inability, by Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their respective Portfolio Entities to adequately address data protection or privacy concerns, or comply with applicable laws, regulations, policies, industry standards and guidance, contractual obligations, or other legal obligations, even if unfounded, could result in significant legal, regulatory and third party liability, increased costs, disruption of Blackstone's, the Funds', Other Blackstone Clients' or their respective Portfolio Entities' business and operations, and a loss of client (including investor) confidence and other reputational damage. In addition, any such inability or perceived inability of Portfolio Entities, even if unfounded, could result in reputational damage to Blackstone. Many regulators have indicated an intention to take more aggressive enforcement actions regarding data privacy matters, and private litigation resulting from such matters is increasing and resulting in progressively larger judgments and settlements. Furthermore, as new data protection and privacy-related laws and regulations are implemented, the time and resources needed for Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities to comply with such laws and regulations continues to increase and become a significant compliance workstream.

Sustainability Framework Risk. Blackstone has established a firm-wide sustainability ("Sustainability") policy and related programs and procedures, including BPIA's Sustainable Investing Policy and certain BPIA-specific Sustainability practices (collectively, the "Sustainability Framework"), which outlines its approach to integrating Sustainability in its business and investment activities. BPIA intends to apply the Sustainability Framework, as applicable, across investments consistent with and subject to its fiduciary duties and applicable legal, regulatory or contractual requirements. Depending on the Investment, the impact of developments connected with Sustainability factors could have a material effect on the return and risk profile of the investment. Any reference herein to Sustainability considerations is not intended to qualify the Funds' investment objective to seek to maximize risk-adjusted returns on investments. BPIA will endeavor to consider material¹ Sustainability factors where applicable in connection with the Funds' investment activities in order to protect and maximize investment performance; however, the Sustainability Framework does not serve to modify the Funds' investment objectives. The act of selecting and evaluating material Sustainability factors is subjective by nature, and there is no guarantee that the criteria utilized or judgment exercised by BPIA will reflect the views, internal policies or preferred practices of any particular investor, other asset managers or market trends. Additionally, Sustainability factors are only some of the many factors that BPIA will consider in

¹ As used in this instance, "material" sustainability factors are defined as those factors that the Adviser determines have – or have the potential to have – a material impact on an investment's going-forward ability to create, preserve or erode economic value, including as related to environmental and social value, for that organization and its stakeholders. The word "material" as used herein should not necessarily be equated to or taken as a representation about the "materiality" of such sustainability factors under the U.S. federal securities laws or any similar legal or regulatory regime globally.

making an investment and, depending on the nature of the investment, except to the extent required by law, Sustainability factors will not be considered for certain investments or assets. Although BPIA considers application of the Sustainability framework to be an opportunity to enhance or protect the performance of investments over the long-term, BPIA cannot guarantee that the application of its Sustainability framework, which depends in part on skills and qualitative judgments, will positively impact the performance of any individual Portfolio Entity or Fund. Similarly, to the extent BPIA or a third-party Sustainability specialist engages with Portfolio Entities on Sustainability related practices and potential enhancements thereto, there is no guarantee that such engagements will improve the performance of the investment. Successful engagement efforts will depend on BPIA's ability to properly identify and analyze material Sustainability considerations and other factors and their value, and there can be no assurance that the strategy or techniques employed will be successful.

The materiality of sustainability risks and impacts on an individual asset or issuer and on a portfolio as a whole depends on many factors, including the relevant industry, country, asset class and investment style. In evaluating a prospective investment or providing reporting regarding such investment, BPIA often depends upon (and will not independently verify) information and data provided by the entity or obtained via third-party reporting or advisors, which will, in certain circumstances, be incomplete or inaccurate and could cause BPIA to incorrectly identify, prioritize, assess or analyze the entity's Sustainability practices and/or related risks and opportunities. BPIA can be expected to decide in its discretion not to utilize certain information or data. While BPIA believes such sources to be reliable, it will neither update any such information or data nor undertake an independent review of any such information or data provided by third parties. Subject to any applicable legal or regulatory requirements, any Sustainability reporting will be provided in BPIA's sole discretion.

In addition, BPIA's Sustainability Framework is expected to change over time. BPIA could determine, in its discretion, to revisit the implementation of certain of its sustainability initiatives (including due to cost, timing, or other considerations). It is also possible that market dynamics or other factors will make it impractical, inadvisable or impossible for BPIA to adhere to all Sustainability-related elements of a particular Fund's investment strategy, including with respect to Sustainability risk and opportunity management, whether with respect to one or more individual investments or to the Fund's portfolio generally.

There is also growing regulatory and investor interest, particularly in the U.S., UK, and EU (which will be looked to as models in growth markets), in improving transparency around the role of sustainability in asset managers' investment processes, in order to allow investors to scrutinize, validate and better understand sustainability claims. BPIA can be expected to be subject to increasing scrutiny from regulators, elected officials, and investors with respect to Sustainability

matters. In recent years, certain investors, including public pension funds, have placed increasing importance on the impacts of investments made by the private funds to which they commit capital, including with respect to climate change, among other aspects of Sustainability. Conversely, certain investors have raised concerns as to whether the incorporation of Sustainability factors in the investment and portfolio management process is inconsistent with the fiduciary duty to maximize returns for investors. BPIA can expect to be subject to competing demands from different investors and other groups with divergent views on Sustainability matters, including the role of Sustainability in the investment process. Investors, including public pension funds, which, in the case of a closed-end Fund (if applicable), could represent a significant portion of the Funds' investor bases, could decide to withdraw previously committed capital (where such withdrawal is permitted under the terms of such Fund's Organizational Documents) or not commit capital to future fundraises based on their assessment of how Blackstone approaches and considers the Sustainability cost of investments and whether the return-driven objectives of Blackstone's funds align with their Sustainability priorities. This divergence increases the risk that any action or lack thereof with respect to Sustainability matters will be perceived negatively by at least some investors and/or interested parties and adversely impact BPIA's reputation and business.

Regulatory initiatives that require private fund limited partners to make disclosures to their underlying investors regarding Sustainability matters have become increasingly common, which will further increase the number and type of investors who place importance on these issues and who demand certain types of reporting from Blackstone or BPIA. In addition, government authorities of certain U.S. states have requested information from and scrutinized certain asset managers with respect to whether such managers have adopted Sustainability policies that could restrict such asset managers from investing in certain industries or sectors, such as conventional energy. These authorities have indicated that such asset managers could lose opportunities to manage money belonging to these states and their pension funds to the extent the asset managers are determined to be engaging in a boycott of certain industries. "Anti-ESG" sentiment has similarly gained momentum across the U.S., with several states and Congress having proposed or enacted "anti-ESG" policies, legislation or initiatives or issued related legal opinions. Additionally, asset managers have been subject to recent scrutiny related to sustainability-focused industry working groups, initiatives, and associations, including organizations advancing action to address climate change or climate-related risk. Further, some conservative groups and federal and state officials have asserted that the Supreme Court's decision striking down race-based affirmative action in higher education admissions in June 2023 should be analogized to private employment matters and private contract matters. Several media campaigns and cases alleging discrimination based on such arguments have been initiated since the decision, and in January 2025, the Trump administration signed a number of Executive Orders focused on

diversity, equity, and inclusion (“DEI”), which caution the private sector to end “illegal DEI discrimination and preferences” and preview upcoming compliance investigations of private entities. Such anti-ESG and anti-DEI-related policies, legislation, initiatives, legal opinions and scrutiny could result in Blackstone facing additional compliance obligations or expose Blackstone and/or BPIA to the risk of investigations or challenges and enforcement by state or federal authorities, result in penalties and reputational harm and require certain investors to divest or discourage certain investors from investing in the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients. Blackstone’s Sustainability Framework, Blackstone, and BPIA could become subject to additional regulations, penalties and/or risks of regulatory scrutiny and enforcement in the future.

The SEC has brought enforcement actions against various investment advisers relating to inaccurate or misleading Sustainability disclosures and related policies and procedures failures, and there could continue to be significant enforcement activity in this area. Such perception or accusation that BPIA has made inaccurate or misleading sustainability disclosures could damage BPIA’s reputation, result in litigation or regulatory actions, and adversely impact BPIA’s ability to raise capital and attract new investors. Outside of the United States, the European regulatory environment for alternative investment fund managers and financial services firms can be expected to evolve and increase in complexity and make compliance more costly and time-consuming.

BPIA’s Sustainability Framework is subject to evolving regulations and could in the future become subject to additional regulation, penalties and/or risks of regulatory scrutiny and enforcement. Compliance with new requirements will lead to increased management burdens and costs, which has the potential to adversely affect the Funds. BPIA cannot guarantee that its current approach (including the Sustainability Framework) or the Funds’ Investments will meet future regulatory requirements (or interpretations of existing requirements, some of which are unclear), reporting frameworks or best practices, increasing the risk of related enforcement activity. If the SEC or any other governmental authority, regulatory agency or similar body were to take issue with past or future practices of Blackstone or BPIA, then BPIA will be at risk for regulatory sanction, and any such investigations could be costly, distracting and/or time consuming for BPIA and the Funds. There is also a risk of regulatory mismatch between U.S., EU and UK initiatives (and potential initiatives in other jurisdictions) relating to Sustainability.

Further, Sustainability integration and responsible investing practices as a whole are evolving rapidly and there are different frameworks and methodologies being implemented by other asset managers. BPIA’s Sustainability Framework does not represent a universally recognized standard for assessing Sustainability considerations and can be expected to not align with the approach used by other asset managers or preferred by prospective investors or with future market trends.

Additionally, Blackstone has established certain firmwide and business group-specific sustainability-related initiatives. Although the aim of these initiatives is to create strong returns for investors, the pursuit of these initiatives (which could include data collection, analysis and reporting, among other activities) will involve the dedication of time and resources. Further, except as required under applicable law, any sustainability-related statements and these sustainability-related initiatives are aspirational and not guarantees or promises that all or any such initiatives will be achieved.

EEA Sustainability Risks. Certain Funds are impacted by Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 (“SFDR”) either because they are marketed within the European Economic Area (“EEA”) or because they form part of a wider fund structure that includes funds marketed in the EEA or managed by an EEA alternative investment fund manager. There is legal uncertainty around the parameters applicable when categorizing a financial product under SFDR, and there is no guarantee that regulators will agree with the relevant characterization. In circumstances where there is a determination that a product has been characterized incorrectly, there could be a risk of investigation, enforcement proceedings and/or sanctions. SFDR and certain supporting and related regulations are likely to be amended in the near to medium term and it is possible new guidance will also be issued by the European Banking Authority, the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority and the European Securities and Markets Authority, either collectively or separately, and/or the European Commission. These factors and events have the potential to increase compliance and other costs for, and relating to, affected Funds.

The SFDR defines “sustainability risks” as environmental, social or governance events or conditions that, if they occur, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of an investment. Blackstone, BPIA (or its delegate), Funds, Portfolio Entities, and other parties, such as service providers or Fund or Portfolio Entity counterparties, can be expected to be negatively affected by sustainability risks. If considered appropriate for an investment (or required by applicable law), it is possible BPIA (or its delegate) will conduct sustainability risk-related due diligence and/or take steps to mitigate sustainability risks and preserve the value of the investment; however, there can be no assurance that all such risks will be mitigated in whole or in part, nor identified prior to the date the risk materializes. Similarly, even if Blackstone, BPIA (or its delegate), Funds, Portfolio Entities and other parties maintain insurance to protect against certain sustainability risks (where available on reasonable commercial terms), such insurance is subject to customary deductibles and coverage limits and it can be expected that such insurance will not be sufficient to recoup all losses. Sustainability risks could therefore adversely affect the performance of the Funds and their investments.

Artificial Intelligence Developments. Recent technological developments in artificial intelligence, including machine learning technology and generative artificial intelligence such as ChatGPT (collectively, “AI Technologies”), pose risks to BPIA, the Funds, and the Portfolio Entities (including Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients expected to provide services to Funds). Any of these technological innovations could result in harm to BPIA or the Portfolio Entities, significantly disrupt the market in which they operate and subject them to increased competition, which could materially and adversely affect their business, financial condition and operations, and have an adverse impact on Funds. The legal and regulatory frameworks within which AI Technologies operate continue to rapidly evolve, and it is not possible to predict the full extent of current or future risks related thereto.

The Funds, the Portfolio Entities and BPIA expect to avail themselves of the benefits, insights and efficiencies that are available through the use of AI Technologies. However, the use of AI Technologies presents a number of risks that cannot be fully mitigated. For example, AI Technologies are highly reliant on the collection and analysis of large amounts of data and complex algorithms, but it is not possible or practicable to incorporate all relevant data into models that AI Technologies utilize to operate. Moreover, with the use of AI Technologies, there often exists a lack of transparency of how inputs are converted to outputs and neither BPIA nor any Portfolio Entity can fully validate this process and its accuracy. The accuracy of such inputs and the resulting impact on the results of AI Technologies cannot be verified and could result in a diminished quality of work product that includes or is derived from inaccurate or erroneous information. Further, inherent bias in the construction of AI Technologies can lead to a wide array of risks, including but not limited to accuracy, efficacy and reputational harm. Therefore, it is expected that data in such models will contain a degree of inaccuracy and error, and potentially materially so, and that such data, as well as algorithms in use, could otherwise be inadequate or flawed, which would be likely to degrade the effectiveness of AI Technologies and could adversely impact BPIA, the Funds or their Portfolio Entities and investments to the extent they rely on the work product of such AI Technologies. At the same time, to the extent AI Technologies are utilized by BPIA, any interruption of access to or use of AI Technologies could impede the ability of BPIA, the Funds, and Portfolio Entities to generate information and analysis that could be beneficial to them and their business, financial condition and results of operations. AI Technologies will likely also be competitive with certain business activities or increase the obsolescence of certain organizations’ products or services, particularly as AI Technologies improve. This could also have an adverse impact on Portfolio Entities, BPIA, and the Funds.

AI Technologies can also be misused or misappropriated by third parties and/or employees of BPIA or Portfolio Entities. For example, there is a risk that a user will input confidential information, including material non-public information, or personal identifiable information, into AI Technologies applications, resulting in such information becoming part of a dataset that is

accessible by other third-party AI Technologies applications and users, including competitors of BPIA, the Funds, and their Portfolio Entities. Moreover, BPIA, the Funds, and Portfolio Entities will not necessarily be in a position to control the manner in which third-party AI Technologies are developed or maintained or the manner in which third parties use AI Technologies to provide services, even where they have sought contractual protections. The use of AI Technologies, including potential inadvertent disclosure of confidential BPIA, Fund or Portfolio Entity information or personal identifiable information, could also lead to legal and regulatory investigations and enforcement actions. Relatedly, BPIA, the Funds and Portfolio Entities could be exposed to risks to the extent third-party service providers or any counterparties use AI Technologies in their business activities.

BPIA expects to be involved in the collection of data and/or development of proprietary AI Technologies for Blackstone, BPIA, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or their Portfolio Entities in the ordinary course. To this end, the Funds can be expected to pay and bear certain expenses and fees associated with developing and maintaining such technology, including the costs of any professional service providers, subscriptions and related software and hardware, server infrastructure and hosting, and internal Blackstone expenses, fees, charges and/or related costs incurred, charged or specifically attributed or allocated (based on methodologies determined by Blackstone) to the Funds, BPIA or their affiliates in connection with such AI Technologies, and none of the fees, costs, or expenses described above will reduce or offset management fees payable to BPIA. See “Expenses” in Item 5 herein.

Regulations related to AI Technologies could also impose certain obligations on organizations, and the costs of monitoring and responding to such regulations, as well as the consequences of non-compliance, could have an adverse effect on Blackstone, BPIA, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. For example, the EU has introduced a new regulation applicable to certain AI Technologies and the data used to train, test and deploy them (the “EU AI Act”). The EU AI Act entered into force on August 1, 2024, with many of its obligations set to apply in phases from six to thirty-six months thereafter. The EU AI Act imposes material requirements on both the providers and deployers of AI Technologies, with infringement punishable by sanctions of up to 7% of annual worldwide turnover or EUR 35 million (whichever is higher) for the most serious breaches. Preparing for and complying with the EU AI Act and other regulations related to AI Technologies could involve material compliance costs and/or adversely affect the operations or results of Blackstone, BPIA, and Portfolio Entities, and have an adverse impact on the Funds.

AI Technologies and their current and potential future applications, including in the private investment and financial sectors, as well as the legal and regulatory frameworks within which they operate, continue to rapidly evolve, and it is not possible to predict the full extent of current

or future risks related thereto. For more information on risks relating to information security, see “Cybersecurity and Data Protection” herein.

Social Media and Publicity Risk. The use of social networks, message boards, internet channels and other platforms has become widespread in the United States and globally. As a result, individuals now have the ability to rapidly and broadly disseminate information or misinformation without independent or authoritative verification. Any such information or misinformation regarding Blackstone, the Funds or one or more Portfolio Entities could have adverse effects on the Funds.

Item 9 – Disciplinary Information

BPIA does not have any legal, financial or other “disciplinary” event to report. As a registered investment adviser, BPIA is obligated to disclose any legal disciplinary event that would be material to a client when evaluating the adviser’s advisory business or integrity of its management.

On occasion, in the ordinary course of its business, Blackstone is named as a defendant in a legal action. Although there can be no assurance of the outcome of such legal actions, BPIA does not believe that any current legal proceeding or claim to which Blackstone is a party would individually or in the aggregate materially affect BPIA and/or the Funds’ results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Certain regulatory, litigation and other similar matters are disclosed in (i) Blackstone’s and BXPE US’s public filings (including, without limitation, their current, periodic and annual reports on Forms 8-K, 10-Q and 10-K), which may be accessed through the website of the SEC (www.sec.gov) or, with respect to Blackstone, (<http://ir.blackstone.com/investors/annual-reports-and-sec-filings/default.aspx>), and with respect to BXPE US, (<http://www.bxpe.com>) and (ii) materials made available through Blackstone’s BXAccess online portal, which is accessible to Blackstone’s limited partners for the funds in which they are invested. Anything disclosed in Blackstone’s, BXPE US’s or BPIA’s public filings and/or which are otherwise made available to BXPE Fund investors, including by way of posting to Blackstone’s and/or BXPE’s online portal, is incorporated herein by reference, to the extent applicable, including with respect to litigation, investigations, settlements and similar proceedings.

Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

Other Financial Industry Activities

Blackstone has conflicts of interest, or conflicting loyalties, as a result of the numerous activities and relationships of Blackstone, BPIA, the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients, the Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and affiliates, partners, members, shareholders, officers, directors and employees (current and former) of the foregoing, some of which are described herein. Additional conflicts of interest are also expected to arise by virtue of the Funds' investments in third-party fund managers and their investment activities (including, where applicable, their management of pooled investment vehicles), although such fund managers and pooled investment vehicles will not be considered "affiliates" of Blackstone or the Funds for any purpose under the Funds' Organizational Documents. However, not all potential, apparent and actual conflicts of interest are included below, and additional conflicts of interest could arise as a result of new activities, transactions or relationships commenced in the future, particularly as the Funds' investment program can develop and change over time. In addition, certain terms described herein may only be applicable to certain of the Funds but not others. Potential limited partners should review this section and the applicable Fund's Organizational Documents carefully for additional risks and conflicts disclosure before making an investment decision.

BPIA will take such actions as may be required by the Organizational Documents of the applicable Funds to handle conflicts.

Any references to Blackstone and/or BPIA in this section will be deemed to include their respective affiliates (including the General Partners and, as the context requires, the BX AIFM), partners, members, shareholders, officers, directors and employees. References throughout this section to "Portfolio Entity" describes, individually and collectively, any entity owned, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, including, as the context requires, portfolio companies, holding companies, special purpose vehicles and other entities through which investments are held.

Subject to the Organizational Documents, if any matter arises that BPIA and its affiliates determine in their good faith judgment constitutes an actual and material conflict of interest, BPIA and its relevant affiliates will take the actions they determine in good faith may be necessary or appropriate to mitigate and/or disclose the conflict, which will be deemed to fully satisfy any fiduciary duties they may have to the Funds or the limited partners. Thereafter, BPIA and its relevant affiliates will be relieved of any liability related to the conflict to the fullest extent permitted by law.

Actions that could be taken by BPIA or its affiliates to mitigate a conflict include, by way of example and without limitation, (i) if applicable, handling the conflict as described in the Organizational Documents; (ii) presenting an actual conflict of interest to the board of directors (which may be comprised in part by independent directors) or the independent members of the board of directors of the Funds (each, as applicable) and as expressly provided for in the Organizational Documents; (iii) obtaining from the board of directors, as applicable (or the independent members of the board of directors), advice, waiver or consent as to the conflict or acting in accordance with the standards or procedures approved by the board of directors to address the conflict; (iv) disposing of the investment or security giving rise to the conflict of interest; (v) appointing an independent representative (an “Independent Client Representative”) to act or provide consent with respect to the matter giving rise to the conflict of interest; (vi) in connection with a matter giving rise to a conflict of interest, consulting with the board of directors or the independent directors (as applicable) of the Funds or Independent Client Representatives (if any) regarding the conflict of interest and either obtaining advice, waiver or consent from the board of directors or the independent directors (as applicable), or such Independent Client Representative of the conflict of interest or acting in a manner, or pursuant to standards or procedures, approved by a board of directors, the independent directors or such Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable) with respect to such conflict of interest; (vii) disclosing the conflict to a Fund’s board of directors or independent directors (each, as applicable), or Fund limited partners (including, without limitation, in distribution notices, financial statements, letters to Fund limited partners or other communications); (viii) validating the arms-length nature of the transaction by referencing participation by unaffiliated third parties; (ix) in the case of conflicts among clients, creating groups of personnel within Blackstone separated by information barriers (which can be expected to be temporary and limited purpose in nature), each of which would advise or represent one of the clients that has a conflicting position with other clients; (x) implementing policies and procedures reasonably designed to mitigate the conflict of interest; (xi) relying on investment decisions that were made by the general partner (or similar managing entity) of any Other Blackstone Client alongside or through which the Funds invest or (xi) otherwise handling the conflict as determined appropriate by BPIA in its discretion. Subject to the Organizational Documents, the General Partners have significant discretion in analyzing and determining whether any material conflict of interest exists and therefore whether to require consent by a Fund’s board of directors. Unless otherwise required by the Organizational Documents, the General Partners are expected to determine in many cases that, although a potential for conflict may exist, such potential conflict does not rise to a material conflict of interest requiring such consent, including because of the presence or implementation of mitigation factors described above or elsewhere in this Brochure, or because of the presence of implementation of other facts or mitigants that the General Partners determine to be sufficient, in which case no such consent will be required. There can be no assurance that BPIA will identify

or resolve all conflicts of interest in a manner that is favorable to us. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the Organizational Documents, where the consent or approval of any limited partner advisory committee is sought with respect to any Other Blackstone Client matter, the consent or approval of a Fund's board of directors and/or independent directors or Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable) shall not necessarily be required in connection with such matter, and the lack thereof shall not prevent any Other Blackstone Client from proceeding on the basis of its limited partner advisory committee's consent or approval (including in circumstances in which the Fund does not similarly proceed). Conversely, to the extent the limited partner advisory committee of any Other Blackstone Client does not consent to or approve of a matter, notwithstanding the consent or approval of a Fund's board of directors and/or independent directors or Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable) to such matter or the determination that such consent or approval is not necessary, the General Partners may determine not to proceed, which could result in the Fund not participating in transactions that the General Partners otherwise believe would be beneficial for the Funds.

For purposes of this section, (a) "BCEP Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Core Equity Advisors L.L.C.; (b) "BCP Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Management Partners L.L.C.; (c) "BREP Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Real Estate Advisors L.P.; (d) "BPP Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Property Advisors L.P.; (e) "BREDS Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Real Estate Special Situations Advisors L.L.C.; (f) "BTAS Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Multi-Asset Advisors L.L.C.; (g) "Tac Opps Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Advisors L.L.C.; (h) "BXMA Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Alternative Asset Management LP or any other Blackstone Alternative Asset Management ("BAAM") advisors; (i) "BIP Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Infrastructure Advisors L.L.C.; (j) "Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone ISG-II Advisors L.L.C. or Blackstone ISG-I Advisors L.L.C.; (k) "Blackstone Credit Funds" shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Alternative Credit Advisors LP (formerly known as GSO Capital Partners LP), Blackstone Private Credit Strategies LLC, Blackstone Structured Products Advisors LP or its affiliated advisory entities that operate as part of the credit, asset-based finance and insurance asset management business

of Blackstone; (l) “Strategic Partners” shall mean Strategic Partners Fund Solutions Advisors L.P.; (m) “BXLS” shall mean the Life Sciences private investment platform and its related vehicles/entities and successor funds managed by Blackstone Life Sciences Advisors L.L.C.; (n) “Clarus” shall mean Clarus Ventures, LLC and its related vehicles/entities and successor funds; (o) “BSOF” shall mean Blackstone Strategic Opportunities Fund and its related vehicles/entities and successor funds; (p) “BXMT Funds” shall mean accounts, clients, funds, vehicles or any other similar arrangements managed by BXMT Advisors L.L.C.; (q) “GP Stakes Funds” shall mean Blackstone Strategic Capital Holdings and its related vehicles/entities and successor funds managed by Blackstone Strategic Capital Advisors L.L.C.; and (r) “BXG” shall be deemed to include any account, client, fund, vehicle or any other similar arrangement managed by Blackstone Growth Advisors L.L.C.

References to “Other Blackstone Clients” describe, as the context requires, individually and collectively, any of the following in existence on the date hereof and those that may be formed in the future: (i) the BCEP Funds, the BCP Funds, the BREP Funds, the BPP Funds, the BREDs Funds, BTAS Funds, the Tac Opps Funds, the BXMA Funds, the BIP Funds, the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds, the Blackstone Credit Funds, the SP Funds (as defined below), the BXLS Funds (as defined below), Clarus, BSOF, the BXMT Funds, GP Stakes Funds, and BXG, (ii) any successor funds to any of the funds described in (i), (iii) vehicles formed in connection with Blackstone’s side-by-side or additional general partner investments relating thereto, and (iv) any other funds, vehicles or accounts, including separately managed accounts, managed or advised by Blackstone, including BXPE Lux and any parallel or feeder funds (in each case, as applicable).

BPIA and the Funds are subject to certain conflicts of interest arising out of their relationship with Blackstone, including Blackstone Securities Partners L.P. (the “Dealer Manager”), the BX AIFM and their affiliates. Members of the board of directors for certain BXPE Funds are also executives of Blackstone and/or one or more of its affiliates. There is no guarantee that the terms of the Organizational Documents or any policies and procedures adopted by BPIA, the Funds, any board of directors, the General Partner, the Dealer Manager, the BX AIFM, Blackstone or their affiliates will enable BPIA or the Funds to identify, adequately address or mitigate these conflicts of interest, or that BPIA will identify or resolve all conflicts of interest in a manner that is favorable to the Funds, and investors therein may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts or have any right to consent to them as they arise. Any specific consent to certain conflicts of interest described below in no way limits the generality of the foregoing, which is applicable to all conflicts of interest described, implied or alluded to herein.

Performance-Based Compensation. A General Partner’s performance-based compensation creates a greater incentive for such General Partner to make more speculative investments on behalf of a Fund or time the purchase or sale of investments in a manner motivated by the

personal interests of Blackstone personnel than if such performance-based compensation did not exist, as such General Partner receives a disproportionate share of profits (above the preferred return hurdle, where applicable under the Organizational Documents). A similar incentive exists at the level of the third-party fund managers in which the Funds may invest. General partner clawbacks, both with respect to the Funds and with respect to the Funds' indirect clawback liability pertaining to third-party fund managers in which they invest in respect of its applicable share of performance-based compensation or carried interest generated by such fund managers, potentially create other misalignments of interests between the Funds' General Partners or such fund managers, on the one hand, and Fund limited partners or investors in funds managed by such fund managers, on the other hand, such as an incentive for the General Partners or fund managers to make more speculative investments, to defer disposition of an investment that would result in a realized loss (or a return on investment that was less than the preferred return, where applicable under the Organizational Documents) and trigger the clawback, or delay the dissolution and liquidation of a Fund if doing so would trigger a clawback obligation and/or seek to deploy capital in investments at an accelerated pace. Blackstone will generally have no control over the decision to dispose of underlying investments made by third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest and will be reliant upon such fund managers to make such decisions in a fair and reasonable manner and on a timely basis. In addition, the current U.S. federal income tax law provides for a lower capital gains tax rate on performance-based compensation from investments held for at least three years, which can be expected to incentivize a General Partner of any closed-end Fund (if applicable) to cause the Fund, or a third-party fund manager in which the Funds invest to cause a fund it manages, to accelerate deployment of capital at the beginning of the relevant fund's investment period, hold investments longer to ensure long-term capital gains treatment or dispose of investments prior to any change in law that would result in a higher effective income tax rate on performance-based compensation. Furthermore, upon a withdrawal by the limited partners from a Fund in certain circumstances, including in the event of a transfer of interests, and upon the liquidation of a Fund or as otherwise permitted by the Organizational Documents, the General Partner of such Fund may receive performance-based compensation distributions with respect to a distribution in-kind of non-marketable securities. The amount of performance-based compensation will be dependent on the valuation of the non-marketable securities distributed, which will be determined by a General Partner and could incentivize such General Partner to value the securities higher than if there were no performance-based compensation. A General Partner can engage a third party to determine the value of securities distributed in-kind or non-marketable securities and rely upon the third-party opinion of value, but there can be no assurance such an opinion will reflect value accurately. (See "Valuation Matters" herein.) Moreover, under the terms of the Organizational Documents, a General Partner is entitled to elect to receive its performance-based compensation with respect to an investment that is

otherwise being sold in the form of an in-kind distribution of marketable securities of the related Portfolio Entity, including, but not limited to, if the purpose of such election is to permit one or more Blackstone personnel to donate such securities to charity (which may include private foundations, funds or other charities associated with any such personnel or their respective family members), to the extent permitted by applicable law. The tax benefit derived from charitable giving has the effect of reinforcing and/or enhancing BPIA's incentives otherwise resulting from the existence of the General Partner's performance-based compensation described above and therefore conflicts of interest could arise in making decisions on behalf of the relevant Fund (including in relation to the timing of the disposition of investments). In addition, the General Partners are incentivized to make certain determinations under the Organizational Documents in a manner that results in its receipt of a greater amount of, or earlier payment of, performance-based compensation. For example, with respect to certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), unlike disposition proceeds, distributions of current income will not take into account a return of capital from the respective investment or allocable fees or expenses thereto, which creates an incentive for the General Partner of any such Fund to determine that a recapitalization, refinancing or other similar transaction was not a "disposition" (in whole or in part) for purposes of the Organizational Documents to the extent applicable (including for purposes of calculating such General Partner's performance-based compensation).

Moreover, in instances where an open-end Fund's performance-based compensation is calculated based on unrealized gains (i.e., increases in the Fund's net asset value over a specified period of time), conflicts of interest could arise in relation to the valuation of Investments. (See also "—Valuation Matters" herein for additional information.)

Management Fee and Administration Fee. BPIA is paid certain fees for its services based on a Fund's net asset value per annum (as applicable), which are calculated by BPIA and/or its relevant affiliates. BPIA receives the Management Fee, (payable to BPIA in consideration of its investment management services) and the Administration Fee, (payable to BPIA in consideration of its administration services). BPIA may elect to receive the Management Fee and/or the Administration Fee in cash, shares or units of a Fund or intermediate entity (each, as applicable). The calculation of a Fund's net asset value includes certain subjective judgments with respect to estimating, for example, the value of a Fund's portfolio and its accrued expenses, net portfolio income and liabilities (e.g., exclusion of potentially subjective or contingent liabilities that may arise on or subsequent to the sale of an investment), and therefore, a Fund's net asset value may not correspond to realizable value upon a sale of those assets. BPIA could benefit from a Fund retaining ownership of its assets at times when such Fund's limited partners may be better served by the sale or disposition of such Fund's assets in order to avoid a reduction in such Fund's net asset value. If a Fund's net asset value is calculated in a way that is not reflective of such Fund's actual realizable value or future value, then the purchase price of such Fund's units or shares or

the price paid for the repurchase of such Fund's units or shares on a given date may not accurately reflect the value of such Fund's portfolio, and such units or shares could be worth less than the purchase price or more than the repurchase price.

The Management Fee, Administration Fee and, where applicable, the AIFM Fee are payable through the complete liquidation of a Fund. In instances where the Management Fee and/or Administration Fee of a closed-end Fund (if applicable) is calculated (in part) based on invested capital (which will, for the avoidance of doubt, include certain borrowings by the Fund, among other items, as indicated in the Advisory Agreements) rather than capital commitments, there would be an incentive for BPIA to defer realization of Investments, make more speculative Investments than it otherwise would have made if Management Fees and/or Administration Fees were based on capital commitments, seek to deploy the capital commitments (and borrowings and guarantees secured by capital commitments) in Investments at an accelerated pace and/or hold Investments longer, in each case, than it otherwise would have if Management Fees and/or Administration Fees were based solely on capital commitments. BPIA may waive the Management Fee and/or Administration Fee otherwise payable to it, in whole or in part (whether by a flat discount or a percentage discount, or otherwise), with respect to one or more investments, extend and/or otherwise amend the "fee holiday" described in the Advisory Agreement or reduce the rates on which Management Fees and/or Administration Fees are charged to Fund limited partners under the Organizational Documents, in each case, in its sole discretion. For purposes of the Management Fee, Administration Fee and any performance fees, the calculation of the net asset value of a Fund (and in the case of certain closed-end Funds, the calculation of a limited partner's "invested capital," where applicable) includes any capitalized deal-specific expenses incurred in connection with unrealized investments, including expenses and fees such as acquisition fees, capital markets and financing-related fees paid to Blackstone or its affiliates, and expenses and fees such as transaction support services costs paid to a Portfolio Entity, which in certain circumstances have the effect of increasing the base for calculation of the Management Fee, Administration Fee and performance fees and involves conflicts of interest related to Blackstone determining such amounts and then earning additional such fees thereon. Potential investors in a Fund should note that acquisition costs for unrealized investments include, and the Management Fee and/or Administration Fees accrue on, costs for investments that are capitalized into the related investment for U.S. GAAP purposes notwithstanding that such amounts are eligible to be treated as "fund expenses" under the Organizational Documents rather than as capital contributions for the making of investments.

Moreover, in instances where an open-end Fund's Management Fee and/or Administration Fee is calculated based on net asset value, conflicts of interest could arise in relation to the valuation of Investments. (See also "—Valuation Matters" herein for additional information.)

The Performance Participation Allocation, Management Fee and Administration Fee are payable without taking into account accrued and unpaid taxes of any intermediate entity (including corporations) through which a Fund indirectly invests in an Investment or taxes paid by any such intermediate entity during the applicable reference period or month (as the case may be). Accordingly, this reduces BPIA's (or its relevant affiliates') incentive to ensure intermediate entities are structured in such a manner as to minimize taxes paid or payable by such intermediate entities. (See also "—Performance-Based Compensation" above for additional information.) The Administration Fee is separate from and additional to the Management Fee and any Fund expenses (including administrative expenses incurred in connection with investments and Portfolio Entities).

Allocation of Personnel. BPIA devotes such time and attention to the relevant Funds as it determines to be necessary to conduct its business affairs in an appropriate manner. However, Blackstone personnel, including members of the BXPE Investment Committee, work on other projects, serve on other committees (including boards of directors) and source potential investments for and otherwise assist the investment programs of Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, including other investment programs to be developed in the future. Certain members of the BPIA investment team are also members of other Blackstone investment teams and will continue to serve in those roles (which in some cases is their primary responsibility) and as a result, not all of their business time will be devoted to BPIA. Certain non-investment professionals are not dedicated solely to BPIA and are permitted to work for Other Blackstone Clients, which is expected to detract from the time and attention such persons devote to a particular BXPE Fund. In this regard, however, a core group of Blackstone investment professionals devote such time and attention as is reasonably necessary to the business related to BXPE Funds (and their respective investments) and their related entities (which may include investment funds formed for specific investments). Even some key personnel of the relevant Funds who devote a substantial portion of their time and attention to investment programs within the BPIA group do not devote their time and attention predominantly, or solely, to the Funds, as the BPIA group is one of various programs within Blackstone's private equity business, and such personnel are, in certain circumstances, also shared with the other Blackstone businesses, including but not limited to the PE Platform businesses and other funds/strategies that may be launched in the future. Time spent on these other initiatives diverts attention from the activities of the Funds, which could negatively impact the Funds and limited partners. Furthermore, Blackstone and Blackstone personnel derive financial benefit from these other activities, including fees and performance-based compensation. Blackstone personnel outside the BPIA group share in the fees and performance-based compensation from the Funds, and BPIA personnel similarly share in the fees and performance-based compensation generated by Other Blackstone Clients, in each case including as part of their participation in a Blackstone-sponsored program that provides compensation in connection with their successful referral of a transaction

to the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (as the case may be) or by virtue of other arrangements within Blackstone. These and other factors create conflicts of interest in the allocation of time and attention by Blackstone personnel. A General Partner's determination of the amount of time and attention necessary to conduct a Fund's activities will be conclusive, and limited partners rely on such General Partner's judgment in this regard.

In addition, professionals of BPIA are expected to participate in a Blackstone-sponsored program whereby any professional of BPIA may receive carried interest or other compensation from another business unit of Blackstone in connection with such professional's successful referral of a transaction to such other business unit of Blackstone or by virtue of other arrangements with Blackstone. Such compensation may include carried interest generated by a fund managed by such other business of Blackstone (or potentially even in a third-party fund manager). While not expected to be material, the amount of any carried interest or other compensation received in connection with any such program could ultimately be material and could involve a variety of conflicts of interest relating to such professional's responsibilities with respect to the Funds and its Portfolio Entities, the incentive they would have to refer transactions to other Blackstone business units, and the financial interests they could have in Other Blackstone Clients (including those that could invest in the same Portfolio Entities as the Funds or could transact with the Funds, for example in cross transactions) as a result of their participation in the aforementioned program.

Outside Activities of Principals and Other Personnel and their Related Parties. Certain personnel of Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, be subject to a variety of conflicts of interest relating to their responsibilities to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities, and their outside personal or business activities, including as members of investment or advisory committees or boards of directors of or advisors to investment funds, corporations, foundations or other organizations. Such positions create a conflict if such other entities have interests that are adverse to those of the Funds, including if such other entities compete with the Funds for investment opportunities or other resources. The Blackstone personnel in question could have a greater financial interest in the performance of the other entities than the performance of the Funds. This involvement would create conflicts of interest in making investments on behalf of the Funds and such other funds, accounts and other entities. Although BPIA generally seeks to minimize the impact of any such conflicts, there can be no assurance they will be resolved favorably for the Funds. Also, Blackstone personnel are generally permitted to invest in alternative investment funds, private equity funds, real estate funds, hedge funds, venture capital funds and other investment vehicles, it being understood that such personnel may make such investments for strategic reasons including for purposes of sourcing investment opportunities for BPIA, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone, as well as engage in other personal trading activities relating to companies, assets, securities or instruments, it being

understood that such personnel may make such investments for strategic reasons, including for purposes of sourcing investment opportunities for the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone (subject to Blackstone's Code of Ethics requirements), some of which will involve conflicts of interest. Such personal or other securities transactions will, in certain circumstances, relate to securities or instruments which can be expected to also be held or acquired by other Blackstone clients, the Funds, or otherwise relate to companies or issuers in which the Funds have or acquire a different principal investment (including, for example, with respect to seniority), which can be expected to give rise to conflicts of interest related to misaligned interests between the Funds and such persons, it being understood that where Blackstone personnel make investments in alternative investment funds and other investment vehicles with the intent to source investments for the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, there is a greater likelihood that the Funds or such Other Blackstone Clients will invest in companies in which Blackstone personnel hold an indirect interest. There could be situations in which such alternative investment funds invest in the same portfolio companies as the Funds and there can be situations in which such alternative investment funds purchase securities from, or sell securities to, the Funds. There can be no assurance that conflicts of interest arising out of such activities will be resolved in favor of the Funds. (See also "—Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest" herein.) This conflict is furthered by the overlap in senior leadership among BPIA, Blackstone Tactical Opportunities and certain other Blackstone business units. Limited partners will not receive any benefit from any such investments, and the financial incentives of Blackstone personnel in such other investments could be greater than their financial incentives in relation to the Funds and limited partners may not receive notice should the Funds make investments in which such persons hold indirect interests. Although BPIA will generally seek to minimize the impact of any such conflicts, there can be no assurance they will be resolved favorably for the Funds.

Additionally, certain personnel and other professionals of Blackstone have family members or relatives that are actively involved in industries and sectors in which the Funds invest and/or have business, personal, financial or other relationships with companies in such industries and sectors (including the advisors and service providers described above) or other industries, which gives rise to potential or actual conflicts of interest. For example, such family members or relatives might be officers, directors, personnel or owners of companies or assets which are actual or potential investments of the Funds or other counterparties of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities and/or assets. Moreover, in certain instances, the Funds or their Portfolio Entities can be expected to purchase or sell companies or assets from or to, or otherwise transact with, companies that are owned by such family members or relatives or in respect of which such family members or relatives have other involvement. These relationships have the potential to influence Blackstone, including the General Partners, in deciding whether to select, recommend or create such service providers to perform services for the Funds or a Portfolio Entity (the cost of which

will generally be borne directly or indirectly by the Funds or such Portfolio Entity, as applicable) and to incentivize Blackstone to engage such service provider over another third party. The fees for services provided by such service providers may or may not be at the same rate charged by other third parties and a General Partner undertakes no obligations to select service providers who may have lower rates. A General Partner undertakes no minimum amount of benchmarking. To the extent a General Partner does engage in benchmarking, it cannot be assured that such benchmarking will be accurate, comparable, or relate specifically to the assets or services to which such rates or terms relate. Whether or not a General Partner has a relationship with, or receives financial or other benefit from recommending, a particular service provider, there can be no assurance that no other service provider is more qualified to provide the applicable services or could provide such services at lesser cost. In most such circumstances, the Organizational Documents will not preclude the Funds from undertaking any of these activities or transactions. To the extent Blackstone determines appropriate, conflict mitigation strategies can be expected to be put in place with respect to a particular circumstance, such as internal information barriers or recusal, disclosure or other steps determined appropriate by the applicable General Partner. The limited partners rely on the applicable General Partner to manage these conflicts in its sole discretion.

One or more Portfolio Entities (the “Designated Portfolio Entities”) may employ certain personnel (the “Dedicated Portfolio Entity Personnel”) who devote substantially all of their business time to such Designated Portfolio Entities. Dedicated Portfolio Entity Personnel may have certain qualities of and/or may perform certain functions which were previously performed by Blackstone employees. For example, Dedicated Portfolio Entity Personnel may include a chief investment officer or another individual who will evaluate and source investments with respect to the applicable Designated Portfolio Entity. This person would be an employee of the Designated Portfolio Entity (and receive payments, including salaries, benefits and other compensation (which could include performance-based compensation) from the Designated Portfolio Entity instead of from Blackstone), but he/she could also be expected to participate in regular meetings pertaining to the Designated Portfolio Entity with Blackstone personnel. He/she could also be delegated authority by the investment committee of the Designated Portfolio Entity to make certain investment decisions or otherwise perform management functions with respect to the Designated Portfolio Entity. Dedicated Portfolio Entity Personnel may be offered the ability to invest in (or co-invest alongside) the Funds on preferential terms.

Secondments and Internships. Certain personnel of Blackstone and its affiliates, and the Consultants (as defined herein), will, in certain circumstances, be seconded to, serve internships at, receive trainings from or otherwise provide consulting services to one or more Portfolio Entities, vendors and service providers or investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients to provide finance, accounting, operational support, legal, technology, data management (including

artificial intelligence) and other similar services, including the sourcing of investments for the Funds or other parties. The salaries, benefits, overhead and other expenses for such personnel or otherwise related to such arrangements are expected to be borne by Blackstone and its affiliates or such Portfolio Entities, vendors and service providers or investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, or in certain circumstances, both (in each case depending upon the facts and circumstances associated with such arrangements). In addition, personnel of Portfolio Entities, vendors, service providers (including law firms and accounting firms) and investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients will, in certain circumstances, be seconded to, serve internships at, receive trainings from or otherwise provide consulting services to BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, Portfolio Entities and Other Blackstone Clients. While often the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, and their respective Portfolio Entities are the beneficiaries of these types of arrangements, BPIA or Blackstone are from time to time beneficiaries of these arrangements as well, including in circumstances where the vendor, Portfolio Entity or service provider also provides services to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA, their respective Portfolio Entities, or Blackstone in the ordinary course.

Knowledge and skills gained by personnel during secondment and internship arrangements, including where the costs of such arrangements are borne by the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities, are expected to benefit the respective Fund, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities, Blackstone and/or BPIA upon the secondee's or intern's return to their employer. The Funds or their Portfolio Entities can be expected to pay compensation or cover fees or expenses associated with such secondees and interns. If Blackstone or BPIA pays compensation or covers expenses associated with such secondees and interns, they can, in certain circumstances, be expected to seek reimbursement from the Funds or their Portfolio Entities for such amounts. If a Portfolio Entity of a Fund pays fees or expenses associated with such secondees or interns (including by means of reimbursing Blackstone or BPIA for such fees or expenses), those fees and/or expenses will be borne indirectly by the Fund. Additionally, BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their respective Portfolio Entities could receive benefits from arrangements, including arrangements at no or reduced cost, that they have with secondees or interns employed by service providers or vendors (or affiliates thereof) that provide services to, or whose employees serve as secondees or interns to the Funds (or their Portfolio Entities) that bear the compensation, fees or expenses associated with such services, secondees or interns. Furthermore, such arrangements, including those at no or reduced cost, could include secondees or interns who perform services for the benefit of BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their respective Portfolio Entities that do not benefit such Funds or their Portfolio Entities. Such arrangements could give Blackstone or BPIA an incentive to favor the company that employs the secondees or interns, including in connection with determining whether a Fund should engage, or continue to engage, such company for services. To the extent secondees or intern compensation, fees or other expenses are borne by the Funds, including indirectly through

their Portfolio Entities or reimbursement to Blackstone for such costs, the Management Fee will not be offset or reduced as a result of these arrangements or any fees, expense reimbursements or other costs related thereto. The personnel described above can be expected to provide services in respect of multiple matters, including in respect of matters related to BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities, each of their respective affiliates and related parties, and any costs of such personnel can be expected to be allocated accordingly. BPIA and Blackstone will endeavor in good faith to allocate the costs of these arrangements, if any, to BPIA, Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities, and other parties based on time spent by the personnel or another methodology BPIA or Blackstone deems appropriate in a particular circumstance.

In addition, there could be instances where current and former employees of Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities are seconded to or temporarily hired by the Funds' Portfolio Entities or, at times, the Funds' investments directly. Such secondments or temporary hiring of current and former employees of Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities by the Funds' Portfolio Entities (or their investments) will result in a potential conflict of interest between the Funds' Portfolio Entities and those of such Other Blackstone Clients. The costs of such employees are expected to be borne by the Funds or their relevant Portfolio Entities, as applicable, and the fees paid by the Funds or such Portfolio Entities to other Portfolio Entity service providers or vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee. See also “—Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors” herein.

Other Benefits. BPIA, its affiliates and their personnel and related parties receive intangible and other benefits, discounts and perquisites arising or resulting from their activities on behalf of the Funds, the value of which will not offset or reduce the Management Fee or otherwise be shared with the Funds, their Portfolio Entities or the limited partners. For example, airline travel or hotel stays will result in “miles” or “points” or credit in loyalty or status programs, and certain purchases made by credit card will result in “credit card points”, “cash back” or rebates in addition to loyalty or status program miles or points. Such benefits will, whether or not *de minimis* or difficult to value, inure exclusively to the benefit of BPIA, its affiliates or its personnel or related parties receiving them, even though the cost of the underlying service is borne by the Funds as Fund expenses and/or by Portfolio Entities (see also “—Service Providers, Vendors and Other Counterparties Generally” herein). Similarly, BPIA, its affiliates and their personnel and related parties, and third parties designated by the foregoing, also receive discounts on products and services provided by Portfolio Entities and customers or suppliers of such Portfolio Entities.

Advisors, Consultants and Partners. BPIA, its affiliates and their respective personnel and related parties engage and retain strategic advisors, consultants, senior advisors, operating advisors, industry experts, investment banks, financial intermediaries, service providers, joint venture and

other partners, professionals and market participants, any of whom might be current or former executives or other personnel of BPIA or its affiliates or Portfolio Entities of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (collectively, “Consultants”), to provide a variety of services. Similarly, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities retain and pay compensation to Consultants to provide services, or to undertake a build-up strategy to originate, acquire and develop assets and businesses in a particular sector or involving a particular strategy or engage in certain strategic, operational or developmental initiatives (e.g., to assist a third-party fund manager in which the Funds invest to build out a new business, develop sector-specific expertise, raise new products or grow its assets under management). Any amounts paid by the Funds or a Portfolio Entity to Consultants in connection with the above services, including cash fees, profits, or equity interests in a Portfolio Entity, discretionary bonus awards, performance-based compensation (e.g., promote), retainers and expense reimbursements, will be treated as Fund expenses or expenses of a Portfolio Entity, as the case may be, and will not, even if they have the effect of reducing any retainers or minimum amounts otherwise payable by BPIA or its affiliates, be chargeable to BPIA or its affiliates or deemed paid to or received by BPIA or its affiliates, or offset or reduce any Management Fees to BPIA or be subordinated to return of the limited partners’ capital. Amounts charged by Consultants will not necessarily be confirmed as being comparable to market rates for such services. In certain cases, the Consultants will receive intangible and other benefits resulting from their activities on behalf of the Funds—for example, in the same way that executives from portfolio companies of Other Blackstone Clients may provide insight and/or deal origination for the benefit of the Funds, the work performed by executives of the Funds’ Portfolio Entities may benefit the Consultants and/or Other Blackstone Clients. Consultants may attend events and/or meetings sponsored by the Funds’ Portfolio Entities and/or Other Blackstone Clients or other members of the Blackstone network, and similarly, members of the Blackstone network may attend annual meetings of the Funds. Moreover, in negotiating and structuring transactions with counterparties (such as investment banks, financial intermediaries and other service providers) of the Funds or Portfolio Entities, BPIA will generally not seek to maximize terms as if such transaction was taking place in isolation—it will be free to consider relationship, reputational and market considerations holistically, which can in some circumstances result in a cost to the Funds (or otherwise make the terms of the transaction less favorable for the Funds). Also, Consultants (including for this purpose strategic investors described in “Syndication; Warehousing” herein) may be afforded the right to co-invest alongside the Funds in Portfolio Entities and investments of the Funds or invest directly in products managed by third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest, participate in long-term incentive plans of a Portfolio Entity or fund manager, and invest directly in the Funds or in vehicles controlled by the Funds, with reduced or waived Management Fees and performance-based compensation (where permitted by applicable law), including potentially after the termination of their engagement by or other status with Blackstone, and such co-

investment or participation (which generally will result in Funds being allocated a smaller share of an investment and less co-investment being available to limited partners) may or may not be considered part of Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights, as determined by BPIA or its affiliates in their sole discretion. Consultants' benefits described in this paragraph will, in certain circumstances, continue after termination of status as a Consultant. Moreover, in negotiating and structuring transactions with Consultants, Portfolio Entities or other counterparties of the Fund, BPIA will be free to consider relationship, reputational and market considerations, which can in some circumstances result in less favorable terms for the Funds or Portfolio Entities. The General Partners may cause the Funds to bear a portion or the entire amount of organizational and ongoing expenses (or broken deal expenses, if applicable) relating to the Consultant's co-investment alongside the Funds as Fund expenses or as expenses of the Portfolio Entities, notwithstanding that the Consultant and other equity holders in that Portfolio Entity will receive the benefit of any returns that result from Consultant services.

The time, dedication, nature of relationship and scope of work of a Consultant varies considerably. In some cases, a Consultant advises Blackstone on transactions, provides BPIA with industry-specific insights and feedback on investment themes, assists in transaction due diligence, and makes introductions to, and provides reference checks on, management teams. In other cases, Consultants take on more extensive roles, including serving as executives or directors on the boards of Portfolio Entities and contributing to the identification and origination of new investment opportunities. The Funds may rely on these Consultants to recommend BPIA and the Funds as a preferred investment partner and carry out its investment program, but there is no assurance that any Consultant will continue to be involved with the Funds for any length of time, including an entire investment period of a Fund, to the extent applicable. BPIA and the Funds can be expected to have formal or informal arrangements with Consultants that may or may not have termination options and may include compensation, no compensation, or deferred compensation until occurrence of a future event, such as commencement of a formal engagement. In certain cases, Consultants have certain attributes of Blackstone "employees" (e.g., they can be expected to make use of offices (and, potentially, even have dedicated office space) at Blackstone, receive administrative support from Blackstone personnel, participate in certain meetings and events for Blackstone personnel or work on Blackstone matters as their primary or sole business activity, have Blackstone-related e-mail addresses or business cards and participate in certain benefit arrangements (e.g., the side-by-side investment program) typically reserved for Blackstone employees), even though they are not Blackstone employees, affiliates or personnel for purposes of the Organizational Documents, and their salary and related expenses are paid by the Funds as Fund expenses or by Portfolio Entities without any reduction or offset to Management Fees. Some Consultants work only for a Fund and its Portfolio Entities, while other Consultants may have other clients, including Other Blackstone Clients, as described below. In particular, in some cases, Consultants, including those with a "Senior Advisor,"

“Operating Advisor,” or “Executive Advisor” title, have been and will be engaged with the responsibility to source, diligence and recommend transactions to BPIA potentially on a full-time and/or exclusive basis and, notwithstanding any overlap with the responsibilities of BPIA under the Organizational Documents, the compensation to such Consultants may be borne fully by the Funds and/or Portfolio Entities (with no reduction or offset to Management Fees) and not BPIA. Consultants could have conflicts of interest between their work for a Fund and its Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and themselves or other clients, on the other hand, and BPIA is limited in its ability to monitor and mitigate these conflicts. Additionally, Consultants are permitted to provide services on behalf of both the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, and any work performed by Consultants retained on behalf of the Funds may benefit such Other Blackstone Clients (and alternatively, work performed by Consultants on behalf of Other Blackstone Clients may benefit the Funds), and BPIA shall have no obligation to allocate any portion of the costs to be borne by the Funds in respect of such Consultant’s work on behalf of the Funds to such Other Blackstone Clients, except as described below. In certain cases, including where the Funds do not own a controlling interest in a Portfolio Entity, the Portfolio Entity, its management and/or equity holders potentially will not agree to engage and/or bear the costs of Consultants. In such cases, where the General Partners believe the services of the Consultant will benefit a Portfolio Entity, it is authorized to cause the Funds to bear such costs directly, resulting in the Funds bearing a disproportionate share of those costs vis-à-vis other equity holders of a Portfolio Entity, notwithstanding that other equity holders in that Portfolio Entity will receive the benefit of any returns that result from Consultant services.

In addition, the Funds will, in certain circumstances, enter into an arrangement from time to time with one or more individuals (who may be former personnel of Blackstone or current or former personnel of Portfolio Entities of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, may have experience or capability in sourcing or managing investments, and may form a management team) to undertake a new business line or a build-up strategy to acquire and develop assets and businesses in a particular sector or involving a particular strategy. The services provided by such individuals or relevant Portfolio Entity, as the case may be, could include the following with respect to investments of the Funds: origination or sourcing, due diligence, evaluation, negotiation, servicing, development, management (including turnaround) and disposition. The individuals or relevant Portfolio Entity could be compensated with a salary and equity incentive plan, including a portion of profits derived from the Funds or a Portfolio Entity or asset of the Funds (which may take the form of a management fee and/or profits allocation (whether paid directly to such individuals and/or to an affiliated entity controlled by such individuals)), or other long term incentive plans. Such compensation could be based on assets under management and/or a waterfall similar to a carried interest or other similar metrics, which will not be subject to the Management Fee offset. The professionals at such platform company, which in certain circumstances can be expected to include former employees of or current or former senior

advisors or consultants to Blackstone, BPIA, their affiliates and/or Portfolio Entities of Other Blackstone Clients, can be expected to undertake analysis and evaluation of potential investment and acquisition opportunities for such platform company. (See also “—Blackstone Affiliated Service Providers” herein.) In such circumstances, Funds would initially invest capital to fund a portion of the overhead (including rent, utilities, benefits, salary or retainers for the individuals and/or their affiliated entities) and sourcing costs for such investments. Although Blackstone is generally responsible under the Organizational Documents for certain overhead expenses and investment analysis associated with sourcing and managing investments, as well as compensation costs of BPIA’s investment professionals, the Funds would, in such circumstances, invest capital to fund some or all of the costs of such platform companies including costs related to overhead (including rent, utilities, benefits, salary or retainers for the individuals and/or their affiliated entities) and the sourcing, due diligence and analysis of investments, as well as the compensation for the individuals and entity undertaking the build-up strategy. The activities performed by investment professionals at platform companies will in certain cases be similar to the investment management activities performed by BPIA’s investment professionals in respect of the Funds. In such cases, the Funds will both indirectly bear the compensation expenses for the platform companies’ investment professionals and directly bear the management fees in respect of capital invested by the Funds in such platform companies. BPIA could have an incentive to cause the Funds to invest in platform companies in circumstances where such investments have the effect of reducing (or avoiding a need to increase) the number of investment professionals that BPIA needs to employ in respect of the Funds. Such expenses could be borne directly by the Funds as Fund expenses (or broken deal expenses, if applicable) or indirectly through expenditures by a Portfolio Entity. None of such Portfolio Entities or Consultants will be treated as affiliates of BPIA for purposes of the Organizational Documents, and none of the fees, costs or expenses described above will reduce or offset the Management Fee.

In addition, BPIA and its affiliates could, in certain circumstances, engage third parties as Consultants (or another similar capacity) in order to advise it with respect to existing investments, specific investment opportunities, and economic and industry trends. Such Consultants are permitted to receive reimbursement of reasonable related expenses by Portfolio Entities or the Funds and may have the opportunity to invest in a portion of the equity available to the Funds for investment which may be taken by BPIA and its affiliates. If such Consultants generate investment opportunities on the Funds’ behalf, such Consultants may receive special additional fees or allocations comparable to those received by a third party in an arm’s length transaction and such additional fees or allocations would be borne fully by the Funds and/or Portfolio Entities (with no reduction or offset to Management Fees) and not BPIA.

Blackstone has developed a strong network of relationships with investment owners, leading financial institutions, operating partners, senior business executives and government officials.

These relationships provide market knowledge and form the backbone of its investment-sourcing network. Blackstone has, and expects to continue to have, a significant volume of deal flow. Primary sources of Blackstone transactions include:

- Relationships of individual Blackstone Senior Managing Directors and professionals;
- Major corporations, investment owners and operators with which Blackstone has worked in the past and that wish to divest assets or partner with Blackstone;
- Investment/commercial banks;
- Brokers/dealers; and
- Borrowers.

Multiple Blackstone Business Lines. Blackstone has multiple business lines, including the Blackstone Capital Markets Group (“BXC”), which Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and third parties have engaged and will, in certain circumstances, engage for debt and equity financings and to provide other investment banking, brokerage, investment advisory or other services. There will be no limitations on the ability of such other business units to provide services to or engage in transactions with third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest and their affiliates or portfolio companies, and investors in the Funds will not be entitled to share in any fees or payments received in respect of any such services or transactions or receive notice thereof, and any such fees or payments will not result in any offset to the Management Fee payable by investors in the Funds. As a result of these activities, Blackstone is subject to a number of actual and potential conflicts of interest, greater regulatory oversight and more legal and contractual restrictions than if it had one line of business. For example, from time to time, Blackstone could come into possession of information that limits the Funds’ ability to engage in potential transactions. Similarly, other Blackstone businesses and their personnel could be prohibited by law or contract from sharing information with BPIA that would be relevant to monitoring the Funds’ investments and other activities, including as a result of information received from third-party fund managers in connection with such other Blackstone businesses. Additionally, Blackstone or Other Blackstone Clients can be expected to enter into covenants that restrict or otherwise limit the ability of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities and their affiliates to make investments in, or otherwise engage in, certain businesses or activities. For example, a Fund or Other Blackstone Clients could have granted exclusivity to a joint venture partner that limits the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients from owning assets within a certain distance of any of the joint venture’s assets, or Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client could have entered into a non-compete in connection with a sale or other transaction or agreed to other restrictions that could impact the Funds’ ability to consummate investments. These types of restrictions could negatively impact the ability of a Fund to implement its investment program. (See also “—Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” herein.) Finally, Blackstone

personnel who are members of the investment team or investment committee may be excluded from participating in certain investment decisions due to conflicts involving other Blackstone businesses or for other reasons, including other personal or business activities, in which case the Funds will not benefit from their experience. The limited partners will not receive a benefit from any fees earned by Blackstone or its personnel from these other businesses. (See “Other Blackstone Business Activities,” “Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities,” “Portfolio Entity Relationships Generally” and “Conflicting Fiduciary Duties to Debt Funds” herein.) The Funds may also co-invest with Other Blackstone Clients or other persons with whom Blackstone has a relationship in particular investment opportunities, and other aspects of these Blackstone relationships could influence the decisions made by BPIA with respect to the Funds’ investments and otherwise result in a conflict (See also “—Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” herein.)

Finally, Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients could acquire limited partner interests in the Funds in the secondary market. Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients would generally have greater information than counterparties in such transactions, and the existence of such business could produce conflicts, including in the valuation of the Funds’ investments.

Charitable and Political Contributions. To the extent permitted by applicable law, BPIA may, from time to time, require, cause or invite the Funds and/or a Portfolio Entity to make contributions to charitable initiatives, certain communities and/or related organizations or other non-profit organizations that BPIA believes could, directly or indirectly, enhance the value of the Funds’ investments, assist in completing an acquisition of a Portfolio Entity or other transaction (whether or not documented at the time of such acquisition or transaction) or otherwise serve a business purpose for, or be beneficial to, the Funds or their Portfolio Entities. Such contributions could be designed to benefit employees of a Portfolio Entity, the community in which a Portfolio Entity operates or a charitable cause essential to, or consistent with, the business purpose of a Portfolio Entity. In certain instances, such charitable initiatives could be sponsored by, affiliated with or related to current or former employees of Blackstone, portfolio entity management teams, advisors, operating partners, service providers, vendors, joint venture partners, and/or other persons or organizations associated with Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or the Portfolio Entities. These relationships could influence BPIA’s decision whether to require, cause or invite the Funds or Portfolio Entities to make charitable contributions. Further, from time to time, such charitable contributions by the Funds or the Portfolio Entities could supplement or replace charitable contributions that Blackstone would have otherwise made. Also, in certain instances, BPIA may, from time to time, select a service provider or other counterparty to the Funds or their investments based, in part, on the charitable initiatives of such person where BPIA believes such charitable initiatives could, directly or indirectly, enhance the value of the Funds’ investments or otherwise be beneficial to the Portfolio Entities.

To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, a Portfolio Entity and/or, less commonly, the Funds on behalf of a Portfolio Entity may, in the ordinary course of its business, make political contributions to elected officials, candidates for elected office or political organizations, hire lobbyists or engage in other permissible political activities in U.S. or non-U.S. jurisdictions with the intent of furthering its business interests or otherwise, to the extent permitted by applicable law. Portfolio Entities are not considered affiliates of Blackstone under the applicable Organizational Documents (and in some cases are not controlled by Blackstone), and therefore such activities are not subject to relevant policies of BPIA and such activities may be undertaken by a Portfolio Entity without the knowledge or direction of BPIA. In other circumstances, there may be initiatives where such activities are coordinated by Blackstone for the benefit of certain Portfolio Entities. The interests advanced by a Portfolio Entity through such activities could, in certain circumstances, not align with or be adverse to the interests of other Portfolio Entities, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or the limited partners. The costs of such activities may be allocated among those Portfolio Entities (and borne indirectly by the Funds). While the costs of such activities will typically be borne by the Portfolio Entity undertaking such activities (and indirectly the Funds), such activities could also directly or indirectly benefit other Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients or Blackstone (it being understood that to the extent BPIA determines that such activities are in the best interests of an investment, the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, then such vehicle, as applicable, is expected to bear its *pro rata* share of such costs as Fund expenses). There can be no assurance that any such activities will be successful in advancing the interests of a Portfolio Entity or otherwise benefit such Portfolio Entity or the Funds.

Any such charitable contributions or political contributions made by the Funds or the Portfolio Entities, if material, could affect the Funds' performance in respect of the relevant investment and will not offset the Management Fee payable by the Funds. There can be no assurance that any such activities will actually be beneficial to or enhance the value of the Funds or the Portfolio Entities, or that BPIA will be able to resolve any associated conflict of interest in favor of the Funds.

Minority Investments in Asset Management Firms. Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients, including GP Stakes Funds and their related parties, regularly make minority investments in alternative asset management firms that are not affiliated with Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities, and which may from time to time engage in similar investment transactions, including with respect to purchase and sale of investments, with these asset management firms and their sponsored funds and Portfolio Entities. It is contemplated that the Funds will participate in these kinds of investments. Typically, the Blackstone-related party with an interest in the asset management firm would be entitled to receive a share of carried interest/performance-based incentive compensation and net fee

income or revenue share generated by the various products, vehicles, funds and accounts managed by that third-party asset management firm that are included in the transaction or activities of the third-party asset management firm, or a subset of such activities such as transactions with a Blackstone-related party. In addition, while such minority investments are generally structured so that Blackstone does not “control” such third-party asset management firms, Blackstone may nonetheless be afforded certain governance rights in relation to such investments (typically in the nature of “protective” rights, negative control rights or anti-dilution arrangements, as well as certain reporting and consultation rights) that afford Blackstone the ability to influence the firm. Although Blackstone, the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, including GP Stakes Funds, do not intend to control such third-party asset management firms, there can be no assurance that all third parties will similarly conclude that such investments are non-control investments or that, due to the provisions of the governing documents of such third-party asset management firms or the interpretation of applicable law or regulations, investments by Blackstone, the Funds, and Other Blackstone Clients, including GP Stakes Funds, will not be deemed to have control elements for certain contractual, regulatory or other purposes. While such third-party asset managers will not be deemed “affiliates” of Blackstone under the Organizational Documents for any other purpose, Blackstone may, under certain circumstances, be in a position to influence the management and operations of such asset managers and the existence of its economic / revenue sharing interest therein could give rise to conflicts of interest. It is expected that the Funds will from time to time participate in such investments in or alongside Other Blackstone Clients, including GP Stakes Funds. Participation rights in a third-party asset management firm (or other similar business), negotiated governance arrangements and/or the interpretation of applicable law or regulations could expose the investments of the Funds to claims by third parties in connection with such investments (as indirect owners of such asset management firms or similar businesses) that could have an adverse financial or reputational impact on the performance of the Funds. Furthermore, it is expected that the Funds, their affiliates and their respective Portfolio Entities will engage in transactions with, and buy and sell investments from, any such third-party asset managers and their sponsored funds, and make investments in vehicles sponsored by such third-party asset managers, which may result in the Blackstone-related party earning carried interest/performance-based incentive compensation and/or fee income in respect of any such transactions. Subject to the terms of the Organizational Documents, such transactions and other commercial arrangements between the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and such third-party asset managers, on the other, may not be subject to the consent of the limited partners or shareholders, as applicable, or the approval of any board of directors or independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable). There can be no assurance that the terms of these transactions between parties related to Blackstone, on the one hand, and the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, on the other hand, will be at arm’s length or that Blackstone will not receive a

benefit from such transactions, which can be expected to incentivize Blackstone to cause these transactions to occur. Such conflicts related to investments in and arrangements with other asset management firms will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds. Investors will not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the terms or occurrence of either the investments in alternative asset management firms or transactions therewith and will not receive any benefit from such transactions.

Blackstone Policies and Procedures; Information Walls. Blackstone has implemented policies and procedures to address conflicts that arise as a result of its various activities, as well as regulatory and other legal considerations. Specified policies and procedures, such as Blackstone's information wall policy, implemented by Blackstone to mitigate potential conflicts of interest and address certain regulatory requirements and contractual restrictions will reduce the synergies and collaboration across Blackstone's various businesses that the Funds expects to draw on for purposes of identifying, pursuing and managing attractive investment opportunities. Because Blackstone has many different asset management and advisory businesses, including, but not limited to, private equity, growth equity, a credit business, a secondary funds business, an infrastructure business, an insurance solutions business, a hedge fund business, a capital markets group, a life sciences business and a real estate advisory business, it is subject to a number of actual and potential conflicts of interest, greater regulatory oversight and more legal and contractual restrictions than that to which it would otherwise be subject if it had just one line of business. In addressing these conflicts and regulatory, legal and contractual requirements across its various businesses and to protect against the inappropriate sharing and/or use of information between the Funds and the other business units at Blackstone, Blackstone has implemented certain policies and procedures (e.g., Blackstone's information wall policy) regarding the sharing of information that have the potential to reduce the positive synergies and collaborations that the Funds could otherwise expect to utilize for purposes of identifying, pursuing and managing attractive investments. For example, Blackstone will from time to time come into possession of material non-public information with respect to companies in which Other Blackstone Clients may be considering making an investment or companies that are clients of Blackstone. As a consequence, that information, which could be of benefit to a Fund, might become restricted to those other respective businesses and otherwise be unavailable to such Fund. There can be no assurance, however, that any such policies and/or procedures will be effective in accomplishing their stated purpose and/or that they will not otherwise adversely affect the ability of the Funds to effectively achieve their investment objective by unduly limiting the investment flexibility of the Funds and/or the flow of otherwise appropriate information between BPJA and other business units at Blackstone. For example, in some instances, personnel of Blackstone will be unable to assist with the activities of a Fund as a result of these walls. There can be no assurance that additional restrictions will not be imposed that would further limit the ability of Blackstone to share information internally. In addition, due to these restrictions, in some instances, a Fund

would not be able to initiate a transaction that it otherwise might have initiated and may not be able to arrange for the sale and liquidation of all or any portion of an investment that it otherwise might have purchased or sold, which could negatively affect its operations or performance.

In addition, to the extent that Blackstone is in possession of material non-public information or is otherwise restricted from trading in certain securities, the Funds and BPIA may also be deemed to be in possession of such information or otherwise restricted, which could reduce the Funds' investment flexibility. Additionally, the terms of confidentiality or other agreements with or related to companies in which any Blackstone fund has or has considered making an investment or which is otherwise a client of Blackstone will from time to time restrict or otherwise limit the ability of the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities and their affiliates to make investments in or otherwise engage in businesses or activities competitive with such companies. Blackstone may enter into one or more strategic relationships in certain regions or with respect to certain types of investments that, although intended to provide greater opportunities for the Funds, may require the Funds to share such opportunities or otherwise limit the amount of an opportunity the Funds can otherwise take.

In addition, the Funds expect to invest in Blackstone business units that sit on different sides of a Blackstone information wall, which could necessitate imposing restrictions on the Funds' investment activities, BPIA's ability to share information with a Blackstone business unit alongside which a Fund is investing and/or the degree of access BPIA is given to information relating to investments made by the Fund alongside a Blackstone business unit.

Data. Blackstone receives, generates and/or obtains various kinds of data and information from the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their respective Portfolio Entities, and, at their election, certain investors in the Funds and investors in Other Blackstone Clients, as well as related parties, service providers and other sources in connection with the Funds' activities, including but not limited to data and information relating to or created in connection with business operations, financial results, trends, budgets, plans, suppliers, customers, employees, contractors, Sustainability, energy usage, carbon emissions and related metrics, financial information, commercial and transactional information, customer and user data, employee and contractor data, supplier and cost data, and other related data and information, some of which is sometimes referred to as alternative data or "big data." Blackstone can be expected to be better able to anticipate macroeconomic and other trends, and otherwise develop investment themes or identify specific investment, trading or business opportunities, as a result of its access to (and rights regarding, including use, ownership, distribution, and derived works rights over) this data and information from the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities and, at their election, certain investors in the Funds and investors in Other Blackstone Clients, as well as related parties, service providers and other sources in connection with the Funds' activities.

Blackstone has entered and will continue to enter into information sharing and use, measurement, and other arrangements with the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities, and, at their election, certain investors in the Funds and investors in Other Blackstone Clients, as well as related parties, service providers and other sources in connection with the Funds' activities, which will give Blackstone access to (and rights regarding, including use, ownership, distribution, and derived works rights over) data that it would not otherwise obtain in the ordinary course. Further, this alternative data is expected to be aggregated across the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities. Although Blackstone believes that these activities improve Blackstone's investment management and other business activities on behalf of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, information obtained from the Funds, their Portfolio Entities and, at their election, certain investors in the Funds and in Other Blackstone Clients, as well as related parties, service providers and other sources in connection with the Funds' activities, also provides material benefits to Blackstone or Other Blackstone Clients typically without compensation or other benefit accruing to the Funds, their investors or Portfolio Entities. For example, information obtained from a Portfolio Entity owned by a Fund can be expected to enable Blackstone to better understand a particular industry, enhance Blackstone's ability to provide advice or direction on strategy or operations to the management team of one or more Portfolio Entities owned by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, and execute trading and investment strategies in reliance on that understanding for Blackstone, other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients that do not own an interest in such Portfolio Entity, typically without compensation or benefit to such Portfolio Entity or the Fund that owns it. Blackstone is expected to serve as the repository for data described in this paragraph, including with ownership, use and distribution rights therein.

Furthermore, except for contractual obligations to third parties to maintain confidentiality of certain information or otherwise limit the scope and purpose of its use or distribution, and regulatory limitations on the use of material non-public information, Blackstone is generally free to use and distribute data and information from a Fund's and its Portfolio Entities' activities to assist in the pursuit of Blackstone's various other activities, including but not limited to trading activities or other uses for the benefit of Blackstone, another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client. Any confidentiality obligations in the Funds' Organizational Documents do not limit Blackstone's ability to do so. For example, Blackstone's ability to trade in securities of an issuer relating to a specific industry could, subject to applicable law, be enhanced by information of a Portfolio Entity in the same or related industry. Such trading or other business activities are expected to provide a material benefit to Blackstone without compensation or other benefit to the Funds or their investors.

Data Services. Blackstone or an affiliate of Blackstone formed in the future will provide data services to Portfolio Entities, to certain investors in the Funds and in Other Blackstone Clients,

and to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and other Blackstone affiliates and associated entities (including funds in which Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients make investments, and Portfolio Entities thereof) (collectively, “Data Holders”). Such services can be expected to include assistance with obtaining, analyzing, curating, processing, packaging, distributing, organizing, mapping, holding, transforming, enhancing, marketing and selling such data (among other related data management and consulting services) for monetization through licensing or sale arrangements with third parties and, subject to the limitations in the Funds’ Organizational Documents and any other applicable contractual limitations, with the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities, investors in the Funds and in Other Blackstone Clients, and other Blackstone affiliates and associated entities (including funds in which Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients make investments, and Portfolio Entities thereof). Where Blackstone believes appropriate, data from one Data Holder will be aggregated or pooled with data from other Data Holders. Any revenues arising from such aggregated or pooled data sets would be allocated between applicable Data Holders on a fair and reasonable basis as determined by Blackstone in its sole discretion, with Blackstone able to make corrective allocations should it determine subsequently that such corrections were necessary or advisable. If Blackstone in the future enters into data services arrangements with Portfolio Entities and receives compensation from such Portfolio Entities for such data services, Funds will indirectly bear their share of such compensation based on their ownership of such Portfolio Entities, which would be in addition to any annual flat fee paid as part of Fund expenses for data science-related services. To the extent Blackstone receives compensation for such data management services, such compensation could include a percentage of the revenues generated through any licensing or sale arrangements with respect to the relevant data, as well as fees, royalties and cost and expense reimbursement (including start-up costs and allocable overhead associated with personnel working on relevant matters (including salaries, benefits and other similar expenses)). Such compensation will not offset or reduce Management Fees or any other fees or expenses borne by the Funds or otherwise be shared with the Funds or Fund investors. Additionally, Blackstone is also expected to share and distribute the products from such data services within Blackstone or its affiliates (including Other Blackstone Clients or their Portfolio Entities) at no charge and, in such cases, the Data Holders will not receive any financial or other benefit from having provided such data to Blackstone. The potential receipt of such compensation by Blackstone creates incentives for Blackstone to cause the Funds to invest in Portfolio Entities with a significant amount of data that it might not otherwise have invested in or on terms less favorable than it otherwise would have sought to obtain on behalf of such Funds. (See also “—Data” herein.)

Strategic Partnership. Blackstone can be expected to enter into strategic relationships with investors (and/or one or more of their affiliates) that involve an overall relationship with Blackstone (which will afford such investor special rights and benefits) that could incorporate one or more strategies (including, but not limited to, a different sector and/or geographical focus) in

addition to the BXPE Funds' strategy ("Strategic Relationships"). A Strategic Relationship often involves, but does not require, an investor agreeing to make a capital commitment or subscription (which can be subject to a lock-up period or other mechanism limiting such investor's redemption rights), as applicable, to one or more Blackstone funds, including but not limited to certain BXPE Funds and/or any Parallel Entities. Specific examples of such additional rights and benefits that have been offered, and/or can be expected to be offered, to certain investors in Other Blackstone Clients in the future, have included and/or can be expected to include, but are not limited to among others, specialized reporting, in-kind distributions (which may be of one or more investments), discounts on or reductions to and/or reimbursement or rebates of fund fees or incentive allocation, adjustment payments relating to investment performance, secondment of personnel from the investor to Blackstone (or vice versa), targeted amounts for co-investments alongside Blackstone vehicles (including, without limitation, preferential or favorable allocation of co-investment, and preferential terms and conditions related to co-investment or other participation in Blackstone vehicles (including any incentive allocation and/or fund fees to be charged with respect thereto, as well as any additional discounts, reductions, reimbursements or rebates thereof or other penalties that may result if certain target co-investment allocations or other conditions under such arrangements are not achieved)). For the avoidance of doubt, such examples are not exhaustive, and the specific terms of any such additional rights and benefits that are ultimately granted to one or more investor(s) in a Fund may vary from those as described herein. The co-investment that is part of a Strategic Relationship may include co-investment in investments made by a Fund. (See also "—Diverse Limited Partner Group" herein). Strategic Relationships will, in certain circumstances, result in fewer co-investment opportunities (or reduced allocations) being made available to the BXPE Funds. (See also "—Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest" herein.)

Buying and Selling Investments or Assets from/to Certain Related Parties. The Funds and their Portfolio Entities can be expected to purchase investments or assets from or sell investments or assets of such Funds to the Funds' investors, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or their respective related parties, including parties which such Funds' investors, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities own or have invested in. In certain circumstances, it can be expected that the proceeds received by a counterparty from a Fund or its Portfolio Entities in respect of an investment or asset will be distributed, in whole or in part, to a related party of the Fund or BPIA (i.e., a Fund's investor, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Portfolio Entities thereof) when such related party indirectly holds interests in such underlying investment or asset through the counterparty (including, for example, in such related party's capacity as an investor in such counterparty). Blackstone will generally rely upon internal analysis consistent with its valuation policies and procedures to determine the ultimate value of the applicable investment or asset, though it could also obtain third-party valuation reports in respect thereof. Such purchases and sales could occur on a

programmatic basis. In other circumstances, where a Fund or a related party of the Fund (i.e., a Fund Investor, a Portfolio Entity of another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client, another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client) holds publicly traded securities in a Portfolio Entity and the Fund or such related party has entered into a privately negotiated transaction with such Portfolio Entity, the Fund or such related party can be expected to receive (directly or indirectly) proceeds from such related party or the Fund, as applicable, upon the consummation of such privately negotiated transaction. In each such circumstance, Fund investors, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or their respective related parties could also have limited governance rights in respect of such counterparty or such investment or asset. Purchases and sales of investments or assets of the Funds between the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and investors and/or Portfolio Entities of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or their respective related parties, on the other hand, are not subject to the approval of any advisory committee of a Fund or limited partner (or Independent Client Representative (if any)), or any board of directors, as applicable, except as expressly required under the Organizational Documents or unless otherwise required under the Advisers Act or other applicable laws or regulations. A Fund could originate or initially acquire an investment (or portfolio of related investments) in circumstances where it expects that certain portions or tranches thereof (which could be of different levels of seniority or credit quality) will be syndicated to one or more other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or where such other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients provide equity or debt financing to the Funds or third-party purchasers in connection with the disposition of such assets (in which case Blackstone will have conflicting duties in determining the tranching thereof). See also “—Syndication; Warehousing” herein. Blackstone will have conflicting duties to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients when the Funds (or their Portfolio Entities) buy or sell assets from or to other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (and, potentially, when the Funds buy, sell or redeem interests in other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients) or when such other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients provide equity or debt financing to a Fund or third-party purchasers in connection with the disposition of such assets, including as a result of different financial incentives Blackstone could have with respect to such Fund and such Other Blackstone Clients. These conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favor of a Fund, and the Fund’s investors will not necessarily receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

A Fund could similarly sell all or any portion of an asset as part of the sale of a portfolio comprised of such asset and assets owned by Other Blackstone Clients to a buyer at a single purchase price, in which case BPIA will determine in good faith the portion of the purchase price payable to the Fund. In addition, certain financings between a Fund and Blackstone affiliates could involve structuring that in form is a transaction between the Funds and an affiliate, but which will not be treated as the sale of an investment to the Funds from a Blackstone affiliate (or vice versa) for purposes of the Funds’ Organizational Documents, as determined by BPIA in good faith. For

example, where a Fund in anticipation of a take-private transaction purchases publicly traded securities of an issuer in which an Other Blackstone Client holds an interest, such take-private transaction, if structured as a merger between the issuer and one or more subsidiaries of the Fund, would generally not be treated as the sale of an investment in such issuer from such Other Blackstone Client to the Fund for purposes of the Fund's Organizational Documents, including in a situation where holders of the securities of the issuer (including the Other Blackstone Client) automatically receive cash consideration in exchange for their interest when the merger becomes effective. Further, a Portfolio Entity could sell its data to Funds' investors, Portfolio Entities of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or their respective related parties (see also "Data" and "Data Services" herein). These transactions involve conflicts of interest, as Blackstone can, directly or indirectly, receive fees and other benefits from or otherwise have interests in both parties to the transaction, including Blackstone having different financial incentives with respect to the parties to the transaction.

There can be no assurance that any investment or asset sold by the Funds to a limited partner, other Funds, or Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities thereof, or any of their respective related parties (or where any such related parties are providing financing to the Funds or a third-party purchaser or where any interests in other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients are being sold or redeemed by the Funds) will not be valued at or allocated a sale price that is lower than might otherwise have been the case if such asset were sold to a third-party rather than to a limited partner, other Funds, or Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities thereof, or any of their respective related parties (or were sold in a transaction where the Fund or the third-party purchaser is not receiving financing from a related party, or in the case of interests in an Other Blackstone Client sold or redeemed by the Funds, if the issuer of the interests were a third-party rather than another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client). Blackstone can, but will not be required to solicit third-party bids or obtain a third-party valuation prior to causing the Funds or any of their Portfolio Entities to purchase or sell any asset or investment from or to a Fund's limited partner, other Funds, or Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities thereof, or any of their respective related parties as provided above (or to purchase, sell, or redeem any interests in another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client). In the event Blackstone does solicit third-party bids in a sale process of any such assets, the participation of another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client (or a related party thereof) through the financing of a third party purchase could potentially have a negative impact on the overall process. For example, a bidder that is not working with, or has otherwise chosen not to work with, another Fund or an Other Blackstone Client for such financing could perceive the process as favoring parties that are doing so. While Blackstone will seek to develop sale procedures that mitigate conflicts for the Funds, there can be no assurance that any bidding process will not be negatively impacted by the involvement of any other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients in the relevant transaction. All the foregoing transactions involve conflicts of interest, as Blackstone will receive fees and other

benefits, directly or indirectly, from or otherwise have interests in both parties to the transaction, including different financial incentives Blackstone will have with respect to the parties to the transaction. These conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favor of a Fund, and limited partners will not necessarily receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities. Blackstone invests its own capital and third-party capital throughout the world, including on behalf of its other investment funds, investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts (including certain Blackstone Credit and Insurance managed accounts and certain portfolio entities of the Funds) and related entities (including Other Blackstone Clients), which includes a number of existing Other Blackstone Clients that have an investment strategy or objective that is adjacent to or overlaps with those of the Funds. The investment objectives of such Other Blackstone Clients may be a subset of, overlap significantly with, or be more narrowly focused (e.g., focusing on one asset class, sector and/or one geographic region (including one or more countries)) than the investment objectives of the Funds, and allocations of relevant investment opportunities may be made to such Other Blackstone Clients on a priority basis. Moreover, Blackstone may establish Other Blackstone Clients or other vehicles that would otherwise be a Fund but for the fact that the vehicles will not target multiple investments and/or are publicly offered (e.g., a special purpose acquisition vehicle), and this is the case even though the initial target company may make additional add-on acquisitions. Such Other Blackstone Clients may be sponsored and managed by BPIA or its affiliates and may participate alongside the Funds with respect to investments within such narrower focus, limitation or shared investment objectives (which could reduce, in whole or in part, the allocation thereof to the Funds). Investors should expect that in certain circumstances, not all of the investment opportunities suitable for the Funds will be presented to the Funds. Investment opportunities that might otherwise fall within the Funds' investment objectives or strategy may be allocated to Other Blackstone Clients (in whole or in part). In addition, certain Other Blackstone Clients may have investment objectives, and a history of investing in investments that are a subset of or overlap with the investment objectives of the BPIA program. Moreover, portfolio companies of Other Blackstone Clients may pursue follow-on investments (using, in whole or in part, such portfolio company's own balance sheet capital or with additional capital from such Other Blackstone Client) that fall within the Funds' investment objectives or strategy. Therefore, there could be instances where investments that are consistent with the Funds' investment objectives may be allocated to such Other Blackstone Client's portfolio company as a follow-on investment.

It is expected that some activities of Blackstone (including BXi, as defined below), the Other Blackstone Clients (such as BXG, BCP Funds, BCEP Funds, Tac Opps Funds, BXINFRA (as defined below) and certain Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds) and their Portfolio Entities will

compete with the Funds and their Portfolio Entities for one or more investment opportunities that are consistent with the Funds' or its Portfolio Entity's investment objectives and would otherwise be appropriate for the Funds, and as a result such investment opportunities may only be available on a limited basis, or not at all, to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities (as applicable). Blackstone or its personnel are also expected to make and hold investments of various types with or in lieu of the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their Portfolio Entities. Although such investments would be limited or restricted by the Organizational Documents or the organizational documents of or other agreements relating to Other Blackstone Clients, to the extent Blackstone or its personnel does make or hold such investments, many of the conflicts of interest associated with the activities of Other Blackstone Clients also apply to such investment activities of Blackstone and its personnel. BPIA and its investment personnel have conflicting loyalties in determining whether an investment opportunity should be allocated to the Funds, Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client, and there can be no assurance that these conflicts will necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds. Blackstone has adopted guidelines and policies, which it can be expected to update from time to time, regarding allocation of investment opportunities.

Overlapping Objectives and Strategies. In circumstances in which any Other Blackstone Clients have investment objectives or guidelines that overlap with those of the Funds, in whole or in part, Blackstone (and the particular investment professionals overseeing allocations with respect to the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients) generally determines the relative allocation of investment opportunities (including follow-on investments) between or among one or more of the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients on a fair and reasonable basis in good faith according to guidelines and factors determined by it. However, the application of those guidelines and factors could result in the Funds not participating, or not participating to the same or greater extent, in investment opportunities (including follow-on investments) in which they would have otherwise participated, or participated to a greater extent had the related allocations been determined without regard to such guidelines. BPIA could also determine not to pursue opportunities, as discussed below in "Investment Alongside Other Blackstone Clients", or, alternatively, could later determine an opportunity is appropriate for a Fund after initially reviewing such opportunity for or on behalf of an Other Blackstone Client. For example, Blackstone could determine to allocate an investment opportunity to a Fund and/or Other Blackstone Clients, with the understanding or arrangement that the Fund will not participate in one or more subsequent investment opportunities in the same Portfolio Entity, thereby, resulting in the Fund's interests in any such investment being subject to dilution to the extent additional investment opportunities are made available to Other Blackstone Clients. Among the factors that BPIA (and the particular investment professionals overseeing allocations with respect to the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients) considers in making investment allocations among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients are the following: (x) any applicable investment strategies,

investment mandates, objectives (including whether such objectives are considered solely in light of the specific investment under consideration or in the context of the respective portfolios' overall holdings), focus (including investment focus on a classification attributable to an investment, such as investment strategy or maturity), parameters, guidelines, investor preferences, limitations, regulatory (including, without limitation, requirements under the 1940 Act and any related rules, orders, guidance or other authority applicable to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients) and other contractual provisions, obligations and terms relating to the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients and the duration of their respective investment periods and holding periods (as applicable), (y) available capital of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients as determined by BPIA in good faith (which may take into account relative portfolio composition, anticipated co-investment and other considerations in addition to buying power), (z) the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients, including whether such Other Blackstone Clients expect to invest in or alongside other funds or across asset classes based on expected return, (a) legal, tax, regulatory, accounting and other considerations deemed relevant by BPIA, including, without limitation, (b) primary and permitted investment strategies, guidelines, liquidity positions and requirements, mandates, focus and objectives of the Funds and the Other Blackstone Clients, including, without limitation, with respect to Other Blackstone Clients that expect to invest in or alongside other funds or across asset classes based on expected return (such as the Tac Opps Funds, BTAS Funds, BREP Funds, BPP Funds, BREDS Funds, BIP Funds, Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients, SP Funds, BXMA Funds (including BSOF, a fund which also participates in investments alongside other sponsors and/or funds), BCEP Funds, BCP Funds, GP Stakes Funds, BXLS, Legacy Clarus Funds, BXMT Funds, Growth Funds and certain managed accounts or other investment vehicles (whether now in existence or which may be established in the future) with similar investment strategies and objectives), (c) sourcing of the investment (including by a particular Blackstone business unit) and the nature and extent of involvement of the respective teams of investment professionals dedicated to the Funds and the Other Blackstone Clients, (d) the sector and geography/location of the investment, (e) the specific nature (including size, type, amount, liquidity, holding period, remaining investment periods, anticipated maturity and minimum investment criteria (to the extent such factors are applicable)) of the investment, (f) expected investment return, (g) risk/return profile of the investment relative to the Funds' and the Other Blackstone Clients' current risk profiles, (h) the management of any actual or potential conflict of interest, (i) expected leverage on the investment, (j) expected cash characteristics (such as cash-on-cash yield, distribution rates or volatility of cash flows), (k) capital expenditure required as part of the investment, (l) the Funds' and the Other Blackstone Clients' portfolio diversification and concentration concerns (including, but not limited to, (A) allocations necessary for the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients to maintain a particular concentration in a certain type of investment (e.g., if an Other Blackstone Client follows a liquid strategy pursuant to which it sells a type of investment more or less frequently than a Fund and

a Fund or such Other Blackstone Client needs a non-pro rata additional allocation to maintain a particular concentration in that type of investment) and (B) whether a particular fund already has its desired exposure to the investment, issuer, sector, industry, geographic region or markets in question), (m) relation to existing investments in a fund, if applicable (e.g., “follow on” to existing investment, joint venture or other partner to existing investment, or same security as existing investment), (n) avoiding allocation that could result in de minimis or odd lot investments, (o) redemption or withdrawal requests from a client, fund or vehicle and anticipated future contributions into an account, (p) ability to employ leverage and expected or underwritten leverage on the investment, (q) the ability of a client, fund or vehicle to employ leverage, hedging, derivatives, or other similar strategies in connection with acquiring, holding or disposing of the particular investment opportunity, and any requirements or other terms of any existing leverage facilities, (r) the credit and default profile of an investment or borrower (e.g., FICO score of a borrower for residential mortgage loans), (s) the likelihood/immediacy of foreclosure or conversion to an equity or control opportunity, (t) with respect to investments that are made available to Blackstone by counterparties pursuant to negotiated trading platforms (e.g., International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) contracts), the absence of such relationships which may not be available for all clients, (u) contractual obligations, (v) co-investment arrangements, (w) potential path to ownership, (x) the relative stage of a Fund’s and such Other Blackstone Client’s investment periods (e.g., early in a vehicle’s investment period (where an investment period is applicable), BPIA may over-allocate investments to such vehicle), (y) anticipated tax treatment of the investment, (z) nature and extent of involvement in the transaction of the respective teams of investment professionals dedicated to us when compared to the Other Blackstone Clients, (aa) timing expected to be necessary to execute an investment, (bb) co-investment arrangements, (cc) how governance will be shared between the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and (dd) other considerations deemed relevant by BPIA in good faith. It may be the case (in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable)) that following the consummation of a particular Investment, Blackstone determines based on a variety of factors that it deems relevant in its discretion that such investment is suitable for a “continuation” fund or vehicle. In such case, Blackstone could determine that the Fund limited partners will receive the first opportunity to elect to roll over their interests in such investment even if those investments have a “core” or “core+” profile on a go-forward basis. BPIA could also determine not to pursue opportunities. Moreover, under certain circumstances, investment opportunities sourced and/or identified by the Funds and that fall within the Funds’ investment strategy and objective may be allocated in whole or in part to Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities of Other Blackstone Clients, or Blackstone. The allocation of investments to Other Blackstone Clients, including as described above, could result in fewer investment opportunities for the Funds and fewer co-investment opportunities (or reduced allocations) being made available to the limited partners.

Investment opportunities that BPIA makes a good faith determination are not expected to yield the Funds' targeted return profile or are otherwise inappropriate for a Fund given considerations described in Organizational Documents or as otherwise determined by BPIA, will generally not be allocated to a Fund.

Blackstone has adopted guidelines at the firm level to address the allocation of investment opportunities among its business groups. Such guidelines are non-exclusive and subject to the provisions of the Organizational Documents, including the factors described above. Blackstone has set forth priorities and presumptions regarding what constitutes "debt" investments, "control-oriented equity" investments, "energy" investments, "preferred" investments, risk and return characteristics for defining "core" or "core+" investments, "growth" investments and "infrastructure," presumptions regarding allocation for certain types of investments (e.g., distressed investments) and other matters. The application of such guidelines could result in the Funds not participating, or not participating to the same extent, in investment opportunities in which they would have otherwise participated had the guidelines not existed.

Basis for Investment Allocation Determinations. BPIA makes good faith determinations for allocation decisions based on expectations that will, in certain circumstances, prove inaccurate and such determinations require it to make subjective judgments regarding application of the guidelines and arrangements described herein. Information unavailable to BPIA, or circumstances not foreseen by BPIA at the time of allocation, could cause an investment opportunity to yield a different return than expected. For example, an investment opportunity that BPIA determines to be consistent with the return objectives of an Other Blackstone Client rather than the Funds could exceed BPIA's expectations and underwriting and generate an actual return that would have been appropriate for the Funds. Conversely, an investment that BPIA expects to be consistent with the Funds' return objectives will, in certain circumstances, fail to achieve or exceed them. Any such judgments and application involve inherent conflicts and risks that assumptions regarding investment opportunities may not ultimately prove correct. As such, there can be no assurance that the subjective judgments made by Blackstone will prove correct in hindsight. Furthermore, in certain circumstances where a Fund is participating alongside one or more Other Blackstone Clients in an investment opportunity, BPIA is expected to be required to make initial investment allocation decisions at the time of the signing of the related purchase agreement (or equivalent) and/or funding of the deposit in respect thereof. BPIA could change the applicable investment allocations as between a Fund and such Other Blackstone Clients between such signing and/or funding of the deposit and the closing of such investment opportunity (and, under certain circumstances, following the closing of the investment) as it determines appropriate based on information available to BPIA at the time of such adjustment and based on any factors BPIA deems relevant in its sole discretion, including, (a) changes in available capital (taking into account changes in subscriptions, redemptions, transfers,

deployment of capital and reserves for future investments, among other factors) and (b) prevailing concentration targets (if applicable) in respect of sector, industry, geographic region or markets in question. In such circumstances, the Fund's and such Other Blackstone Clients' respective obligations related to any deposit and transaction costs (including broken deal fees and expenses) would be expected to change accordingly, provided that any such adjustments, particularly in respect of funded deposits, are expected to occur at the time of the closing of the investment and interest or other additional amounts will not be due or payable in respect of any such adjustments. (See also "—Broken Deal Expenses" herein.) In addition, subject to the Organizational Documents, BPIA could determine at any point prior to the closing of an investment opportunity that any such investment opportunity that was initially allocated to a Fund based on information available to BPIA at the time the allocation decision is made should subsequently be reallocated in whole or in part to one or more Other Blackstone Clients (and *vice versa*), including based on final investment decisions made by a particular investment team of an Other Blackstone Client or other subsequent information received by BPIA in respect of such investment opportunity and such determination could negatively impact a Fund. In such circumstance, BPIA could determine to reallocate all or any portion of any such investment opportunity from a Fund to such Other Blackstone Client (or *vice versa*) (such fund from which an investment opportunity is being reallocated, a "Reallocating Fund"), including in circumstances where such Reallocating Fund has entered into an exclusivity arrangement or other binding agreement with one or more third parties (any such reallocated investment opportunity, a "Reallocated Investment"). In such cases, if the non-Reallocating Fund agrees to pursue the investment, Blackstone will determine, in its sole discretion, whether and to what extent the non-Reallocating Fund will reimburse the Reallocating Fund for any deferred acquisition costs (including non-refundable or refundable deposits, breakage fees, due diligence costs and other fees and expenses) incurred by the Reallocating Fund relating to such Reallocated Investment, and any such reimbursement would be made without the consent of the limited partners or any limited partner representatives, the board of directors or the independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative, or otherwise, as applicable.

Investment Alongside Other Blackstone Clients. The Funds also invest alongside other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients (including other vehicles in which Blackstone or its personnel invest) in investments that are suitable for one or more of the Funds and such other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. To the extent the Funds jointly hold securities with any other Fund or Other Blackstone Client that has a different expected duration or liquidity terms, conflicts of interest will arise between the Funds and such Other Blackstone Client with respect to the timing and manner of disposition of opportunities (particularly, in light of certain Funds' perpetual nature). For example, Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles that invest alongside the Funds are expected to have terms that will differ significantly from some or all of the Funds and therefore are expected to result in such conflicts of interest. In order to mitigate any such conflicts of interest, the Funds

may recuse themselves from participating in any decisions relating or with respect to the investment by the Funds or the Other Blackstone Client. If the Other Blackstone Client maintains voting rights with respect to the securities it holds, or if the Funds do not recuse themselves, Blackstone may be required to take action where it will have conflicting loyalties between its duties to the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients, which could adversely impact the Funds. (See also “—Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” herein). Even if the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients and/or co-investment or other vehicles invest in the same securities, conflicts of interest could still arise. For example, it is possible that as a result of legal, tax, regulatory, accounting or other considerations, the terms of such investment (including with respect to price and timing) for the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients and vehicles may not be the same. Additionally, the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients and/or vehicles will generally have different expiration dates (if applicable) and/or investment objectives and requirements (including different return profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations (including public reporting requirements thereof)) and Blackstone, as a result, could have conflicting goals (including in connection with the valuation of investments of the Funds and of Other Blackstone Clients as a result of such transactions and the related allocation of performance fees and other fees to Blackstone and affiliates thereof) with respect to the price, terms and timing of disposition opportunities and such differences could also impact the allocation of investment opportunities (including follow-on investments related to earlier investments made by the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients). Such Other Blackstone Clients may also have certain governance rights for legal, regulatory or other reasons that the Funds will not have. As such, the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients may dispose of any such shared investment (or choose whether to invest in related investments (such as follow-on investments)) at different times and on different terms. In addition, investments alongside Other Blackstone Clients in public securities could also result in conflicts of interest that do not apply to other joint investments. Following an IPO or subsequent public offering of a Portfolio Entity in which the Funds and any Other Blackstone Client hold an investment or otherwise if at any time the Funds and an Other Blackstone Client both hold public securities in the same Portfolio Entity, the Funds and such Other Blackstone Client are generally permitted to exit such public securities at different times and on different terms through sales on the public markets. Blackstone may reach different conclusions for each such vehicle on the decision of whether, when and at what price to sell such securities based on the different expiration dates and/or investment objectives of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients or for other reasons, and this could result in Other Blackstone Clients and, if applicable, some Funds exiting earlier or at a higher price than a Fund (or *vice versa*). Alternatively, it is possible that the Funds and any Other Blackstone Clients will not dispose (in whole or in part) of investments together and the timing of such disposition could in part be driven by an Other Blackstone Client’s term, return profile or other terms that are different from the Funds’, particularly in light of the perpetual nature of the Funds. It is also

possible that the Funds and one or more Other Blackstone Clients will buy certain investments or assets at or about the same time that one or more additional Other Blackstone Clients, and, if applicable, certain other Funds are selling the same or related investments or assets. Such circumstances can be expected to arise from time to time for a number of reasons and may depend on various factors including the respective amounts of available capital, expiration dates (if applicable), investment objectives and/or return profiles and requirements (including different profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations) of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients. Such transactions could occur at lower valuations which could negatively impact the valuation of the Funds' investment and any subsequent acquisition or disposition thereof. In addition, certain Other Blackstone Clients which are regulated under the 1940 Act (or foreign jurisdiction equivalent) and subject to certain exemption orders from the SEC (or equivalent regulator in a foreign jurisdiction) that invest alongside the Funds may cause the Funds to be subjected to restrictions and/or limitations that were not initially expected for the Funds, nor would have ordinarily been expected for the Funds, which may include, without limitation, a restriction on the Funds from investing in an asset outside of a capital structure in which another Other Blackstone Client already holds an interest or intends to invest, or on different terms or a different time than such Other Blackstone Client. Furthermore, in certain situations, it is possible an advisor of such Other Blackstone Client may need to serve as a co-advisor and/or sub-advisor to the Funds as a result of such Other Blackstone Client's regulated status. The general partners of the applicable Fund(s) or such Other Blackstone Clients will not be required to provide to investors notice or disclosure of the terms or occurrence of any such transactions and the purchase and/or disposition of investments by the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients at different terms or otherwise on a non-pro rata basis to investors or to obtain any consent or approval from the applicable investors, any limited partner representative or limited partner advisory committee (or the board of directors and/or the independent directors, or Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable)), and there can be no assurance that conflicts of interest arising out of such transactions will necessarily be resolved in favor of the applicable Funds. See also "—Joint Investments" and "—Co-Investment Opportunities" regarding allocation of co-investment opportunities among us, Other Blackstone Clients and other Blackstone affiliates.

In particular circumstances as pertaining to certain underlying strategies of certain Funds, a Fund will invest its "available capital" (on a time-weighted basis as described below) pro rata with Other Blackstone Clients, subject to each fund's investment limitations and legal, regulatory, tax, accounting and other considerations, including taking into account the allocation considerations described herein and, where applicable, the investment preferences specified in advance by investors in the Other Blackstone Clients. Under this allocation methodology, capital deployment is allocated by calculating each relevant Fund's and Other Blackstone Client's respective available capital for a particular underlying strategy, which is then weighted by the remaining time in each

relevant Fund's and Other Blackstone Client's respective investment periods (as applicable). The "weighting factor" is calculated by dividing the relevant Fund's and Other Blackstone Client's available capital by the percentage of days left in the relevant Fund's and Other Blackstone Client's respective investment periods. Because the Funds are open-ended vehicles, a Fund's "investment period" for purposes of applying this allocation methodology will be determined by BPIA (or, where applicable, the Fund's General Partner) in good faith taking into account such factors that it deems relevant and appropriate under the circumstances, including but not limited to the relevant Fund's inception date, the date of the relevant Investment, the Fund's pace of deployment and the expected time horizon of the Investment, which determination could result in the Fund participating in a particular investment to a greater or lesser extent than Other Blackstone Clients. The Funds are expected to pursue both investment strategies for which this allocation methodology will be used and investment strategies for which this allocation methodology will not be used. It is generally expected that a Fund's "available capital" for purposes of applying this allocation methodology will only include available capital of the Fund (including, potentially, capital expected to be contributed to the Fund in the future) that is expected to be invested in a particular strategy for which such methodology is being used, as determined by BPIA (or, where applicable, the Fund's General Partner) in its discretion. Conversely, the fund's "available capital" for this purpose would generally exclude available capital of a Fund that is expected to be invested in strategies for which this allocation methodology is not being used, as determined by BPIA (or, where applicable, the Fund's General Partner) in its discretion. In determining what a Fund's "investment period" and "available capital" are for purposes of applying this allocation methodology, BPIA (or, where applicable, the Fund's General Partner) will need to make subjective judgments and projections and there can be no assurance that these will ultimately prove correct in hindsight. These determinations involve inherent conflicts of interest, and there can be no assurance that any such conflicts will be resolved in a manner that is favorable to the Funds.

In connection with the Funds' investment activities, the BXPE Investment Committee (or a sub-committee thereof consisting of one or more individuals of the BXPE Investment Committee) generally reviews and approves potential investments. For investments led by other Blackstone businesses from the PE Platform which are shared with BPIA, we expect that the other businesses will typically receive priority based on the provisions of the fund governing documents and policies governing each fund. An allocation of such investments to the Funds will be considered when there is additional capacity available in such investments, taking into account the allocation considerations specified herein, and it is expected that there will be investment opportunities that fit within the investment objectives of the Funds but for which there is no additional capacity available. The allocation of investment opportunities among the Funds and the Other Blackstone Clients is initially formulated by an allocation committee comprised of certain members of BPIA's management team and Chief Compliance Officer as well as representatives of Private Wealth

Solutions, BPIA Portfolio Management, Operations, Finance and Legal and Compliance (the “Allocation Committee”). The Allocation Committee reviews and recommends to the BXPE Investment Committee (or a sub-committee thereof) the allocation of each transaction. There is no guarantee that the Allocation Committee will recommend an allocation of any potential investment to the Funds. All or a portion of certain investments may be allocated to Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients, and Other Blackstone Clients may have primary contractual investment mandates that grant exclusive or priority allocation rights over certain investments made by the Funds.

In addition, in certain circumstances certain other investment vehicles will receive allocations of investments that are otherwise appropriate for the Funds (including Other Blackstone Clients), which will from time to time result in the Funds not participating (or participating to a lesser extent) in certain investment opportunities otherwise within their mandates. Under certain circumstances, Blackstone can be expected to determine not to pursue some or all of an investment opportunity within the Funds’ mandates, including without limitation, as a result of business, reputational or other reasons applicable to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their respective Portfolio Entities or Blackstone. In addition, BPIA will, in certain circumstances, determine that the Funds should not pursue some or all of an investment opportunity, including, by way of example and without limitation, because the Funds have insufficient capital to pursue the investment, the Funds have already invested sufficient capital in the investment, sector, industry, geographic region or markets in question, as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion, or the investment is not appropriate for the Funds for other reasons as determined by BPIA in its good faith reasonable sole discretion. In any such case Blackstone could, thereafter, offer such opportunity to other parties, including Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities or limited partners of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners, related parties or third parties, and such parties may pursue the opportunity.

When BPIA determines not to pursue some or all of an investment opportunity for the Funds that would otherwise be within such Funds’ objectives and strategies, and Blackstone or BPIA provides or offers the opportunity to Other Blackstone Clients (or other parties, including Portfolio Entities, limited partners or Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners, related parties or other third parties), Blackstone or BPIA (including its personnel) could receive compensation from such Other Blackstone Clients and/or other parties, whether or not in respect of a particular investment, including an allocation of performance-based compensation, referral fees or revenue share, and any such compensation could be greater than amounts paid by such Funds to BPIA. As a result, there could be an incentive for BPIA (including its personnel who receive such compensation) to allocate investment opportunities away from the Funds or to source investment opportunities for Other Blackstone Clients and/or other parties, which could result in fewer opportunities (or reduced allocations) being made available to the Funds or to the

investors in the Funds as co-investment. In addition, in some cases Blackstone could earn greater fees when Other Blackstone Clients participate alongside or instead of the Funds in an investment. For example, certain Other Blackstone Clients (including but not limited to the Tac Opps Funds) are multi-strategy funds focused on sourcing, diligencing, and executing special situation investments, pursue investments across asset classes and geographies, operating under broad, flexible and opportunistic mandates which are expected to overlap with the investment objective of the Funds and the BPIA program. Blackstone, including the BPIA program and its personnel, is expected to receive compensation, including an allocation of carried interest, incentive allocation and/or referral fees, as a result of certain investment allocation-related arrangements with certain Other Blackstone Clients, and any such compensation could be greater than amounts paid by the Funds to BPIA and could result in investments that fit within the primary investment mandate of the Funds being wholly or partially allocated to one or more Other Blackstone Clients. Certain Other Blackstone Clients may contractually or legally limit the investment opportunities available to the Fund. For example, certain Other Blackstone Clients may agree with investors that co-investment opportunities first be offered to the investors in such product prior to any such opportunity being offered to the Funds. By executing their subscription agreements with respect to the Funds, the limited partners will be deemed to have acknowledged that Other Blackstone Clients, including, without limitation, the BCEP Funds, the BCP Funds, the BREP Funds, the BPP Funds, the BREDS Funds, the Tac Opps Funds, the BTAS Funds, the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds, Blackstone Real Estate Income Trust, Blackstone Infrastructure Partners, other Blackstone Multi-Strategy Funds, various investment vehicles sponsored or managed by BAAM, Strategic Partners, BXLS, BXG or Clarus, will from time to time share and/or receive priority allocation of certain investments that might be otherwise appropriate for the Funds and will from time to time otherwise participate in investments alongside the Funds. As a result of the foregoing, the Funds will not necessarily receive an allocation of each investment opportunity within their mandates. To the extent such Other Blackstone Clients elect not to invest in such investment opportunity (or elect to invest in only a portion of such opportunity), such investment opportunity (or the remainder of such investment opportunity) may be allocated to the Funds.

In addition, as a general matter, it is expected that Blackstone's Real Estate, Private Equity, Infrastructure, Strategic Partners, Credit and Insurance businesses will receive priority over most real estate opportunities, large control equity opportunities, infrastructure opportunities (including, but not limited to, energy and natural resources opportunities), secondaries and certain types of credit opportunities, respectively. The arrangements described herein could result in investments that fit within the primary investment mandates of the Funds being wholly or partially allocated to one or more Other Blackstone Clients. Such Other Blackstone Clients will from time to time (i) make or receive priority allocations of certain investments that are appropriate for a Fund and (ii) participate in investments alongside a Fund, provided that any

such allocation may be subsequently adjusted at Blackstone's discretion. Any such Other Blackstone Clients may be advised by a different Blackstone business group with a different investment committee, which could determine an investment opportunity to be more attractive than BPIA believes to be the case. In any event, there can be no assurance that BPIA's assessment will prove correct or that the performance of any investments actually pursued by the Funds will be comparable to any investment opportunities that are not pursued by the Funds. Blackstone, including its personnel, will, in certain circumstances, receive compensation from any such party that makes the investment, including an allocation of carried interest or referral fees or revenue share, and any such compensation could be greater than amounts paid by the Funds to BPIA. In some cases, Blackstone earns greater fees when Other Blackstone Clients participate alongside or instead of the Funds in an investment.

Blackstone has launched an infrastructure investment program, which consists of Blackstone Infrastructure Partners L.P. and potentially one or more other open-ended commingled private investment funds and separate accounts, including a separate account through which a large sovereign wealth fund investor has committed to generally match up to \$20 billion of capital commitments from third-party investors (such funds, vehicles and accounts, including any successors thereto, collectively, "BIP"). It is therefore expected that the BIP Funds will, from time to time, have up to, or in excess of, \$40 billion in available capital for investments in infrastructure assets, which may include investments in energy infrastructure, "waste-to-energy" and/or other energy or natural resources-related companies or projects that could be considered to fit within the common investment objectives of the Funds and the BIP Funds, and there can be no assurances that any such investments will not be wholly or partially allocated to the BIP Funds following consideration of the guidelines and factors described herein. In addition, Blackstone's energy and natural resources and energy transition-related investment activities have expanded with the formation of certain Blackstone Credit Funds ("Credit Energy Funds"), which focus primarily on making energy, resources and energy transition-related debt investments, and with Blackstone's acquisition of Harvest Fund Advisors LLC, which sponsors or manages funds, vehicles and accounts (the "Harvest Funds") that invest in the securities of energy or natural resources-focused midstream master limited partnerships ("MLPs"). As a result, it can be expected that investments that could be considered to fit within the common investment objectives of the Funds and the Credit Energy Funds, such as energy, resources and energy transition-related debt and/or equity investments, may be allocated in whole or in part to the Credit Energy Funds, and that investments that could be considered to fit within the common investment objectives of the Funds and the Harvest Funds, such as investments in energy or natural resources-focused MLPs, may be allocated in whole or in part to the Harvest Funds. In addition, the Blackstone Energy Partners funds focus primarily on privately negotiated investments involving the acquisition of principally controlling or control-oriented interests in energy, energy transition, natural resources and climate sectors. Furthermore, other types of investments that could be considered

to fit within the common investment objectives of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients may be allocated in whole or in part to such Other Blackstone Clients. For example, it can be expected that investments in companies with substantial real estate holdings may be allocated to Blackstone's real estate funds. Additionally, it can be expected that growth equity investments will be allocated to BXG. Accordingly, there can be no assurances that any investments that could be considered to fit within the investment objectives of the Funds will not, following consideration of the guidelines and factors described herein, be wholly or partially allocated to BIP, the Credit Energy Funds, the Harvest Funds, the Blackstone Energy Partners funds or any other existing or future Other Blackstone Clients.

Blackstone has also launched "BXINFRA," an Other Blackstone Client that is an open-ended fund primarily targeting individual investors and seeking to make investments primarily in infrastructure equity, secondaries and credit strategies to generate risk-adjusted returns consisting of both current income and long-term capital appreciation. BXINFRA generally invests in BIP indirectly or directly as a limited partner, and as such, BXINFRA is expected to indirectly participate in the investment opportunities of BIP. In addition, from time to time, BXINFRA may invest in certain investments alongside BIP.

BPIA and its investment personnel (including investment personnel it shares with Tac Opps Funds, BCP Funds, BXG, and/or other Blackstone businesses) have conflicting loyalties in determining whether an investment opportunity should be allocated to the Funds, Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client, and there can be no assurance that these conflicts will necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds.

Furthermore, BXLS was initiated with Blackstone's acquisition in November 2018 of Clarus, which sponsors and manages funds, vehicles and accounts ("Legacy Clarus Funds"). The Legacy Clarus Funds invested opportunistically in the life sciences, health care and pharmaceutical industry in certain royalties and other structured investments in which funding requirements, success milestones and contractual return parameters are pre-negotiated prior to the initial investment ("Defined Exit Investments"). Blackstone has also established new investment funds under the BXLS platform (the "BXLS Funds") whose investment objective is largely consistent with that of Legacy Clarus Funds, and under the Blackstone Life Sciences Yield ("BXLS Yield") platform, which focuses on life sciences investments in approved, cash flowing products, and in particular, investments in post-approval royalties and life sciences-related structured credit.

In addition, Strategic Partners sponsors or manages various funds, vehicles and accounts (the "SP Funds") that, like the BXPE Funds, invest a substantial amount of their assets in interests in private funds, including both funds sponsored or managed by other Blackstone affiliates and funds sponsored or managed by third parties, through secondary market purchases of such interests and primary commitments to such funds. The overlapping objectives of the BXPE Funds

and the SP Funds could give rise to conflicts of interest relating to the allocation of investment opportunities, which Blackstone will seek to resolve in a fair and equitable manner, although there is no assurance that Blackstone will be able to do so. It is contemplated that the SP Funds will, in certain circumstances, receive priority over investment opportunities that are suitable for the BXPE Funds. Moreover, the SP Funds may, from time to time, participate in investments alongside the BXPE Funds (including investments made in Other Blackstone Clients). This will from time to time result in the SP Funds (including, potentially, one or more co-investment vehicles (or similar vehicles) managed or advised by Strategic Partners) receiving a significant share of an investment opportunity in which the Funds participate, including, potentially, in connection with a substantial portion of the investments made by the Funds. In addition, circumstances could arise where there is an investment opportunity that is suitable for both BXPE Funds and SP Funds and, instead of the BXPE Funds participating in the investment directly alongside the SP Funds, the BXPE Funds will participate in the investment indirectly through one of the SP Funds (including, potentially, a co-investment vehicle (or similar vehicle) managed or advised by Strategic Partners) that, in turn, participates in that investment directly. In such circumstances, although one or more of the Funds may not bear management fees or performance fees in connection with a primary commitment to such Other Blackstone Clients, such Fund would still bear other expenses related to such Other Blackstone Clients and thus the Funds could ultimately be required to pay a higher amount of expenses in connection with the investment than they would have otherwise paid had the Funds participated in the investment directly alongside the SP Funds. Additionally, formal information barriers in place between Strategic Partners and other Blackstone business units could restrict the flow of information about investment opportunities from Strategic Partners to BPIA. Such restrictions could, in some circumstances, prevent Strategic Partners from sharing an investment opportunity with BPIA (including in cases where the investment opportunity is suitable for the BXPE Funds) or from discussing with BPIA an investment made jointly by SP Funds and BXPE Funds.

Certain funds, vehicles, clients, accounts and other similar arrangements (including one or more vehicles for retail investors), including, among others, entities managed by Blackstone Multi-Asset Advisors L.L.C. (“BTAS Funds”), BXPE Funds and Blackstone Infrastructure Advisors L.L.C. (including BXINFRA, the “BIP Funds,” and together with the BTAS Funds, the BXPE Funds and any similar future Blackstone investment program, “Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles”), are part of multi-strategy programs designed to provide investors with exposure to a broad mix of, and leverage the talent and investment capabilities of, Blackstone’s key investment programs (e.g., private equity, real estate, credit, tactical opportunities, secondaries, life sciences, infrastructure and growth). Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles will seek to invest a material portion (and potentially substantially all) of their assets in investments in which the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients participate, and, as part of their investment programs, can be expected to seek to make investments that are also appropriate for the Funds. The investment activities of Blackstone

Multi-Strategy Vehicles can therefore materially overlap with those of the Funds and result in fewer investment opportunities for the Funds. Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles can be expected to, in addition to their investments through one or more Funds, nonetheless participate in investments alongside the Funds and certain Other Blackstone Clients with overlapping investment objectives (including through Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights, as described below), which will from time to time result in Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles receiving a share of a substantial portion of investments made by the Funds, such that the Funds could receive a lower allocation (and potentially, in some cases, no allocation) of investment opportunities than otherwise would be the case. The overlapping objectives of Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles could also give rise to conflicts of interest relating to the allocation of investment opportunities between the Funds, on the one hand, and Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles, on the other hand which Blackstone will seek to resolve in a fair and equitable manner, although there is no assurance that Blackstone will be able to do so. See also "—Liability Arising from Transactions Entered into Alongside Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Clients" herein. Blackstone intends to establish additional Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles in the future.

In particular, the Funds, BXINFRA and certain of the Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles are expected to have overlapping investment portfolios. As a result, certain conflicts may arise between the Funds, BXINFRA and such Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles with respect to the allocation of investment opportunities. Investment opportunities will be allocated between the Funds, BXINFRA and such other vehicles in accordance with Blackstone's policies and procedures, which generally provide that allocations are determined on a basis that the Sponsor believes to be fair and reasonable in its sole discretion, subject to the considerations described herein.

The Sponsor and its investment personnel have conflicting loyalties in determining whether an investment opportunity should be allocated to the Funds, BXINFRA, other Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles or an Other Blackstone Client and these conflicts may not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds.

Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles can be expected to invest generally alongside the Funds and/or be allocated certain investment opportunities (in whole or in part) in lieu of or alongside the Funds on a case-by-case basis. See above with respect to certain considerations BPIA is expected to take into account with respect to any allocation determinations, and "Co-Investment Opportunities" herein with respect to considerations regarding the allocation of co-investment opportunities. Any such Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles could grow significantly in size over time, and such vehicles could be allocated a substantial portion of any such investment opportunities (and in some cases, all or a majority thereof). It is expected that, in connection with such Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles that are actively pursuing objectives that overlap with all or a portion of those pursued by the Funds, the Funds will, in certain circumstances, receive a

lower allocation (and potentially, in some cases, no allocation) of investment opportunities than otherwise would be the case.

Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles are expected, in certain cases, to invest alongside the Funds and other included Blackstone strategies in a programmatic or otherwise formulaic manner (e.g., based on the relative available capital of such Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles and the Funds), including through participation in Blackstone's side-by-side program, and any such methodology will be subject to adjustment on both a case-by-case and general basis from time to time, resulting in Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles participating to a greater or lesser extent than would otherwise be the case. For certain open-ended Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles, such a vehicle's "investment period," for purposes of applying any such allocation methodology that is based on each participating vehicle's "available capital" (where a vehicle's "available capital" is determined based in part on the remaining duration of the vehicle's "investment period"), will be periodically re-evaluated and updated by Blackstone in good faith taking into account such considerations that it deems relevant and appropriate under the circumstances, including but not limited to the relevant vehicle's inception date, the date of the relevant investment, the vehicle's pace of deployment, and the expected time horizon of the investment, which determination could result in a Fund participating in a particular investment to a greater or lesser extent than such Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles. It is generally expected that such vehicle's "available capital" for purposes of applying this allocation methodology will only include "available capital" of the vehicle (including, potentially, capital expected to be contributed to the vehicle in the future) that is expected to be invested in the particular strategy for which such methodology is being used, as determined by Blackstone in its discretion. In determining what a vehicle's "investment period" and "available capital" are for purposes of applying this allocation methodology, Blackstone will need to make subjective judgments and projections, and there can be no assurance that these will ultimately prove correct in hindsight. These determinations involve inherent conflicts of interest, and there can be no assurance that any such conflicts will be resolved in a manner that is favorable to the Funds.

Certain Funds could invest alongside certain Other Blackstone Clients (including certain Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles) that are regulated under the 1940 Act or foreign equivalent (each, a "Regulated Fund"). Where a Fund does so, such investments will be subject to legal, tax, regulatory, accounting, contractual, internal policy and other similar considerations, including without limitation those related to the 1940 Act (including any Exemptive Orders) and publicly available reporting thereunder and/or under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which considerations can be expected to have the effect of reducing the amounts of such investments that are allocated to the Funds. Certain Regulated Funds have received, and others can be expected to receive, exemptive orders from the SEC or equivalent from foreign regulators (as amended or superseded from time to time, the "Exemptive Orders") permitting the Regulated

Funds to co-invest with certain other persons, including certain affiliates of Blackstone, and certain funds and other accounts managed and/or controlled by BPIA or Blackstone, including the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, and their affiliates, subject to certain terms and conditions. In order to permit the Funds to co-invest alongside a Regulated Fund, it is possible the investment adviser of such Regulated Fund will be required to serve, subject to applicable law, as an investment adviser to the Funds (including as a co-adviser or sub-adviser), which could result in increased costs to the Funds. To the extent BPIA becomes subject to an Exemptive Order, BPIA will be generally obligated to offer the relevant Regulated Fund the opportunity to co-invest in privately negotiated investment opportunities that fall within certain established investment criteria of such Regulated Fund(s). In the event that a Fund co-invests alongside a Regulated Fund, BPIA and the investment adviser to the Regulated Funds (to the extent different than BPIA) will determine a targeted amount of available capital for investment alongside such Fund, in accordance with the allocation considerations outlined above. In the event that the aggregate targeted investment sizes of the Funds, such Other Blackstone Clients and such Regulated Fund(s) that are allocated an investment opportunity exceed the amount of such investment opportunity, the allocation of such investment opportunity to each of the Funds, such Other Blackstone Clients and any applicable Regulated Fund(s) will typically be reduced proportionately based on their respective “available capital” as defined in the applicable Exemptive Order, which could result in an allocation to a Fund in an amount less than what it would otherwise have been if such Regulated Fund(s) did not participate in such investment opportunity. Existing Exemptive Orders will also, in certain circumstances, restrict the ability of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients to invest in any privately negotiated investment opportunity alongside a Regulated Fund except at the same time and on the same terms, as described in the respective Exemptive Order. As a result, the Funds will be unable to make investments in different parts of the capital structure of the same issuer in which a Regulated Fund has invested or seeks to invest, and Regulated Funds will be unable to make investments in different parts of the capital structure of the same issuer in which the Funds have invested or seek to invest. The foregoing restrictions could significantly limit the investment opportunities available to the Funds and could also limit Blackstone’s ability to restructure or refinance distressed Portfolio Entities, particularly with respect to Regulated Funds that pursue the investment strategy(ies) pursued by the Funds within their investment programs and invest alongside the Funds programmatically. It is also possible Blackstone could, in the future, become subject to new Exemptive Orders (or new provisions of existing Exemptive Orders), which could include restrictions, limitations and requirements affecting investment allocations that differ from or extend beyond those described above and could result in increased costs to the Funds. To the extent such Exemptive Orders afford Blackstone greater discretion in allocating transactions among Funds and Regulated Funds, Blackstone will retain sole discretion in making such determinations in accordance with such Exemptive Orders, notwithstanding any associated conflicts. Additionally, the rules promulgated

by the SEC under the 1940 Act, as well as any related guidance from the SEC and/or the terms of any Exemptive Order itself, are subject to change, and the investment adviser of the Regulated Fund(s) could undertake to amend one or more Exemptive Order(s) (subject to SEC approval), which could potentially include a material expansion of and/or modification to the scope and terms of such Exemptive Order(s), obtain additional exemptive relief, or otherwise be subject to other restrictions, limitations and requirements in respect of investments involving the Funds, any Other Blackstone Clients and any Regulated Funds, any of which could impact the amount of any allocation made available to Regulated Funds and thereby affect (and potentially decrease) the allocation made to the Funds.

Due to the potential requirements applicable to Regulated Funds under an Exemptive Order, in the event that a Regulated Fund participates or seeks to participate in an investment alongside the Funds, the structuring options available for such investment, including any subsequent follow-on investment, are expected to be more limited than if a Regulated Fund were not participating in such investment, and such structuring could result in increased costs to the Funds that would not otherwise have resulted had a Regulated Fund not participated. Any such potential requirements or limitations could also materially change to the extent we undertake to amend one or more of the Exemptive Orders (to the extent approved by the SEC), which could potentially be subject to materially different requirements or conditions. The Funds could therefore incur materially higher expenses on an ongoing basis than would otherwise be the case, particularly with respect to Regulated Funds that include the Funds within their investment objective and invest alongside the Funds. Specifically, if BPIA were to structure a Fund's holdings and business operations in such a manner that in the future it does not meet the definition of an "investment company" set out in Section 3(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, it is expected that the Fund's assets would primarily consist of majority-controlled portfolio companies or general partner or co-general partner interests in joint ventures (that in turn hold majority or primary control of portfolio companies). To the extent these Funds invest alongside the Regulated Funds, it can be expected that such Regulated Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients will, in such circumstances, serve as co-general partners of the joint venture. In such cases the relative economic interests of the co-general partners are expected to vary from joint venture to joint venture, and the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients could have less significant governance or voting rights than what their rights would be if they were *pro rata* to their economic interests. In addition, the Funds are expected to structure investments in which a Regulated Fund participates differently than if a Regulated Fund were not participating, or make or refrain from making certain investments in consideration of the participation by a Regulated Fund, which can in each case give rise to conflicts of interest.

Certain Other Blackstone Clients (including those pursuing Blackstone's "Total Alternatives Solution" strategy), similar to the Funds, are part of a multi-strategy program designed to provide

investors with exposure to a multitude of Blackstone's investment programs. However, the investment strategy of such Other Blackstone Clients pursuing Blackstone's "Total Alternatives Solution" strategy differs from the Funds in certain important respects. For example, such Other Blackstone Accounts, relative to the Funds, invest in a broader mix of Blackstone's key investment program. The overlapping objectives of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients referred to in this paragraph could also give rise to conflicts of interest relating to the allocation of investment opportunities, which Blackstone will seek to resolve in a fair and equitable manner, although there is no assurance that Blackstone will be able to do so.

Potential investors should note that the terms of the existing and future Funds and Other Blackstone Clients alongside which the Funds may invest (including with respect to the economic terms such as management fees and performance-based compensation and the calculations, timing and amount thereof, investment limitations, co-investment arrangements, geographic and/or sector focus/limitations, veto rights with respect to investments, duration (particularly in light of certain Funds' perpetual nature), liquidity rights, diversification parameters and any governance rights, reporting rights or information rights afforded to limited partners of such Funds and other matters) could materially differ, and can in some instances be materially more favorable to the limited partners of certain of the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients than the terms of other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients. For example, one or more Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients may have investment objectives that are more narrowly focused (e.g., focusing on one asset class, sector and/or one geographic region) than the investment objectives of other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients. Such different terms will from time to time create potential conflicts of interests for BPIA or its affiliates, including with respect to the allocation of investment opportunities and could otherwise impact the calculation and presentation of investment returns. In particular, the existence of different rates of performance-based compensation could create a potential conflict of interest for BPIA or its affiliates in connection with the allocation of investment opportunities.

Furthermore, with respect to instances where any closed-end BXPE Fund (if applicable) participates in an Other Blackstone Client through a fund life commitment to such Other Blackstone Client, it is likely that the investment period of that particular BXPE Fund will differ from the investment period of such Other Blackstone Client (e.g., the BXPE Fund's investment period may terminate prior to the termination of the investment period of such Other Blackstone Client). In such instances, the BXPE Fund will only participate in such fund life commitment and satisfy funding obligations with respect to new investments made by such Other Blackstone Client for the duration of such BXPE Fund's (and not such Other Blackstone Client's) investment period. However, throughout the duration of such BXPE Fund's term, it will continue to satisfy funding obligations with respect to investments made by the Other Blackstone Client during such BXPE Fund's investment period and its pro rata share of non-investment related fund-level

expenses of such Other Blackstone Client. As a result, the investment performance of such BXPE Fund's investment in such Other Blackstone Client will not represent the aggregate investment performance of such Other Blackstone Client. Moreover, while it is expected that, after a particular BXPE Fund's investment period has expired, other BXPE Funds (including BXPE Funds formed after the initial fund life commitment was made) participating in such fund life or perpetual life commitment will satisfy funding obligations with respect to new investments made by such Other Blackstone Client, to the extent such other BXPE Funds are not able to satisfy such funding obligations, Blackstone will satisfy the funding obligations (and, as a result, Blackstone would own that portion of the investment in the Other Blackstone Client).

In the event any closed-end BXPE Fund (if applicable) makes a fund commitment to an open-ended, perpetual life Other Blackstone Client, such as one of Blackstone's Core+ Real Estate investment vehicles, the BXPE Fund's investment in such Other Blackstone Client will generally be conditioned upon the general partner notifying such Other Blackstone Client (prior to such BXPE Fund's investment therein) that such closed-end BXPE Fund will submit a request to be redeemed from such Other Blackstone Client on or around a date that is approximately two years prior to the anticipated expiration (as determined by the BXPE Investment Committee) of the BXPE Fund's term. The general partner may elect to submit a redemption request prior to such date if, for example, the general partner of such Other Blackstone Client notifies its investors (including BXPE Funds) that it intends to wind-up such Other Blackstone Client prior to such date. Additionally, in the event of extreme market turmoil or a fundamental change to the investment profile of such Other Blackstone Client, the general partner may elect, but is not obligated, to seek the consent of a majority in interest of the BXPE Fund investors to issue such redemption request prior to or after the originally intended redemption request date. Investors in BXPE Funds, who independently are also investors in Other Blackstone Clients, could be subject to more concentration risk given the potential exposure to the same underlying deals through multiple avenues.

BPIA shares personnel (including BXPE Investment Committee members and investment team members) and resources with other Blackstone businesses. The overlap between these businesses and BPIA could result in the BXPE Funds participating to a lesser degree or not at all in certain investments that are allocated to the Other Blackstone Clients.

Investments alongside Blackstone Affiliates. The Organizational Documents specify that Blackstone (which includes participation by Blackstone affiliates, professionals, employees and related parties, and entities and other key advisors and relationships of Blackstone, including in certain circumstances, Other Blackstone Clients) will be permitted, and are expected, to make investments alongside the Funds up to a maximum specified percentage of the total investment amount through Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights. In addition, subject to the terms

of the Organizational Documents, each General Partner will, in certain circumstances, permit certain Blackstone personnel and other professionals responsible for portfolio operations and other similar operational initiatives with respect to one or more Portfolio Entities of the Funds to participate in these side-by-side rights on an investment-by-investment basis. As part of the Funds' investment strategy, the Funds participate (through an aggregator) in investments alongside other vehicles sponsored, advised and/or managed by Blackstone or its affiliates in a programmatic manner through elections to Blackstone's side-by-side investment program. As a participant in the program, from time to time, the Funds (indirectly through an aggregator) and other vehicles sponsored, advised and/or managed by Blackstone or its affiliates can be expected to sell or syndicate portions of an investment to a related party, including co-investment vehicles managed by Blackstone (including co-investment vehicles managed outside of the Funds' investment programs). Such syndication transactions are generally made in the first six months of ownership and are effected at cost, plus a fee for the time the investment is held by the Funds (indirectly through an aggregator). Each General Partner intends to limit participation by any such professionals to investments involving Portfolio Entities of the Funds with respect to which each General Partner expects in good faith that such professionals will be materially involved following the consummation of such investment. Such side-by-side investments will generally result in the Funds being allocated a smaller share of an investment than would otherwise be the case in the absence of such side-by-side investment rights. Blackstone generally receives no fees in relation to side-by-side investments but will often receive additional income in fees and performance compensation from Other Blackstone Clients in connection with such investments. Additionally, Other Blackstone Clients and former Blackstone employees and professionals (and their relatives and related endowment funds) have participated and will continue to be permitted (or have the preferred right), and are expected, to participate in Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights (and may be allocated a substantial portion of Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights (and in some cases, a majority)). In particular, the BTAS Funds and other side-by-side vehicles, which invest in, or alongside, one or more Blackstone funds, will participate in investments alongside the Funds pursuant to Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights, and in such cases (as well as other instances in which Other Blackstone Clients participate in Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights) Blackstone would be eligible to receive fees, to the extent applicable to such vehicles, and carried interest from the investors in such vehicles (as determined in Blackstone's sole discretion). In addition, the BTAS Funds and other SBS Vehicles have participated and will continue to participate in investments alongside the Funds or funds outside of Blackstone's side-by-side program. The Funds can be expected to lend an amount to Blackstone with respect to their *pro rata* share of such investments; provided, that any such borrowing shall be on no more favorable terms than those applicable to the Funds' borrowing of the related proceeds and shall be in accordance with applicable law. The amount of performance-based compensation charged and/or management fees paid by the Funds could be less than or

exceed the amount of performance-based compensation charged and/or management fees paid by Other Blackstone Clients. Such variation could create an incentive for Blackstone to allocate a greater percentage of an investment opportunity to the Funds or such Other Blackstone Clients, as the case may be.

In addition, in connection with a Fund's participation in the BPIA program, it is understood and/or agreed, for the avoidance of doubt, that such Fund may from time to time participate in investments in or relating to Portfolio Entities of other Funds and that any successor fund of such Funds may also participate in investments relating to Portfolio Entities in which the Funds may have an investment (or *vice versa*), including, for example, acquiring an interest in an Portfolio Entity that is different (including with respect to relative seniority) than the interests held by other Funds and investments in or relating to Portfolio Entities that represent "platform" investments where additional opportunities to invest are made available to the BPIA program where BPIA and/or its affiliates determine that doing so is appropriate under the circumstances. Additionally, such related portfolio entities may be managed together (including, for example, the use of the same third-party manager(s) or service provider(s)) or otherwise operated as part of the same "platform", combined and/or otherwise sold together as a part of a single transaction or series of related transactions. Such arrangements could result in the Funds' interest in any such investment being subject to dilution and could give rise to other significant risks and conflicts of interest and there can be no assurance that the Funds will not be adversely affected by such arrangements. For example, the Funds, any such platform entities, Portfolio Entities and other vehicles or entities in which one or more affiliates of Blackstone hold an interest (including, but not limited to, Other Blackstone Clients and their affiliates) could engage in activities that compete with those of the Funds and certain Other Blackstone Clients and otherwise make investments of a type that would be suitable for the same. In addition, the pursuit of any such "platform" strategy will likely be time-consuming, complex, costly and subject to unforeseen risks and obstacles, and there can be no assurance that any such "platform" strategy will achieve the originally anticipated results or reach the scale originally anticipated, and the Funds will nevertheless bear the costs related thereto. Such activities could result in allocations of investment opportunities to any such "platform" entities, permanent capital vehicles, accounts or other entities controlled by or in which an affiliate of Blackstone holds an interest and consequently could result in the Funds and/or certain Other Blackstone Clients not participating (and/or not participating to the same extent) in certain investment opportunities in which it would have otherwise participated. Similarly, subject to the express limits (if any) in the Organizational Documents, the Funds may from time to time invest in Portfolio Entities in which Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone have pre-existing investments. For example, Blackstone, through Blackstone Innovations (BXI), frequently makes minority investments in early-stage companies, and the Funds may later also invest in one or more such companies. Additionally, portfolio entities of Blackstone may raise additional capital in the future at a time

when those funds do not have sufficient reserves to take their pro rata share of such capital raise, and in such instances the Funds may take any amount that those funds are unable to participate in. Given the potential benefits to BXi and/or Blackstone and/or such Other Blackstone Clients (including, for example, higher valuations on the investment, the potential receipt of proceeds from the Funds' investment or, if the company is distressed, the potential for additional financial support), BPIA could be incentivized to cause the Funds to invest in such companies and there can be no assurance that the related conflicts of interests (including as it relates to the valuation at which the Funds invest) will be resolved in a manner favorable to the Funds. Except as expressly provided in the Organizational Documents, consent of the board of directors is not required in connection with such investments in which Blackstone or Other Blackstone Clients has/have a pre-existing interest. In instances where the Funds invest at a significantly higher (or lower) valuation than BXi, Blackstone and/or such Other Blackstone Clients, the Funds and such other vehicle(s) will potentially have conflicting interests in the event the value of the company declines (or increases) following the time of the Funds' investment (see – "Liability Arising From Transactions Entered into Alongside Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Clients" for additional information). Additionally, the Funds, BXi and such Other Blackstone Clients will generally have different investment periods or expiration dates and/or investment objectives and requirements (including different return profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations), which differences may be heightened as a result of their investments being made at different times and valuations from the Funds, and Blackstone, as a result, could have conflicting goals with respect to the price and timing of disposition opportunities. Except as expressly provided in the Organizational Documents, consent of the limited partners or any limited partner representative, board of directors, independent directors or Independent Client Representative (each, as applicable) is not required in connection with such investments, including investments in which Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client has a pre-existing interest.

Blackstone has also entered into certain investment management arrangements with Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients (as defined below). See – "Blackstone Credit and Insurance" below for additional information.

Holding Entities and Tracking Interests. BPIA may determine that, for legal, tax, regulatory, accounting, administrative or other reasons, the Funds should hold an investment (or a portion of a portfolio or pool of assets) through a single holding entity through which one or more Other Blackstone Clients (including a similar fund) hold different investments (or a different portion of such portfolio or pool of assets, including where such portfolio or pool has been divided and allocated among the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients as described in "Allocation of Portfolios") in respect of which the Funds do not have the same economic rights, obligations or liabilities. In such circumstances, it is expected that the economic rights, liabilities and obligations in respect of the investment (or portion of a portfolio or pool) that is indirectly held by the Funds

would be specifically attributed to the Funds through tracking interests in such holding entity or back-to-back or other similar contribution or reimbursement agreements or other similar arrangements entered into with such Other Blackstone Clients, and that the Funds would be deemed for purposes of the Organizational Documents (including any borrowing limits described therein) to hold its investment (or portion of a portfolio or pool) separately from, and not jointly with, such Other Blackstone Clients (and *vice versa* in respect of the investments (or portion of a portfolio or pool) held indirectly through such holding entity by such Other Blackstone Clients). Any indebtedness of the Funds that is backed by “back-to-back” agreements or other similar contribution or reimbursement agreements is not treated as Fund indebtedness subject to the limitations set forth in the applicable Organizational Documents. The use of such investment structures in connection with a Fund’s investment activities could have an adverse impact on the Fund. For example, liabilities could arise in relation to a specific investment held indirectly through such holding entity by an Other Blackstone Client, but not the Fund, and a counterparty could seek recourse against the holding entity from a different investment that is held indirectly through such holding entity by the Fund, but not the Other Blackstone Client. A Fund’s investment made through such a holding entity will therefore be subject to risks by virtue of other investments owned by the holding entity in which the Fund does not have a tracking interest, and such risks would not be present if separate holding entities were used for the separate investments made by the Fund and the Other Blackstone Client. In addition, Blackstone and its affiliates may also participate in such arrangements and structures and the foregoing considerations described herein apply equally in respect of their participation in such arrangements and structures.

Furthermore, certain holding structures may require a newly-established manager, advisor, service provider or other entity intended to address certain legal, tax, regulatory, accounting, administrative or other considerations applicable to Blackstone, the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients and Portfolio Entities thereof. For example, due to rules, regulations and/or requirements in a particular jurisdiction (e.g., licensing requirements), it may be the case that in order to comply with the foregoing, one Blackstone entity serves a particular role for another Blackstone entity (e.g., as an administrator or other role requiring a license) that it otherwise would not but for the rules, regulations and/or requirements in such jurisdiction. It is possible that a Fund will be responsible for the costs and expenses of establishing such holding structure (including any such newly-established entities) prior to, and/or in anticipation of, other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients participating through such structure for their investments and it is expected that such other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients would reimburse the Funds for any such costs and expenses on a pro rata basis.

Fund Life Commitments. BXPE Funds have invested and can be expected to continue to invest in certain Other Blackstone Clients by making a fund life commitment to such Other Blackstone

Clients. The BXPE Funds participating in such fund life commitments will in most instances do so through an aggregator vehicle controlled by BPIA or an affiliate thereof, and such BXPE Funds will commence and end their participation in an Other Blackstone Client (through the aggregator vehicle) at different times. In connection with such fund life commitments, an Other Blackstone Client may provide BPIA with investment-by-investment tracking of investment proceeds; that is, such Other Blackstone Client will inform BPIA of the particular underlying investment of such Other Blackstone Client to which the investment proceeds relate. In such cases, investment proceeds from such Other Blackstone Clients will generally be allocated to the participating BXPE Funds based on the particular underlying investment of such Other Blackstone Client that generated such investment proceeds (and, therefore, the allocation of such investment proceeds will take into account the relative contributed capital of each participating BXPE Fund to the applicable underlying investment).

However, in certain cases, an Other Blackstone Client will not provide BPIA with investment-by-investment tracking of investment proceeds. With respect to such instances, BPIA has adopted a practice, which it may amend, modify, revise or supplement from time to time without notice to the BXPE Fund investors, regarding allocation of the investment proceeds it receives from such Other Blackstone Client. BPIA will seek to allocate investment proceeds based on a formulaic, time-weighted approach that generally takes into account (i) the amount invested in an Other Blackstone Client by each participating BXPE Fund and (ii) each BXPE Fund's expected hold time of such investment, which is generally based on the total expected number of days of such Other Blackstone Client's term (generally determined based on such Other Blackstone Client's governing documents).

As it relates to Other Blackstone Clients that will not provide BPIA with investment-by-investment tracking of investment proceeds, while BPIA believes the foregoing time-weighted approach to the allocation of investment proceeds among the BXPE Funds is reasonable, it is expected that the application of such methodology will result in one or more BXPE Funds receiving less, or more, investment proceeds from any such Other Blackstone Client than such BXPE Funds would have received had such Other Blackstone Client provided investment-by-investment tracking of investment proceeds. A number of factors will affect which BXPE Funds receive less, and which BXPE Funds receive more, investment proceeds from such Other Blackstone Clients, including, for example and without limitation, the point in time each BXPE Fund starts and ends its investment period, where applicable, and the timing of each applicable Other Blackstone Client's capital calls, investment realizations, and distributions of investment proceeds.

Allocation of Portfolios. Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, have an opportunity to acquire a portfolio or pool of assets, securities and instruments that it determines should be divided and allocated among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. Such allocations generally would be

based on Blackstone's determination of, among other things, the expected returns and risk profile of each of the assets and in any such case the combined purchase price paid to a seller or received from a buyer would be allocated among the multiple assets, securities or instruments based on a determination by the seller, by a third-party valuation firm and/or by BPIA and its affiliates. For example, some of the assets in a pool may have a higher return profile, while others may have a lower return profile not appropriate for the Funds. Also, a pool may contain both debt and equity instruments that Blackstone determines should be allocated to different funds. In all of these situations, the combined purchase price paid to a seller or received from a buyer would be allocated among the multiple assets, securities and instruments in the pool and therefore among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients acquiring or selling any of the assets, securities and instruments, in accordance with the allocation of value in respect of the transaction (e.g., accounting, tax or different manner), although Blackstone could, in certain circumstances, allocate value to a Fund and such Other Blackstone Client on a different basis than the contractual purchase price. Similarly, there will likely be circumstances in which the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients will sell assets in a single or related transactions to a buyer. In some cases a counterparty will require an allocation of value in the purchase or sale contract, though Blackstone could determine such allocation of value is not appropriate and should not be relied upon. Blackstone will generally rely upon internal analysis to determine the ultimate allocation of value, though it could also obtain third-party valuation reports. Regardless of the methodology for allocating value, Blackstone will have conflicting duties to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients when they buy or sell assets together in a portfolio, including as a result of different financial incentives Blackstone has with respect to different vehicles, most clearly when the fees and compensation, including performance-based compensation, earned from the different vehicles differ. There can be no assurance that an investment of the Funds will not be valued or allocated a purchase price that is higher or lower than it might otherwise have been allocated if such investment were acquired or sold independently rather than as a component of a portfolio shared with Other Blackstone Clients. These conflicts related to allocation of portfolios will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and investors therein may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts. In certain cases, a Fund could purchase an investment or an entire portfolio or pool from a third-party seller and promptly thereafter sell the portion of the investment or portfolio or pool allocated to another Fund or Other Blackstone Client to that other Fund or Other Blackstone Client pursuant to an agreement entered into between the Fund and such other Fund or Other Blackstone Client prior to closing of the transaction (or *vice versa*), and any such sell down of assets will not be subject to the approval of any limited partner or limited partner representative, the board of directors or the independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative, or otherwise (each, as applicable).

Investments in Which Other Blackstone Clients Have a Different Principal Investment Generally.

A Fund will likely hold an interest in a Portfolio Entity that is different (including with respect to

relative seniority) than the interests held by Other Blackstone Clients (and in certain circumstances BPIA will be unaware of an Other Blackstone Client's participation or the size of the Other Blackstone Client's investments, as a result of information walls or otherwise). There are generally no limitations in the Organizational Documents with respect to such investments (including with respect to terms, price, quantity, frequency, percentage interest therein or otherwise). There are generally no limitations in the Organizational Documents with respect to such investments (including with respect to terms, price, quantity, frequency, percentage interest therein or otherwise). In these situations, conflicts of interest will arise, as Blackstone will receive fees and other benefits, directly or indirectly, from, or otherwise has interests in, both parties to the transaction, including different financial incentives Blackstone may have with respect to the parties in the transaction. In order to mitigate any such conflicts of interest, such Fund may recuse itself from participating in any decisions relating or with respect to such investment by such Fund or the applicable investments by such Other Blackstone Clients, or by establishing groups separated by information barriers (which can be expected to be temporary and limited purpose in nature) within Blackstone to act on behalf of each of the clients. Despite these, and any of the other actions described below that Blackstone may take to mitigate the conflict, Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, be required to take action when it will have conflicting loyalties between its duties to such Fund and such Other Blackstone Clients, which will, in certain circumstances, adversely impact such Fund. In that regard, actions may be taken for Other Blackstone Clients that are adverse to such Fund (and *vice versa*). If such Fund recuses itself from decision-making, it will generally rely upon a third party to make the decisions, and the third party could have conflicts or otherwise make decisions that Blackstone would not have made. These transactions involve conflicts of interest, as Blackstone will receive fees and other benefits, directly or indirectly, from, or otherwise have interests in, both parties to the transaction, including different financial incentives Blackstone may have with respect to the parties to the transaction. Except to the extent expressly subject to the Management Fee offset provisions of the Funds' Organizational Documents, the limited partners will in no way receive any benefit from fees paid to BPIA or its affiliates from a Portfolio Entity in which any Other Blackstone Client also has an interest (including, for greater certainty, any fees BPIA or its affiliates received as a result of the provision of services by such affiliates). In addition, under certain circumstances, the Funds may be prohibited (or refrain) from decision-making or exercising other rights they would otherwise have with respect to a Portfolio Entity, as a result of the Funds' affiliation with Other Blackstone Clients that own different interests in such Portfolio Entity. While BPIA will seek, where applicable, to have a third party exercise rights on behalf of the Funds for purposes of exercising voting rights and/or managing any conflicts of interest related to such investments (which may include third-party co-investors or independent representatives), in certain instances such investments may be made without any such third-party participation (for example, because the Funds own or acquire the entirety of the relevant

instrument or tranche), and in such circumstances the absence of any such third party could adversely affect the Funds or their interest in the Portfolio Entity (or the applicable Other Blackstone Client(s)) or their ability to effectively mitigate such conflicts of interest. Except to the extent expressly subject to Management Fee offset provisions of the Organizational Documents, the limited partners will in no way receive any benefit from fees paid to BPIA or its affiliates from a Portfolio Entity in which any Other Blackstone Client also has an interest (including, for greater certainty, any fees Blackstone received as a result of the provision of services by such affiliates). Moreover, in a case where a conflict of interest arises with respect to a third-party fund manager in which a Fund has invested, Blackstone will often not be in a position to mitigate or ameliorate the conflict but will instead need to be reliant upon such fund manager.

Other Blackstone Clients (including the SP Funds) are likely to have an interest in an investment vehicle sponsored by a third-party fund manager in which the Funds have invested, or in an investment owned by such a fund manager (directly or indirectly) (or *vice versa*). There can be no assurances that such situations will not give rise to conflicts of interest, or that they will be resolved in favor of the Fund.

With respect to debt securities acquired or sold in a secondary transaction or syndication between Other Blackstone Clients and a third party in particular (following the issuance or origination of any financing or refinancing), such investments and transactions will give rise to potential or actual conflicts of interest, and BPIA and/or such Other Blackstone Clients may determine that no mitigation of such potential or actual conflicts of interest is required. There can be no assurance that any such conflict will be resolved in favor of the Funds. With respect to debt securities acquired or sold in a secondary transaction or syndication between Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA, or Blackstone and a third party in particular (following the issuance or origination of any financing or refinancing), BPIA and/or such Other Blackstone Clients could determine that no mitigation of any potential conflicts of interest with respect to such acquisition or sale is required. Further, the Funds and such Other Blackstone Client, Blackstone, or BPIA are generally permitted to exit their holdings in such Portfolio Entity at different times, on different terms or otherwise on a non-pro rata basis, including for example, the Funds acquiring debt securities held by such Other Blackstone Client, Blackstone, or BPIA in such Portfolio Entity (which could be at par or at a discount) as a part of a control acquisition or debt buyback or otherwise. Blackstone or BPIA can be expected to reach different conclusions for each such vehicle on the determination of whether, when and at what price to sell such securities based on the different investment periods, expiration dates and/or investment objectives and limitations (including different return profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations (including periodic and public reporting thereof)) of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients (including in light of the perpetual nature of the Funds) or Blackstone or for other legal, regulatory, tax, accounting or other reasons, and this could result in Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA or Blackstone exiting its

interests in a Portfolio Entity earlier or at a higher price than the Funds (or vice versa). Such investments and transactions will give rise to potential or actual conflicts of interest. BPIA will not be required to provide notice or disclosure of the terms or occurrence of any such arrangements and transactions to investors or to obtain any consent or approval from the applicable investors, any Independent Client Representative, the limited partners or any board of directors, and there can be no assurance that any conflict will be resolved in favor of the Funds.

Simultaneous Transactions. There could be instances where Blackstone negotiates transactions with counterparties that involve a Fund, an Other Blackstone Client and/or Blackstone in different capacities, subject to the Organizational Documents. For example, a Fund may sell or purchase an interest in a portfolio company to a counterparty (such as another sponsor's fund), while the same counterparty acquires or sells an interest in a portfolio company of an Other Blackstone Client or Blackstone. While these transactions may be separate or non-contingent, due to the simultaneous or closely related timing of these transactions, there could be actual or perceived conflicts of interest in connection with such transactions due to Blackstone's duties to the applicable Fund on one hand, and such Other Blackstone Client or Blackstone participating in the related transaction on the other, for example with respect to ensuring each transaction is separately in the best interest of the applicable Other Blackstone Client and/or such Fund and that the valuations are fair and reasonable to each respective fund, among other things. To the extent Blackstone believes that such transactions rise to the level of a conflict where mitigation would be appropriate, Blackstone may, for example, negotiate each such transaction independently and ensure there is not a cross-conditioned closing of the two transactions, to ensure that the terms of each such transaction stand on their own, but is not required to do so or to engage in any other conflict mitigation techniques with respect to such transactions.

Related Financing Counterparties. A Fund can be expected to invest in companies or other entities in which Other Blackstone Clients make an investment in a different part of the capital structure (and *vice versa*). BPIA requests in the ordinary course proposals from lenders and other sources to provide financing to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. BPIA takes into account various facts and circumstances it deems relevant in selecting financing sources, including whether a potential lender has expressed an interest in evaluating debt financing opportunities, whether a potential lender has a history of participating in debt financing opportunities generally and with Blackstone in particular, the size of the potential lender's loan amount, the timing of the relevant cash requirement, the availability of other sources of financing, the creditworthiness of the lender, whether the potential lender has demonstrated a long-term or continuing commitment to the success of Blackstone and its funds, and such other factors that Blackstone deems relevant under the circumstances. The cost of debt alone is not determinative.

Debt and/or equity financing to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities is expected to be provided, from time to time, by limited partners, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients (such as the Blackstone Credit Funds, BREDS Funds and BXMT Funds) and investors therein, their Portfolio Entities and other parties with material relationships with Blackstone, such as shareholders of and lenders to Blackstone and lenders to Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, as well as by Blackstone itself in accordance with the terms of the Organizational Documents. Blackstone could have incentives to cause the Funds and their Portfolio Entities to accept less favorable financing terms from a limited partner, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities, Blackstone itself, investors in any of the foregoing, and other parties with material relationships with Blackstone than it would from a third party. The same concerns apply when any of these other parties invest in a more senior position in the capital structure of a Portfolio Entity than the Funds, even if the form of the transaction is not a financing. Although less common, the Funds or a Portfolio Entity could also occupy a different position in the capital structure than a limited partner, Other Blackstone Client, their Portfolio Entities and other parties with material relationships with Blackstone, in which case Blackstone could have an incentive to cause the Funds or Portfolio Entity to offer more favorable terms to such parties. In the case of a related party financing between the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients or their Portfolio Entities, on the other hand, BPIA could, but is not obligated to, rely on a third-party agent to confirm the terms offered by the counterparty are consistent with market terms, or BPIA could instead rely on its own internal analysis, which BPIA believes is often superior to third-party analysis given Blackstone's scale in the market. If however any of Blackstone, a Fund, an Other Blackstone Client or any of their Portfolio Entities delegates to a third party, such as another member of a financing syndicate or a joint venture partner, the negotiation of the terms of the financing, the transaction will be assumed to be conducted on an arms-length basis, even though the participation of the Blackstone-related vehicle impacts the market terms and Blackstone may have influence on such third parties. For example, in the case of a loan extended to the Funds or a Portfolio Entity by a financing syndicate in which an Other Blackstone Client has agreed to participate on terms negotiated by a third-party participant in the syndicate, it may have been necessary to offer better terms to the financing provider to fully subscribe the syndicate if such Other Blackstone Client had not participated; it is also possible that the frequent participation of Other Blackstone Clients in such syndicates could dampen interest among other potential financing providers, thereby lowering demand to participate in the syndicate and increasing the financing costs to the Funds. Blackstone does not believe either of these effects is significant, but no assurance can be given to limited partners that these effects will not be significant in any circumstance. Subject to the terms of the Organizational Documents, BPIA and its affiliates may not be required to obtain any consent or seek any approvals from the applicable Fund investors or investor

representatives, any Independent Client Representative, the board of directors or the independent directors (each, as applicable), in the case of any of these conflicts.

Blackstone could cause actions adverse to a Fund to be taken for the benefit of Other Blackstone Clients or other Funds that have made an investment more senior in the capital structure of a Portfolio Entity than such Fund (e.g., provide financing to a Portfolio Entity, the equity of which is owned by such Fund) and, *vice versa*, actions will, in certain circumstances, be taken for the benefit of such Fund and its Portfolio Entities that are adverse to Other Blackstone Clients or other Funds. In addition, third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest are managed independently from Blackstone and could take actions that are adverse to Blackstone and/or the Funds. Blackstone could seek to implement procedures to mitigate conflicts of interest in these situations such as (i) a forbearance of rights, including some or all non-economic rights, by such Fund or relevant Other Blackstone Client or other Funds (or their respective Portfolio Entities, as the case may be) by, for example, causing such Other Blackstone Client to decline to exercise certain control- and/or foreclosure-related rights with respect to a Portfolio Entity by agreeing to follow the vote of a third party in the same tranche of the capital structure, or otherwise deciding to recuse itself with respect to both normal course ongoing matters (such as consent rights with respect to loan modifications in intercreditor agreements) and also decisions on defaults, foreclosures, workouts, restructurings and other similar matters, (ii) causing such Fund or relevant Other Blackstone Client or other Funds (or their respective Portfolio Entities, as the case may be) to hold only a non-controlling interest in any such Portfolio Entity, (iii) retaining a third-party loan servicer, administrative agent or other agent to make decisions on behalf of such Fund or relevant Other Blackstone Client or other Funds (or their respective Portfolio Entities, as the case may be), or (iv) creating groups of personnel within Blackstone separated by information barriers (which can be expected to be temporary and limited purpose in nature), each of which would advise one of the clients that has a conflicting position with other clients. As an example, to the extent an Other Blackstone Client holds an interest in a loan or security that is different (including with respect to relative seniority) than those held by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, Blackstone may decline to exercise, or delegate to a third party, certain control, foreclosure and other similar governance rights of the Other Blackstone Client. In these cases, Blackstone would generally act on behalf of one of its clients, though the other client would generally retain certain control rights, such as the right to consent to certain actions taken by the trustee or administrative or other agent of the investment, including a release, waiver, forgiveness or reduction of any claim for principal or interest; extension of maturity date or due date of any payment of any principal or interest; release or substitution of any material collateral; release, waiver, termination or modification of any material provision of any guaranty or indemnity; subordination of any lien; and release, waiver or permission with respect to any covenants. The efficacy of following the vote of third-party creditors will be limited in

circumstances where a limited partner acquires all or substantially all of a relevant instrument, tranche or class of securities.

In connection with negotiating loans and bank financings in respect of Blackstone-sponsored transactions, Blackstone will generally obtain the right to participate (for its own account or an Other Blackstone Client) in a portion of the financings with respect to such Blackstone-sponsored transactions on the same terms negotiated by third parties with Blackstone or other terms BPIA determines to be consistent with the market. Although Blackstone could rely on third parties to verify market terms, Blackstone could nonetheless have influence on such third parties. No assurance can be given that negotiating with a third party, or verification of market terms by a third party, will ensure that the Funds and their Portfolio Entities receive market terms.

In certain circumstances, the Funds may be required to commit funds necessary for an investment prior to the time that all anticipated debt (senior and/or mezzanine) financing has been secured. In such circumstance, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone itself (using, in whole or in part, its own balance sheet capital), may provide bridge or other short-term financing and/or commitments, which at the time of establishment are intended to be replaced and/or syndicated with longer-term financing. Such bridge financing and/or commitment would not be considered “co-investment” under the Organizational Documents and would be sold down ahead of equity invested by the Funds. Similarly, the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients may seek to initially acquire investments (including all or part of the relevant tranche of securities) for the purpose of syndicating a portion thereof to one or more Other Blackstone Clients, co-investors or third parties. The terms of any such acquisition and syndication will be determined by BPIA in its sole discretion and may involve a client initially acquiring all or substantially all of an instrument or relevant tranche or class of securities with a view towards syndication. In any such circumstance, third parties may not be available for purposes of mitigating any potential conflicts of interest (as described above) and the Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone itself may receive compensation for providing such financing and/or commitment (including ticking or commitment fees), which fees will not be shared with and/or otherwise result in an offset of the Management Fee payable by the limited partners. The conflicts applicable to Other Blackstone Clients who invest in different securities of Portfolio Entities will apply equally to Blackstone itself in such situations. (See also “—Securities and Lending Activities” and “—Syndication; Warehousing” herein.) In addition, conflicts can also be expected to arise in determining the amount of an investment, if any, to be allocated among potential investors and the respective terms thereof.

In addition, BPIA or its affiliates may make short-term advances to the Funds, which advances will accrue interest comparable to those received by a third party in an arm’s length transaction and will be repaid from capital contributions or other funds of the Funds. If a General Partner or

any of its affiliates lends funds to a Fund, the terms of such lending will be disclosed to the limited partners (to the extent required by the Organizational Documents) if the accrued interest thereon is allocated to the limited partners; *provided*, that such disclosure is not required for advances for Fund expenses in the ordinary course.

In addition, it is anticipated that in a bankruptcy proceeding a Fund's interests will likely be subordinated or otherwise adverse to the interests of Other Blackstone Clients with ownership positions that are more senior to those of such Fund. For example, an Other Blackstone Client that has provided debt financing to an investment of a Fund may take actions for its benefit, particularly if such Fund's investment is in financial distress, which adversely impact the value of the Fund's subordinated interests. Furthermore, the 1940 Act imposes additional limitations and requirements in the event of a restructuring of a Portfolio Entity of a Fund in which a Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client (as defined below) also holds an investment. Specifically, unless such Fund and such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client hold the same classes of securities and elect to receive the same assets in connection with the restructuring, the board or other applicable governing body of such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client must determine that Blackstone's interest in the Portfolio Entity that is not fully aligned with the interest of such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client is not material (in terms of financial significance to Blackstone) in order for both the Fund and such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client to participate in negotiating the restructuring. There can be no guarantee that the board or other applicable governing body of such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients would find that there is no material interest. As a result, there can be no assurance that the Fund would be able to participate in negotiating any restructuring in connection with such an investment.

Although Other Blackstone Clients, such as the Blackstone Credit Funds, can be expected to provide financing to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, there can be no assurance that any Other Blackstone Client will indeed provide any such financing with respect to any particular investment of the Funds. Participation by Other Blackstone Clients such as the Blackstone Credit Funds in some but not all financings of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities may adversely impact the ability of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities to obtain financing from third parties when Other Blackstone Clients do not participate, as it may serve as a negative signal to market participants.

Any financing provided by the limited partners or an affiliate thereof to the Funds or a Portfolio Entity is not a capital contribution or subscription to the Funds and, in the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), does not reduce the unpaid capital commitment of such limited partner or increase the net asset value of such limited partner's interest, as applicable. To the extent the limited partners (or any limited partner in any Other Blackstone Client) or any of their affiliates provide debt financing to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, it will not be considered "co-

investment” and any applicable covenants regarding co-investments in the Organizational Documents (to the extent such covenants are included in the Organizational Documents) do not apply. In addition, such limited partners can be expected to have different information about Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or a particular investment than the limited partners not providing any financing (including through an affiliate).

These conflicts relating to financing counterparties will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and investors therein may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

Conflicting Fiduciary Duties to Debt Funds. Other Blackstone Clients include funds and accounts that make investments in senior secured loans, distressed debt, subordinated debt, high-yield securities, CMBS and other debt instruments, including any of the investment funds or vehicles sponsored or managed by Blackstone Credit and Insurance. As discussed above, it is expected that these Other Blackstone Clients or investors therein will be offered the opportunity to provide financing to the Funds with respect to investments made by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. Blackstone owes a fiduciary duty to these Other Blackstone Clients and investors therein as well as to the Funds and will encounter conflicts in the exercise of these duties. For example, if an Other Blackstone Client purchases high-yield securities or other debt instruments of a Portfolio Entity of the Funds, or otherwise occupies a senior (or other different) position in the capital structure of an investment relative to the Funds, Blackstone will encounter conflicts in providing advice to the Funds and to these Other Blackstone Clients with regard to appropriate terms of such high-yield securities or other instruments, the enforcement of covenants, the terms of recapitalizations and the resolution of workouts or bankruptcies, among other matters. For example, in a bankruptcy proceeding, in circumstances where a Fund holds an equity investment in a Portfolio Entity, the holders of such Portfolio Entity’s debt instruments (which may include one or more Other Blackstone Clients) could take actions for their benefit (particularly in circumstances where such Portfolio Entity faces financial difficulties or distress) that subordinate or adversely impact the value of such Fund’s investment in such Portfolio Entity. In addition, the Funds could hold an investment that is senior in the capital structure, such as a debt instrument, to an Other Blackstone Client. Although measures described above in “Related Financing Counterparties” can mitigate these conflicts, they cannot completely eliminate them. These conflicts related to fiduciary duties to such Other Blackstone Clients will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and limited partners will not necessarily be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of each occurrence of these conflicts.

Similarly, certain Other Blackstone Clients, including, but not limited to the Blackstone Credit Funds, the BXMA Funds and the BREDS Funds (including BXMT Funds) can be expected to invest in securities of publicly traded companies that are actual or potential investments of the Funds

or their Portfolio Entities. The trading activities of Other Blackstone Clients could differ from or be inconsistent with activities that are undertaken for the account of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities in any such securities. In addition, it is possible that the Funds will not pursue an investment in a Portfolio Entity otherwise within the investment mandates of the Funds as a result of such trading activities by Other Blackstone Clients.

Joint Investments. The Funds have and will continue to enter into joint investments with Other Blackstone Clients and may do so where such Other Blackstone Clients and/or funds have certain governance and/or Portfolio Entity Management rights for legal, regulatory or other reasons. Any such Other Blackstone Client may purchase or sell any such investment (in whole or in part) to any person or entity at different times, on different terms or otherwise on a non-pro rata basis and, in connection with such transactions, any such governance rights relating to the investment could be negatively impacted (or eliminated completely) and the Funds may or may not participate with such Other Blackstone Client in such purchase or sale. Further, the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients, Blackstone, or BPIA are generally permitted to exit their holdings in such Portfolio Entity at different times, on different terms or otherwise on a non-pro rata basis. The Funds, Blackstone or such Other Blackstone Client, can be expected to reach different conclusions for each such vehicle on the determination of whether, when and at what price to sell such investments based on the different investment periods, expiration dates and/or investment objectives and limitations (including different return profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations (including periodic and public reporting thereof)) of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Client (including in light of the Funds' and certain Other Blackstone Clients' perpetual nature), BPIA, or Blackstone or for other legal, regulatory, tax or other reasons, and this could result in Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA or Blackstone exiting its interests in a Portfolio Entity earlier or at a higher price than the Funds (or vice versa). There can be no assurance that any such conflict will be resolved in the Funds' favor.

In connection with participation in a joint investment, the Funds, Blackstone and certain Other Blackstone Clients could enter into governance agreements among such participating Blackstone entities which will provide for certain governance rights for each participating Blackstone entity with respect to their direct investment, in some cases through a corresponding Blackstone aggregator.

Entering into such a governance agreement is expected to help mitigate certain potential governance-related conflicts that may arise should any of the participating Blackstone entities desire to exit a joint investment (directly or from a Blackstone aggregator) or a portion thereof on a non-pro rata basis vis-à-vis the other participating Blackstone entities. However, there is no assurance that such governance agreement will have the desired effect or mitigate any such conflicts between the participating Blackstone entities and the Funds or the participating

Blackstone entities could end up with worse rights or an absence of other rights that they may have had otherwise if there were no such governance agreements.

Related Financing of Counterparties to Acquire Investments or Assets from, or Sell Investments or Assets to, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. In certain transactions, Other Blackstone Clients will commit to and/or provide financing to third parties that bid for and/or purchase investments or assets from the Funds and their Portfolio Entities (and vice versa). Generally, there are no limitations in the Organizational Documents with respect to such investments (including with respect to terms, price, quantity, frequency, percentage interest therein or otherwise). In addition, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities will from time to time purchase assets or Portfolio Entities from third parties that obtain, or currently have outstanding, debt financing from Other Blackstone Clients (or vice versa). See “Related Financing Counterparties” herein. Although Blackstone believes that the participation by Other Blackstone Clients in such debt financings could be beneficial to the Funds by supporting third parties in their efforts to bid on the sale of investments or assets by, and to sell investments or assets to, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, Blackstone will have an incentive to cause the Funds or relevant Portfolio Entity to select to sell an investment or asset to, or purchase an investment or asset from, a third party that obtains debt financing from an Other Blackstone Client to the potential detriment of the Funds. For example, although the price is often the deciding factor in selecting from whom to acquire, or to whom to sell, an investment or asset, other factors at times influence the buyer or the seller, as the case may be. Such transactions may involve the partial or complete payoff of such loans or the equity invested by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients and/or otherwise result in restructurings of terms and pricing relating to such existing loans or interests with the borrowers or Portfolio Entities thereof in respect of which the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients may receive refinancing proceeds and/or a retained interest in such Portfolio Entities or loans. BPIA could thereafter cause the Funds or a Portfolio Entity to sell an investment or asset of the Funds to, or buy an investment or asset from, a third party that has received financing from an Other Blackstone Client, even when such third party has not offered the most attractive price for the investment or asset. Limited partners rely on BPIA to select in its sole discretion the best overall buyer in sales of, and the best overall seller in the acquisition of, Funds’ investments or assets despite any conflict related to the parties financing the buyer or seller, as applicable. Other Blackstone Clients that also engage in financing activities (including Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients) are also generally not limited in their ability to provide financing to third-party purchasers for the purposes of acquiring a Portfolio Entity or the underlying assets thereof from one or more Other Blackstone Clients or otherwise, in which case, similar conflicts of interest will arise for such Other Blackstone Clients.

Further, to the extent such investment opportunities arise, Blackstone will face actual or apparent conflicts of interest, particularly with respect to the pricing of such new financing and

the incentive to use financing provided directly or indirectly by the Other Blackstone Clients to facilitate a successful disposition (in whole or in part) of any such investment by the Funds or their affiliates. In order to mitigate such conflicts of interest, Blackstone has sought to implement certain guidelines and procedures to mitigate any actual or potential conflicts of interest in connection with any such arrangements. However, there can be no assurance that any such guidelines and procedures will be effective against mitigating all potential conflicts of interest associated with the foregoing arrangements.

Co-Investment Opportunities. The Funds have allocated and expect to continue to allocate co-investment opportunities to limited partners of the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients and their investors, Blackstone affiliates and other parties with whom Blackstone has a material relationship. The offering and allocation of co-investment opportunities is entirely and solely in the discretion of BPJA, and it is expected that many investors who will, in certain circumstances, have expressed an interest in co-investment opportunities (including the limited partners) will not be allocated any co-investment opportunities (notwithstanding any agreement by Blackstone to consider a Fund investor for co-investment opportunities) or will, in certain circumstances, receive a smaller amount of co-investment opportunities than the amount requested or expected. For example, if supplemental capital vehicles are established (to the extent applicable to a Fund) Blackstone intends to prioritize any supplemental capital vehicles in the allocation of co-investment opportunities. See also “—Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” herein. Furthermore, co-investment offered by Blackstone will be on such terms and conditions (including with respect to management fees, performance-based compensation and related arrangements and/or other fees applicable to co-investors) as Blackstone determines to be appropriate in its sole discretion on a case-by-case basis, which can be expected to differ amongst co-investors with respect to the same co-investment, and Blackstone will determine in its sole discretion whether to offer co-investment opportunities (based on, among other factors, whether there has been sufficient allocation of an investment to the Funds and whether a potential co-investor would offer a strategic benefit to the investment, including but not limited, to the consummation, operation or monitoring thereof). In addition, the performance of Other Blackstone Clients co-investing with a Fund is not considered for purposes of calculating the performance-based compensation payable by such Fund to its General Partner. Furthermore, the Funds and co-investors will often have different investment objectives and limitations, such as return objectives, leverage limitations and maximum hold period. Blackstone, as a result of the foregoing, will have conflicting incentives in making decisions with respect to such opportunities. Even if the Funds and any such parties invest in the same securities on similar terms, conflicts of interest will still arise as a result of differing investment profiles of the investors, among other items.

The General Partners and their affiliates are permitted to make capital commitments and/or contributions to co-investment opportunities and co-investment vehicles investing alongside the Funds, including, without limitation, to the extent the General Partners determine that such a commitment or contribution is necessary and/or advisable in light of legal, tax regulatory, accounting, contractual and other considerations with respect to such co-investment opportunity or vehicle. Such amounts so committed or contributed are permitted, at the option of the General Partners, to be deemed part of the amount Blackstone is otherwise required to contribute to the Funds or a separate commitment to such co-investment. If deemed part of the amount Blackstone is otherwise required to contribute to the Funds, such amounts would be in full or partial satisfaction of any such amounts that would otherwise be invested in the Funds in respect of such investment. To the extent the General Partners and/or their affiliates make any such commitment and/or contribution to a co-investment opportunity or vehicle, it could reduce the amount of such co-investment available to the limited partners. In addition, any such amounts invested by the General Partners or their affiliates in co-investments alongside the Funds and deemed part of the amount Blackstone is otherwise required to contribute to the Funds will result in the General Partners and their affiliates contributing less to the Funds than Blackstone's capital commitment to the Funds would otherwise imply.

Blackstone has established and may in the future establish more co-investment vehicles managed or advised by Blackstone to facilitate the participation of third-party co-investors (who may or may not be limited partners of the Funds (whether established in connection with such limited partner's investment in the applicable Fund or otherwise) and/or Other Blackstone Clients), including "standing", dedicated or committed co-investment vehicles (the "Other Co-Invest Vehicles"), which may or may not be subject to more favorable rights and/or terms than the Funds and to which Blackstone, in its capacity as general partner of the Other Co-Invest Vehicles, is permitted to make capital commitments or contributions to such Other Co-Invest Vehicle, including, without limitation, to the extent it determines that such a commitment or contribution is necessary and/or advisable in light of legal, tax, regulatory, accounting, contractual and other considerations with respect to such Other Co-Invest Vehicle for tax or regulatory purposes. Other Co-Invest Vehicles may be fully committed and provide the investors therein with no discretion regarding the deployment of capital. The use of such vehicles could have the impact of blending the investor's effective management fee rate (and/or performance-based compensation rate) down and Blackstone could be incentivized to allocate co-investment opportunities to discretionary vehicles with higher effective fees, carried interest or other performance-based compensation rates. Blackstone may also provide certain Other Co-Invest Vehicles with priority rights to participate in co-investment opportunities alongside the Funds, or Blackstone may agree to allocate co-investment opportunities to one or more Other Co-Invest Vehicles in a programmatic manner. The terms of any Other Co-Invest Vehicle agreed to with an investor will not be subject to any "most favored nations" rights, notwithstanding that such terms

may have been agreed to simultaneously with such investor's investment in a Fund, and that such Other Co-Invest Vehicle may invest alongside the Funds periodically or programmatically, effectively modifying the economic terms of such investor's participation in such shared investments. The amount and frequency of co-investment by any Other Co-Invest Vehicles will be at the discretion of Blackstone, subject to the terms of such Other Co-Invest Vehicles. It is possible that the existence of any Other Co-Invest Vehicles established by BPIA or its affiliates could result in the Funds investing less than they would have in the related investments. Furthermore, to the extent that Blackstone establishes any Other Co-Invest Vehicles, it could result in fewer investment opportunities for the Funds and fewer co-investment opportunities being made available to the limited partners or otherwise result in a smaller portion of an investment opportunity being made available to the Funds or the limited partners. The number and scale of co-investment opportunities made available to the limited partners (if any) could be higher or lower than those made available to the Other Co-Invest Vehicles.

General Co-Investment Considerations: There are expected to be circumstances where an amount that would have otherwise been invested by a Fund is instead allocated to co-investors (who may or may not be Other Blackstone Clients, limited partners or limited partners of Other Blackstone Clients, and may include Blackstone affiliates and/or third parties) or supplemental capital vehicles, and there is no guarantee that any limited partner will be offered any particular co-investment opportunity. As a general matter, the allocation of co-investment opportunities is entirely discretionary on the part of Blackstone and/or BPIA, and it is expected that many investors who may have expressed an interest in co-investment opportunities will not be allocated any co-investment opportunities or could receive a smaller amount of co-investment opportunities than the amount requested or expected. Blackstone and/or BPIA will take into account various facts and circumstances deemed relevant by BPIA in allocating co-investment opportunities, including, among others, whether a potential co-investor has expressed an interest in evaluating co-investment opportunities, BPIA's assessment of a potential co-investor's ability to invest an amount of capital that fits the needs of the investment (taking into account the amount of capital needed as well as the maximum number of investors that can realistically participate in the transaction) and BPIA's assessment of a potential co-investor's ability to commit to a co-investment opportunity within the required timeframe of the particular transaction. Additional considerations can be expected to also include, among others and without limitation, the size of a potential co-investor's commitments to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and strategic third-party investors; whether a potential co-investor has a history of participating in co-investment opportunities with Blackstone; whether a potential co-investor has committed to a Fund or an Other Blackstone Client; the size of the potential co-investor's interest to be held in the underlying Portfolio Entity as a result of the Funds' investment (which is likely to be based on the size of the potential co-investor's capital commitment and/or investment in the Funds); whether the potential co-investor has demonstrated a long-term

and/or continuing commitment to the potential success of Blackstone, the Funds, other affiliated funds and/or co-investments (including size of commitment), and/or Other Blackstone Clients (including whether a potential co-investor will help establish, recognize, strengthen or cultivate relationships that may provide indirectly longer-term benefits to the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, or whether the co-investor has significant capital under management by Blackstone or intends to increase such amount); whether the potential co-investor has an overall strategic relationship (including a Strategic Relationship and supplemental capital vehicles) with Blackstone that provides it with more favorable rights with respect to co-investment opportunities; whether the potential co-investor is considered “strategic” to the investment because it is able to offer the Funds certain benefits, including, but not limited to, the ability to help consummate the investment, the ability to aid in operating or monitoring the Portfolio Entity or the possession of certain expertise; the transparency, speed and predictability of the potential co-investor’s investment process; the ability of a potential co-investor to hold investments for longer periods of time or indefinitely; any concerns or issues the potential co-investor may have with respect to governance rights; whether Blackstone has previously expressed a general intention to seek to offer co-investment opportunities to such potential co-investor; whether a potential co-investor has the financial and operational resources and other relevant wherewithal to evaluate and participate in a co-investment opportunity; the familiarity Blackstone has with the personnel and professionals of the potential co-investor in working together in investment contexts in the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (which may include such potential co-investor’s history of investment in the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients and/or other Blackstone co-investment opportunities); whether the co-investment opportunity is being provided in connection with a potential investment in, or acquisition of interests through a secondary transfer of, the Funds or an Other Blackstone Client (i.e., a stapled co-investment opportunity); the extent to which a potential co-investor has been provided a greater amount of co-investment opportunities relative to others; the ability of a potential co-investor to invest in potential follow-on or add-on acquisitions for the Portfolio Entity or participate in defensive investments; the likelihood that the potential co-investor would require governance rights that would complicate or jeopardize the transaction (or, alternatively, whether the potential co-investor would be willing to defer to Blackstone and assume a more passive role in governing the Portfolio Entity); any interests a potential co-investor may have in any competitors of the underlying Portfolio Entity; the tax profile of the potential co-investor and the tax characteristics of the investment (including whether or not the potential co-investor would require particular structuring implementation or covenants that would not otherwise be required but for its participation or whether such co-investor’s participation is beneficial to the overall structuring of the investment); whether a potential co-investor’s participation in the transaction would subject the Funds and/or any of their Portfolio Entities to additional regulatory requirements, review and/or scrutiny, including any necessary governmental approvals required to consummate the

investment; the potential co-investor's relationship with the potential management team of the Portfolio Entity; whether the potential co-investor has any existing positions in the Portfolio Entity (whether in the same security in which the Funds are investing or otherwise); whether there is any evidence to suggest that there is a heightened risk with respect to the potential co-investor maintaining confidentiality; whether the potential co-investor has demonstrated a long-term and/or continuing commitment to the potential success of the Funds, other affiliated funds and/or other co-investments, including the size of such commitment; whether the potential co-investor has any known investment policies and restrictions, guideline limitations or investment objectives that are relevant to the transaction, including the need for distributions; whether the expected holding period and risk-return profile of the investment is consistent with the stated goals of the potential co-investor; and such other factors that Blackstone may in good faith deem relevant and believe to be appropriate in the circumstances. In addition, BPIA and/or its affiliates could be incentivized to offer the Other Co-Invest Vehicles and/or other certain potential co-investors opportunities to co-invest (and could also be incentivized to offer such co-investment opportunities on more favorable terms than other potential co-investors) since the amount of performance-based compensation, Management Fee and/or Administration Fee to which BPIA and/or its affiliates are entitled under the arrangements with such co-investors, including with respect to such co-investors' participation in the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, may depend on, among other things, the extent to which such co-investors participate or have been offered the opportunity to participate in co-investments (which participation may be in such co-investors' discretion). Blackstone has established, and can be expected to in the future establish, co-investment vehicles (including dedicated or "standing" co-investment vehicles, which include both "opt-out" or "opt-in" vehicles where the co-investor determines whether to participate in co-investment opportunities presented to it either through affirmative or negative consent as well as committed vehicles where Blackstone (in some or all circumstances), and not the co-investor, has discretion in determining whether the co-investment vehicle will participate in co-investment opportunities) for one or more investors (including third-party investors and investors in the Funds) in order to co-invest alongside the Funds in one or more future investments. These co-investment vehicles may nevertheless only participate in co-investment opportunities after the initial acquisition of an investment. The existence of these vehicles could reduce the opportunity for other limited partners to receive allocations of co-investment, and the amount and frequency of co-investment by any such co-investment vehicles would be at the discretion of BPIA. Also, Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, agree with investors (including limited partners, Blackstone strategic relationships (including Strategic Relationships) and third-party investors) to more favorable rights or pre-negotiated terms with respect to co-investment opportunities, including with respect to targeted, preferential or favorable allocation of co-investment opportunities and discounts or rebates of performance-based compensation or Management Fees (where permitted by applicable law). To the extent any such arrangements

are entered into, they can be expected to result in fewer co-investment opportunities being made available to the limited partners. In addition, the allocation of investments to Other Blackstone Clients (including, for the avoidance of doubt, Blackstone Multi-Strategy Vehicles), including as described under “Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” herein, can be expected to result in fewer co-investment opportunities to investors who do not participate therein and allocations to the co-investment vehicle can be expected to result in the Funds investing less than they would have in the related investments.

Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest with respect to Co-Investment; Strategic Relationships Involving Co-Investment: BPIA and its affiliates will in certain circumstances be incentivized to offer certain potential co-investors (including, by way of example, as a part of an overall strategic relationship (including a Strategic Relationship and/or supplemental capital vehicles) with Blackstone) opportunities to co-invest in priority or on more favorable terms than other potential co-investors due to the amount of performance-based compensation or Management Fees or other fees paid by the co-investor receiving the priority allocation or better terms (as well as any additional discounts or rebates avoided by allocating co-investments to such co-investor with respect to such co-investor’s participation in the Funds and/or any Other Blackstone Clients) or other aspects of such co-investor’s relationship with Blackstone. The Management Fees, performance-based compensation and other fees received by Blackstone from and the amount of expenses charged to the Funds can be expected to be less or more than such amounts paid by or charged to co-investment vehicles pursuant to the terms of such vehicles’ partnership agreements and other agreements with co-investors, and such variation in the amount of fees and expenses can be expected to create an economic incentive for Blackstone to allocate a greater or lesser percentage of an investment opportunity to the Funds or such co-investment vehicles or co-investors, as the case may be. In addition, other terms of existing and future co-investment vehicles can be expected to differ materially, and in some instances can be expected to be more favorable to Blackstone, than the terms of the Funds, and such different terms can be expected to create an incentive for Blackstone to allocate a greater or lesser percentage of an investment opportunity to the Funds or such co-investment vehicles, as the case may be. Such incentives can be expected to give rise to conflicts of interest, and there can be no assurance that such conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of the Funds or that any investment opportunities that would have otherwise been offered to the Funds or limited partners through co-investment will be made available. In circumstances where the Funds are investing alongside Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA and its affiliates could be incentivized to cause the Funds, on the one hand, or such Other Blackstone Clients, on the other hand, to offer co-investment opportunities depending on the economic and other terms each may be permitted to offer co-investors.

There could be circumstances, including in the case where there is a seller who is seeking to dispose of a pool or combination of assets, properties, securities or instruments, where the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients participate in a single or related transactions with a particular seller where certain of such assets, properties, securities or instruments are specifically allocated (in whole or in part) to any of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients. The allocation of such specific items generally would be based on BPIA's determination of, among other things, the expected returns and risk profiles for such items (e.g., specific items with higher expected returns and a higher risk profile could be allocated to the Funds whereas those with lower relative expected returns and a lower relative risk profile could be allocated to an Other Blackstone Client, or *vice versa*), and in any such case the combined purchase price paid to a seller would be allocated among the multiple assets, properties, securities or instruments based on a determination by the seller, by a third-party valuation firm and/or by BPIA and its affiliates.

Additionally, it can be expected that Blackstone will enter into arrangements or strategic relationships with third parties, including other asset managers, financial firms or other businesses or companies, which, among other things, provide for referral, sourcing or sharing of investment opportunities. Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, pay management fees and performance-based compensation in connection with such arrangements. Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, also provide for or receive reimbursement of certain expenses incurred or received in connection with these arrangements, including diligence expenses and general overhead, administrative, deal sourcing and related corporate expenses. The amount of such reimbursements or rebate can be expected to relate to allocations of co-investment opportunities and increase if certain co-investment allocations are not made. While it is possible that the Funds will, along with Blackstone itself, benefit from the existence of those arrangements and/or relationships, it is also possible that investment opportunities that would otherwise be presented to or made by the Funds would instead be referred (in whole or in part) to such third party, either as a contractual obligation or otherwise, resulting in fewer opportunities (or reduced allocations) being made available to the Funds and/or limited partners. Some co-investment vehicles, including some Other Co-Invest Vehicles, generally will not bear broken deal expenses or other investment-related expenses (including in respect of financing for such investment) (in which case the Funds would, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, bear such extra portion of such expenses) unless Blackstone determines otherwise in its discretion. Such determinations will be made on a case-by-case basis by Blackstone and could result in differing treatment of co-investment vehicles under certain circumstances. The foregoing will under certain circumstances and where permitted by applicable law, result in a Fund bearing more than its pro rata share of broken deal expenses or such other expenses although the General Partner will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause any of the Fund's third-party co-investors (if applicable) that have agreed in writing to participate in a potential Investment alongside the Fund to bear their pro rata share of any broken deal expenses. This

could be expected to give rise to conflicts of interest in connection with the Funds' investment activities in certain circumstances, and, while BPIA will seek to resolve any such conflicts in a fair and equitable manner, there is no assurance that any such conflicts will be resolved in favor of the Funds.

Liability Arising from Transactions Entered into Alongside Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Clients. Because of the opportunistic and flexible nature of the Funds' investment strategies, the Funds have co-invested and will continue to co-invest from time to time with one or more Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment or other vehicles in which Blackstone or its personnel invest and that co-invest with such Other Blackstone Clients) or Blackstone (including BXi) in investments that are suitable for both the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone. Participating in investments alongside Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone will subject the Funds to a number of risks and conflicts (and in certain circumstances BPIA will be unaware of an Other Blackstone Client's and/or Blackstone's participation, as a result of information walls or otherwise). For example, it is possible that as a result of legal, tax, regulatory, accounting or other considerations, the terms of such investment (including with respect to price and timing) for the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone may not be the same. Additionally, the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients will generally have different investment periods or expiration dates (as applicable, including in light of the Funds' and certain Other Blackstone Clients' perpetual nature) and/or investment objectives and requirements/limitations (including different return profiles, liquidity requirements and valuation considerations (including public reporting requirements thereof)), including in light of the perpetual nature of certain Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone, as a result, could have conflicting goals with respect to the price and timing of disposition opportunities and such differences could also impact the allocation of investment opportunities (including follow-on investments related to earlier investments made by the Funds, Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients). Such Other Blackstone Clients and/or Blackstone may also have certain governance rights for legal, regulatory or other reasons that the Funds will not have. As such, the Funds, Blackstone and/or such Other Blackstone Clients can be expected to dispose of any such shared investment at different times and on different terms, and investors therein could receive different consideration than is offered to any one particular limited partner in the Fund (e.g., some or all limited partners of the Funds could receive cash whereas other limited partners and investors in comparable Funds or Other Blackstone Clients could be provided the opportunity to receive distributions in kind in lieu thereof). See also "— Joint Investments" herein.

At times, a transaction counterparty will, in certain circumstances, require facing only one fund entity, which can be expected to result in, (i) if a Fund is a direct counterparty to a transaction, such Fund being solely liable with respect to its own share as well as other Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' shares of any applicable obligations, or (ii) if a Fund is not the direct

counterparty, such Fund having a contribution obligation to the relevant other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients (including BXPE Lux). See also “—Holding Entities and Tracking Interests” herein. Alternatively, a counterparty may agree to face multiple funds, which could result in a Fund being jointly and severally liable alongside other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients for the full amount of the applicable obligations. Similarly, there could be transactions with respect to which, to address legal, tax, regulatory, administrative or other commercial considerations—including, for example compliance with cash confirmation requirements under the UK Takeover Code in connection with an investment involving a UK take-private transaction—BPIA or Blackstone determines to utilize the Funds to make an investment commitment for a proposed investment on behalf of itself and one or more Other Blackstone Clients (or vice versa) with the expectation that such Other Blackstone Client (or the Funds, as applicable) assumes its share of the relevant funding obligation prior to closing. In cases in which the Funds could be responsible for the liability of other Funds or an Other Blackstone Client, or *vice versa*, the applicable parties would generally enter into a back-to-back or other similar contribution or reimbursement agreement. In such cases, only the liability that is attributable to the Funds’ *pro rata* shares in the investments or transaction will be counted towards the indebtedness or investment (including concentration) limitations (if applicable) described in the Organizational Documents, and not, for the avoidance of doubt, the full obligation in respect of the Investment, notwithstanding that the Funds are contractually responsible for the share of liability of such Other Blackstone Client.

Likewise, for certain investment-related hedging transactions, it can be expected to be advantageous for counterparties to trade solely with the Funds (or their special purpose or other vehicles). For these transactions, it is anticipated that the Funds would then enter into back-to-back trade confirmations with deal-specific aggregators as well as guarantees, keepwells or other similar arrangements with other relevant Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. The party owing under such an arrangement may not have resources to pay its liability, however, in which case the other party will bear more than its *pro rata* share of the relevant loss. In certain circumstances where a Fund participates in an investment alongside any Other Blackstone Client, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, (including a co-investment vehicle), such Fund could bear more than its *pro rata* share of expenses relating to such investment, including, but not limited to, as the result of such Other Blackstone Client not having resources to bear such expenses (e.g., as a result of the Other Blackstone Client’s insufficient reserves or inability to call capital contributions to cover such expenses). It is not expected that the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will be compensated for agreeing to be primarily liable vis-à-vis a third-party counterparty. Moreover, in connection with the divestment of all or part of a Portfolio Entity (e.g., an initial public offering) and/or the wind-down of a Portfolio Entity, Blackstone will seek to track the ownership interests, liabilities and obligations of the Funds and any Other Blackstone Clients owning an interest in the Portfolio Entity comprising such operating business, but it is possible that the Funds and applicable Other Blackstone Clients will, in certain circumstances,

incur shared, disproportionate or crossed liabilities. Furthermore, depending on various factors including the relative assets, expiration dates, investment objectives and return profiles of each of the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients, it is possible that one or more of them will have greater exposure to legal claims and that they will have conflicting goals with respect to the price, timing and manner of disposition opportunities. Finally, in certain circumstances, if the Funds are participating in an investment alongside an Other Blackstone Client (including a co-investment vehicle), the Funds could also bear more than their pro rata share of expenses relating to such investment if such Other Blackstone Client does not have resources to bear such expenses (including, but not limited to, as a result of insufficient reserves and/or the inability to call capital to cover such expenses).

Moreover, in connection with seeking financing or refinancing of Portfolio Entities and their assets, it may be the case that better financing terms are available when more than one Portfolio Entity provides collateral, particularly in circumstances where the assets of each Portfolio Entity are similar in nature. As such, rather than seeking such financing or refinancing on its own, a Portfolio Entity of the Funds may enter into cross collateralization arrangements with another Portfolio Entity of the Funds or Portfolio Entities of one or more Other Blackstone Clients. While Blackstone would expect any such financing arrangements to generally be non-recourse to the Funds and the Other Blackstone Clients, as a result of any cross-collateralization, a Fund could also lose its interests in otherwise performing investments due to poorly performing or non-performing investments of the other Funds or the Other Blackstone Clients.

Third-Party Fund Managers' Conflicts of Interest. Third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest and their affiliates generally will engage in a wide range of activities and will have other interests and relationships that could create a variety of conflicts of interest. The fund managers' activities will not be coordinated. From time to time, a fund manager may buy or sell securities for the benefit of one or more other vehicles or accounts at the same time that such fund manager buys or sells those same securities with respect to vehicles in which the Fund invests. Different fund managers may also engage in conflicting activities with respect to the same companies or issuers, including buying or selling at opposite times or at different prices and terms since their activities are not coordinated. This could lead to additional costs and expenses and indirect losses, which would be borne by the Fund to the extent of its ownership interest in such fund managers. In addition, circumstances could arise where a Fund may be invested as a limited partner (or equivalent) in a pooled investment vehicle that is managed by a third-party fund manager in which the Fund is also invested.

Syndication; Warehousing. Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners, or affiliates or related parties of the foregoing could, subject to the limitations in the applicable Organizational Documents, commit to or initially acquire an investment as principal

and subsequently syndicate or sell prior to or following the closing of the investment some or all of it to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or co-investment vehicles (as applicable) formed to co-invest alongside the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, and/or third parties in an affiliate or related party transaction, or *vice versa*. Similarly, subject to any limitations in the applicable Organizational Documents, the Funds may commit to or initially acquire an investment and subsequently syndicate, or sell some or all of it, to Blackstone, other Funds, BPIA, Other Blackstone Clients, co-investment vehicles (including co-investment vehicles managed outside the BPIA program or committed co-investment vehicles), joint venture partners, Consultants or affiliates or related parties of the foregoing or other third parties (including any person (including, if applicable, any limited partner other than solely in their capacity as such and Consultants) that BPIA determines has the ability to add value to an investment in light of its relationships, experience, geographic location, market or industry knowledge and/or other relevant attributes as determined by Blackstone), notwithstanding the availability of capital from the Fund investors and other limited partners thereof or applicable credit facilities. Such syndications may occur over time in multiple transactions and following the closing of the investment. Management Fees will begin accruing as of the date of the initial commitment of a particular investment by the Other Blackstone Client (i.e. Management Fees will be charged as if the Fund had participated in the investment from the date the investment was first committed to, which will result in Management Fees being charged on a retroactive basis in cases where the Fund acquires its interest in the investment via syndication). If any such intended syndication is not ultimately consummated, Blackstone, the Funds or the other party that initially acquires such portion will be expected to retain it, leading to the Funds or such other party having more of the applicable investment (including expenses relating to such unconsummated syndication) initially intended to be syndicated than it would otherwise have had if such syndication had not initially been contemplated. For the avoidance of doubt, certain Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients (including Other Co-Invest Vehicles) participating in such investment will likely not take part in any such syndication in the same manner or to the same extent (if at all), or may participate in a syndication alongside the Funds but at a different interest rate, due to legal, regulatory, accounting, administrative or other considerations. BPIA reserves the right to cause these transfers to be made at cost, or cost plus an interest rate or carrying cost charged from the time of acquisition to the time of transfer, notwithstanding that the fair market value of any such investments may have declined below or increased above cost from the date of acquisition to the time of such transfer. There can be no assurance that, in the case of estimated interest expense, there will be any subsequent adjustment in the case actual interest rates change during the period between drawdown and due date and/or if actual funding by a co-investor occurs prior to the actual due date (through which interest will have been calculated). Particularly, the Funds and certain Other Blackstone Clients will conduct monthly or otherwise frequent valuation of investments and, notwithstanding the existence of such valuations, BPIA can be expected to

nevertheless cause the syndication of Investments to be made at cost, cost plus an interest rate and/or carrying cost. Any valuation intended to reflect the fair market value of an investment could ultimately not accurately reflect the realizable value of an investment and there will be no retroactive adjustment, even if such adjustment would benefit the Funds and indirectly the limited partners. BPIA also reserves the right to determine another methodology for pricing these transfers, including fair market value at the time of transfer, and the limited partners will not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure related thereto, including with respect to timing, structuring, pricing and other terms. There can be no assurance that, in the case of estimated interest expense, there will be any subsequent adjustment in the case actual interest rates change during the period between drawdown and due date and/or if actual funding by a co-investor occurs prior to the actual due date (through which interest will have been calculated). Also, BPIA will, in certain circumstances, charge fees on these transfers to either or both of the parties to them. The Funds, BPIA or their affiliates will from time to time be permitted to retain any portion of an investment initially acquired by them with a view to syndication to co-investors or other potential purchasers to the extent such portion has not been syndicated after reasonable efforts to do so. Furthermore, syndications to third parties as described above may be on an interest-free basis or on other favorable terms compared to terms under which any limited partners (in such capacity) co-invest alongside the Funds (including, in certain circumstances, syndicating below cost), and in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable), in the event capital had been called for such syndicated portion, the amounts may be treated under certain Funds' Organizational Documents as amount returned in lieu of being used and thus (to the extent applicable to a Fund) treated as never having been contributed by the limited partners for purposes of the Funds' Organizational Documents and in the event such syndicated portion was held using a Fund's credit facility, then such Fund may bear the costs and interests related to such borrowing as Fund expenses without reimbursement from such third parties.

Conflicts of interest are expected to arise in connection with these affiliate transactions, including with respect to timing, structuring, pricing, fees and other terms. For example, BPIA will have a potential conflict of interest when BPIA receives fees, including performance-based compensation, from a Fund or an Other Blackstone Client acquiring from or transferring to the Funds all or a portion of an investment. Furthermore, BPIA and its affiliates have the right to commit to or initially acquire a portion of an investment alongside the Funds if it intends to syndicate such amounts to Other Blackstone Clients or such other third parties (which may include one or more investors in Other Blackstone Clients), and to retain such amounts not ultimately syndicated after having used reasonable efforts to syndicate. The equity committed/used in any such underwriting by BPIA and its affiliates may come from Blackstone's own balance sheet and/or from one or more third parties that enter into arrangements with Blackstone with respect thereto, and may come from an Other Blackstone Client. In such circumstances, Blackstone will have the right to earn underwriting and/or syndication fees from

the Funds, the Portfolio Entities, or the purchasers of such equity, and the Funds and the limited partners will not be entitled to share in or receive the benefit of any such underwriting and/or syndication fees. As a result, BPIA could be incentivized to underwrite and/or syndicate amounts of equity in investments due to the right to earn fees not subject to offset in favor of the limited partners, even if the capital used to underwrite such amounts do not come entirely from the Blackstone's own balance sheet as described above, and Blackstone could share such fees with one or more third parties that commit to such equity investments and could charge purchasers of the equity fees and carried interest (or other performance-based compensation) with respect thereto. (See also "—Securities and Lending Activities" herein.)

More specifically, the Funds could initially acquire a portion of certain investments (including through borrowings on an asset-backed facility or from Blackstone itself) intended as co-investments as described herein and to syndicate all or part of such co-investments to one or more co-investors (inclusive of allocable expenses related thereto) (and a Fund may similarly acquire a portion of certain Investments with the intent to syndicate such portion to one or more other Funds or, potentially, Other Blackstone Clients). A Fund could also syndicate such portion to third parties that are designated strategic investors as described above, in which case such syndication could be on more favorable terms (e.g., at no additional syndication charge) to such third parties compared to those available to other co-investors described in the preceding sentence. The value of the investment during such period could increase, but the Funds will not receive the full benefit of any such increase. However, to the extent such amounts are not so charged or reimbursed, they generally will be borne by the Funds.

All of the foregoing conflicts related to syndication of Investments and warehousing will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and it is possible that investors therein will not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts. By subscribing for interests in a Fund, investors will be deemed to have consented to the syndication of investments and warehousing to the extent the terms of such transactions are approved by the Funds' independent directors.

Secondary transfers of LP transactions. To the extent BPIA has discretion over a secondary transfer of interests in the Fund pursuant to such Fund's Organizational Documents, or is asked to identify potential purchasers in a secondary transfer, BPIA will do so in its sole discretion, taking into account the following factors, among others:

- BPIA's evaluation of the financial resources of the potential purchaser, including its ability to meet capital contribution obligations;
- BPIA's perception of its past experiences and relationships with the potential purchaser, including its belief that the potential purchaser would help establish, recognize,

strengthen and/or cultivate relationships that provide indirectly longer-term benefits to current or future Funds and/or BPIA and the expected amount of negotiations required in connection with a potential purchaser's investment;

- Whether the potential purchaser would subject BPIA, the applicable Fund, or their affiliates to legal, regulatory, reporting, public relations, media or other burdens;
- A potential purchaser's investment into another Fund (including any commitment, or agreement to make a commitment, into an existing or future Other Blackstone Client and/or other Funds);
- Requirements in such Fund's Organizational Documents; and
- Such other facts as it deems appropriate under the circumstances in exercising such discretion.

Continuation Vehicles and Continuation Transactions. BPIA could, subject to the requirements of the Funds' Organizational Documents, from time to time establish other investment vehicles for the purpose of purchasing one or more investments from the Funds (including, but not always, where the selling Fund is approaching the end of its term), which could be made in connection with, or alongside another Fund making an investment (such vehicles, "Continuation Vehicles" and such transactions, "Continuation Transactions"). In such circumstances, BPIA is acting on behalf of, and making the investment decision for, both the Funds and the applicable Continuation Vehicle. As a result, Continuation Transactions implicate the conflicts of interest described herein in "Buying and Selling Investments or Assets from Certain Related Parties" between the Funds and the Continuation Vehicle more generally. Further, because BPIA and/or its affiliates will have the opportunity to earn additional management fees and/or receive additional performance-based compensation and other benefits in respect of such Continuation Transactions, and because each purchaser's commitment to acquire interests in a Continuation Vehicle will ordinarily be conditioned upon completion of the Continuation Transaction, BPIA will typically have a conflict of interest in determining transaction terms and participants. While actual conflicts of interest related to Continuation Transactions often require approval by the board of directors or the independent directors of a Fund (as applicable), certain Continuation Transactions will be able to be completed at the initiation of BPIA without any such approval. In the event that the Funds propose to sell any assets in a Continuation Transaction and that sale fails to close for any reason, the Funds would typically bear the broken deal expenses relating to the proposed transaction, including (without limitation) the costs of forming and marketing the Continuation Transaction, as well as fees for services that would only have accrued to the benefit of certain subsets of investors in the Funds, such as where applicable, those electing to continue their participation, if the transaction had closed.

Break-up and other Similar Fees. Break-up or topping fees, or commitment fees (including fees received in respect of guarantees as may be contemplated under the Organizational Documents), transaction, monitoring and director fees and organization, financing, divestment, and/or other similar fees (which does not include amounts received with respect to group purchasing, healthcare brokerage, insurance and other similar services to Portfolio Entities) with respect to the Funds' investments ("Similar Fees") can be paid to BPIA, in which case, subject to the Organizational Documents, Management Fees may be offset by the amount of break-up or topping fees (or other Similar Fees, as applicable) attributable to a potential investment by the Funds, but not to any amount attributable to a potential investment by Other Blackstone Clients, vehicles participating in Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, and/or accounts (including insurance accounts, Everlake, Corebridge and Resolution Life, each as defined below) managed by affiliates of Blackstone and related entities or third parties (see "Other Blackstone Business Activities" herein). Alternatively, the Funds could receive the break-up or topping, or other Similar Fees directly, in which case there will be no Management Fee offset. BPIA will generally receive a greater economic benefit by structuring the break-up or topping fee (or other Similar Fee) to be paid to it directly, subject to the Management Fee offset, and may do so in its sole discretion. Break-up or topping fees (or other Similar Fees) paid to BPIA or the Funds in connection with a transaction could be allocated, or not, to Other Blackstone Clients or co-investment vehicles and other investment vehicles participating in investments that invest (or are expected to invest) alongside the Funds, as determined by BPIA to be appropriate in the circumstances. Generally, BPIA would not allocate break-up or topping fees (or other Similar Fees) with respect to a potential investment to the Funds, an Other Blackstone Client or co-investment vehicle unless such person would also share in broken deal expenses related to the potential investment. BPIA may receive other types of fees as described in Organizational Documents which are not subject to offset, including without limitation, financial advisory fees, organization and financing fees for arranging acquisitions and other major financial restructurings, data management fees, fees for Sustainability services, fees for services related to group purchasing, healthcare consulting/brokerage, investment banking, title insurance, capital markets (including with respect to syndications or placements of debt and/or equity securities or instruments issued by portfolio companies or entities formed to invest therein), credit origination, loan servicing and/or other types of insurance, management consulting and other similar operational and financial matters (whether in cash or in kind). As another example of fees for other operational matters, BPIA anticipates that in certain circumstances, professionals of Blackstone and Blackstone affiliated service providers will receive fees for AI Technologies related services (which may be conducted from within the portfolio operations group or another group within Blackstone) to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and the Funds' and Other Blackstone Clients' Portfolio Entities, in which case there will be no Management Fee offset. Furthermore, joint venture partners to joint venture arrangements may

provide services (such as asset management oversight services) similar to, and overlapping with, services provided by the BPIA to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their respective Portfolio Entities, and, notwithstanding the foregoing, fees attributable to such services will not offset Management Fees or otherwise be allocated to, or shared with, the limited partners. In certain circumstances, joint venture arrangements could be structured such that the Funds receive a portion of monitoring fees attributable to the monitoring services provided by joint venture partners due to the Funds' interest in such joint venture arrangements. In such cases the monitoring fees paid to joint venture arrangements and received by the Funds will offset Management Fees to the extent provided for under the Organizational Documents. With respect to fees received by Blackstone relating to the Funds' investments or from unconsummated transactions, Fund investors will not receive the benefit of any fees relating to the Funds' investments (including, without limitation, as described above) other than as set forth in the Organizational Documents. Any fees that result in an offset of the Management Fee only apply to the extent the fees giving rise to such offset are paid as part of and during the course of the Funds' investment in such company, and without regard to the nature of the fees, there will be no offset for the Management Fee with respect to any fees paid to Blackstone after a Fund has exited an investment. For example, a Portfolio Entity may retain or continue to retain the Blackstone Capital Markets Group (including with respect to fees for services described herein) or continue to work with Blackstone in connection with group purchasing arrangements when and after a Fund exited its investment therein. Following an exit of a Fund's investment in a Portfolio Entity, Other Blackstone Clients and other Funds may continue to hold interests (debt and/or equity) in such Portfolio Entity, and Blackstone may begin to earn fees or continue to earn fees from such Portfolio Entity for providing services to such Portfolio Entity, including, but not limited to, capital markets advice, group purchasing and health care brokerage, insurance and other similar services, which in each case will not offset or reduce the Management Fee. Also, in the case of fees for services, including as a director of a Portfolio Entity, the Management Fee will not be reduced or offset to the extent any Blackstone personnel continues to serve as a director after the Funds have exited (or is in the process of exiting) the applicable Portfolio Entity and/or following the termination of such employee's employment with Blackstone or to the extent any Blackstone affiliates or personnel provides services with respect to any third-party fund manager in which the Funds have invested or enters into a transaction with such a fund manager or its Portfolio Entities. Conflicts of interest are expected to arise when a Portfolio Entity enters into arrangements with Blackstone on or about the time the Funds exit the investment in such Portfolio Entity. To the extent any investment banking fees, consulting (including management consulting, and AI Technologies) fees, syndication fees, capital markets syndication and significant sums in advisory fees (including underwriting fees, (including, without limitation, evaluation regarding value creation opportunities and Sustainability risk mitigation)), origination fees, servicing fees, healthcare consulting / brokerage fees, fees relating to group purchasing,

financial advisory fees and similar fees for arranging acquisitions, other major financial restructurings and other similar operational and financial matters, loan servicing and/or other types of insurance fees, operations fees, financing fees, fees for asset services, title insurance fees, energy procurement / brokerage fees; fees for Sustainability services, fees associated with aviation management including origination fees, servicer fees (e.g., services relating to lease collections/disbursements, maintenance, insurance, lease marketing and sale of aircraft/parts), insurance asset management fees, construction, development and other asset and property management fees (e.g., services relating to the preparation of monthly cash flow models and industry research reports and sourcing, diligence and underwriting and other similar services provided pursuant to investment management arrangements) and aircraft disposition fees, data management and services fees or payments (including artificial intelligence related fees), treasury and valuation services, aviation asset management fees, fees paid to the Blackstone Capital Markets Group and/or Blackstone's Portfolio Operations Group, incentive fees and other similar fees and annual retainers (whether in cash or in kind) are received by Blackstone, such fees, including in the form of management fees, incentive fees, incentive allocations, carried interest or other form of management promote or performance-based compensation and other incentive fees, will not be required to be shared with the Funds or the limited partners therein and will not result in any offset to the Management Fee payable by the limited partners. In addition, such services may be provided to third-party fund managers in which the Funds have invested and/or their affiliates and Portfolio Entities and corresponding fees may be paid to Blackstone and its affiliates, and Fund investors will not be entitled to benefit from any such amounts and the Management Fee will not be offset thereby.

In connection with certain Investments in certain jurisdictions, the Funds may contribute capital contributions made by the limited partners for the payment of Management Fees (to the extent such contributions by limited partners are applicable, for example, in the case of a closed-end Fund) to a holding vehicle formed in connection with such investment to enable such holding vehicle to pay management fees to an affiliate of BPIA. To the extent the Funds makes such contributions to any such holding vehicle, the Funds will be credited with such amounts as if they had been paid by the Funds to BPIA under the Organizational Documents (and such amounts paid to an affiliate of BPIA by such holding vehicle will not, for greater certainty, constitute an additional fee that would offset the Management Fee, as such amounts do not result in an increase in the total amount of Management Fees paid to BPIA and its affiliates had the Funds paid the entirety of the Management Fee to BPIA).

Lack of Liquidity. Pursuant to the Organizational Documents of the Funds (other than any closed-end Funds, if applicable) and subject to any applicable redemption caps or other restrictions (as described in the Organizational Documents of the Funds), investors may request a partial or total redemption of their interests in such Funds, from time to time. There can, however, be no

assurance that any such requests will be satisfied in full, at all, or within any particular period of time. Proceeds from any such redemption will be reduced by any early repurchase deduction, as described further in the Organizational Documents, the performance-based compensation, Management Fees and Administration Fees accrued thereon and payable to the General Partner, BPIA or an affiliate thereof, any actual or estimated reasonable redemption processing expenses and any tax withholding with respect to such investor and will generally be distributed to the redeeming investor after the General Partner's final determination of such Funds' net asset value as of the applicable redemption date in accordance with the terms of the Organizational Documents of such Funds.

Broken Deal Expenses. Any expenses incurred by the Funds for actual investments as described herein or in the applicable organizational documents will also be incurred by the Funds with respect to broken deals (i.e., investments or proposed dispositions that are not consummated). While BPIA expects to generally allocate broken deal expenses pro rata among BXPE Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients that were expected to participate in the transaction, unless otherwise required by law or regulation, BPIA is not required to and in most circumstances will not seek reimbursement of broken deal expenses (i.e., expenses incurred in pursuit of an investment or disposition that is not consummated) from third parties, including counterparties to the potential transaction or potential co-investors (including "standing" co-investment vehicles established to participate in co-investment opportunities alongside the Clients on a regular or periodic basis and/or as part of an overall co-investment program or arrangement ("Standing Co-Investment Vehicles")). Moreover, expenses related to the organization of co-investment vehicles formed to invest in a transaction that was ultimately not consummated are expected to be borne by the Funds, and not the proposed co-investors thereof. Examples of such broken deal expenses include, but are not limited to, reverse termination fees, extraordinary expenses such as litigation costs and judgments, meal, travel and entertainment expenses incurred, deposits or down payments which are forfeited in connection with unconsummated transactions, costs of negotiating co-investment documentation (including non-disclosure agreements with counterparties), the costs from onboarding (i.e., know your customer) investment entities with a financial institution, commitment fees that become payable in connection with a proposed investment, and legal, tax, accounting and consulting fees and expenses (including all expenses incurred in connection with any tax audit, investigation, settlement or review of the Funds, and any expenses of the Funds' partnership representative or its designated individual), printing and publishing expenses, and other due diligence and pursuit costs and expenses (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Consultant expenses and including, in certain instances, broken deal expenses associated with services provided by Portfolio Entities, as detailed below), which could include expenses incurred prior to the commencement of a Fund's Effective Date (as defined herein). Although broken deal expenses is generally expected to be shared between BXPE Funds and any Other Blackstone Client pro rata

according to capital invested by each in such investment, any such broken deal expenses could, in the sole discretion of BPIA acting in good faith, be allocated solely to the applicable Funds and not to other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or co-investment vehicles (including such standing co-investment vehicles) that could have made the investment (including any situation where an Other Blackstone Client was initially allocated an investment opportunity and incurred such expenses before such investment opportunity was reallocated to a Fund), even when such the Other Blackstone Client or co-investment vehicle commonly invests alongside the Funds in its investments or Blackstone or other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients in their investments (including such standing co-invest vehicles). In such cases, the Funds' share of expenses would increase. Until a potential investment of a Fund is formally allocated to an Other Blackstone Client and/or potential co-investors (it being understood that final allocation decisions are typically made shortly prior to signing an investment), such Fund is expected to bear the broken deal expenses for such investment (even if it was anticipated that such potential investment might be formally allocated to an Other Blackstone Client and/or potential co-investors instead of a Fund), which can result in substantial amounts of broken deal expenses being borne by the Funds. In the event broken deal expenses are allocated to an Other Blackstone Client or a co-investment vehicle, BPIA or applicable Funds will, in certain circumstances, advance such fees and expenses without charging interest until paid by the other Fund or Other Blackstone Client or co-investment vehicle, as applicable. Additionally, certain co-investment vehicles, including Other Blackstone Clients, or certain potential co-investors who might have invested in a transaction had it been consummated, such as potential investors in co-investment structures relating to a specific investment where the legally binding agreements relating to such co-investment are not executed until the time of the deal closing, will not be allocated any share of any break-up or topping fees or broken deal expenses (and such expenses will be allocated to the Funds), unless BPIA determines otherwise in its discretion or as set forth in the relevant operative agreements or as required by applicable law. In addition, certain Portfolio Entities will provide transaction support and other services (including identifying potential investments) to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities in respect of certain investments that are not ultimately consummated. (See also "—Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors" herein.) BPIA will endeavor in good faith to allocate such broken deal-related costs to the Fund and such Other Blackstone Clients as it deems appropriate under the particular circumstances. Any methodology used to determine the allocation of such broken deal expenses to the Funds and any Other Blackstone Clients or co-investment vehicles (including the choice thereof) involves inherent conflicts and will not result in perfect attribution and allocation of such costs, and there can be no assurance that a different manner of allocation would result in the Funds and their Portfolio Entities bearing less, more, or the same amount of such costs. Further, any of the foregoing costs, although allocated in a particular period, could be allocated based on activities occurring outside such period. The allocation of any of the foregoing costs can be

expected to be based on any number of different methodologies, including, without limitation, the aggregate value or number of, or invested capital in, transactions consummated in the applicable prior quarter, and therefore the Funds could, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, pay more than their pro rata portion of such cost based on its actual usage of such services.

Other Blackstone Business Activities. Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities, and personnel and related parties of the foregoing have and will continue to receive fees and compensation, including performance-based and other incentive fees, which could be substantial, for products and services provided to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, such as fees for asset management (including, without limitation, management fees and carried interest/incentive arrangements), development and property management; underwriting (including, without limitation, evaluation regarding value creation opportunities and Sustainability risk mitigation), syndication or refinancing of a loan or investment (or other additional fees including, without limitation, acquisition, loan modification or restructuring fees); loan servicing; special servicing; fees for monitoring and oversight of loans provided to Portfolio Entities and/or third parties; administrative services; advisory services on purchase or sale of an asset or company; advisory services; investment banking and capital markets services; treasury and valuation services; placement agent services; fund administration; internal legal and tax planning services; information technology products and services; insurance procurement, brokerage, solutions and risk management services; data extraction and management products and services; BX Energy Portcos (as defined below); Revantage (as defined below) acquisition and disposition program management; and other products and services (including but not limited to restructuring, consulting, monitoring, commitment, syndication, origination, organization and financing, and divestment services). (See also “—Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors” herein). For example, Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client may, directly or indirectly through a portfolio entity, from time to time, acquire certain assets, loans or other interests for the purpose of syndicating some or all of such assets, loans or other interests to the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, and may receive syndication or other fees in connection therewith. Other than as expressly set forth in the Organizational Documents, such fees shall not be applied to offset the Management Fee and Fund investors will not share therein. Such parties will also provide products and services for fees to Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and their personnel and related parties, as applicable, as well as third parties. Further, such parties could provide products and services for fees to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities in circumstances where third-party service providers are concurrently providing similar services to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities. Through its Innovations group (BXi), Blackstone incubates (or otherwise invests in) businesses that are expected to be introduced to, and therefore frequently provide goods and services to, the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, as well

as other Blackstone-related parties and third parties. By contracting for a product or service from a business related to Blackstone, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities would provide not only current income to the business and its stakeholders, but could also create significant enterprise value in them, which would not be shared with the Funds or limited partners and could benefit Blackstone directly and indirectly. Also, Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and their personnel and related parties will, in certain circumstances, receive compensation or other benefits, such as through additional ownership interests or otherwise, directly related to the consumption of products and services by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. The Funds and their Portfolio Entities will incur expenses in negotiating for any such fees and services, which will be treated as Fund expenses. In addition, a General Partner may receive fees associated with capital invested by co-investors relating to investments in which a Fund participates or otherwise, in connection with a joint venture in which a Fund participates or otherwise with respect to assets or other interests retained by a seller or other commercial counterparty with respect to which a General Partner performs services. Finally, Blackstone and its personnel and related parties will, in certain circumstances, also receive compensation for origination activities and unconsummated transactions.

The Funds have engaged and will, in certain circumstances, engage one or more third-party administrators to provide certain administrative services to it and, in such circumstances there may be some overlap in the services performed by the third-party administrator and Blackstone personnel and, subject to the Organizational Documents, the Funds will bear all such costs, provided that fees, costs and expenses of administrative services provided with respect to the Administration Fee will not be duplicated for the Funds as a Fund expense. The Funds will, as determined by BPIA, and as permitted by the Organizational Documents, bear the cost of fund administration, accounting (including, without limitation, maintenance of the Funds' books and records, preparation of net asset value and other valuation support services, as applicable (e.g., valuation model and methodology review, review of third-party due diligence conclusions and sample testing), preparation of periodic investor reporting and calculation of performance metrics, central administration and depositary oversight (e.g., periodic and ongoing due diligence and coordination of investment reconciliation and asset verification); audit support (e.g., audit planning and review of annual financial statements); risk management support services (e.g., calculation and review of investment and leverage exposure), Sustainability support services, regulatory risk reporting, data collection and modeling and risk management matters and tax support services (e.g., annual tax and VAT returns and FATCA and CRS compliance)), in-house attorneys to provide transactional legal and related tax advice, tax planning and other related services (including, without limitation, entity organization, structuring, due diligence, document drafting and negotiation, closing preparation, post-closing activities (such as compliance with contractual terms and providing advice for investment-level matters with respect to fiduciary and other obligations and issues), litigation or regulatory matters, reviewing and structuring exit

opportunities) provided by Blackstone personnel and related parties (including, without limitation, Blackstone Europe Fund Management S.à r.l. (“BEFM”), including all services provided by BEFM to a Luxembourg parallel fund that would be considered costs of fund administration if provided by Blackstone to a Fund, (notwithstanding the customary scope of such services by third-party service providers)) to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, including the allocation of their compensation (including, without limitation, salary, bonus, and benefits) and related overhead otherwise payable by Blackstone, or pay for their services at market rates, and except in certain limited circumstances or with respect to certain Funds, such amounts will not offset Management Fees. In certain circumstances, the Funds may engage a third-party administrator (e.g., as required for a Luxembourg parallel fund) and, in such circumstances, there may be some overlap in the services performed by the third-party administrator and Blackstone personnel and the Funds will bear all such costs. The services of in-house attorneys generally include, without limitation, services with respect to M&A, capital markets or financing transactions, tax or regulatory structuring, supervision of external counsel and service providers, attending internal and external meetings (including investment committee meetings) and/or communicating with relevant internal and external parties. Any determination of whether the fees and costs attributable to Blackstone personnel and related parties reflect market rates or arm's length terms will not take into account any additional fees and costs borne by the Funds with respect to third parties providing similar services (e.g., an external administrator, if applicable). Such allocations or charges can be based on any of the following methodologies: (i) requiring personnel to periodically record or allocate their historical time spent with respect to the Funds or Blackstone approximating the proportion of certain personnel's time spent with respect to the Funds, and in each case allocating their compensation (including, without limitation, salary, bonus, and benefits services, purchase and sale of assets) and allocable overhead based on time spent, or charging their time spent at market rates, (ii) the assessment of an overall dollar amount (based on a fixed fee or percentage of assets under management) that Blackstone believes represents a fair recoupment of expenses and a market rate for such services or (iii) any other similar methodology determined by Blackstone to be appropriate under the circumstances. Certain Blackstone personnel will provide services to few, or only one, of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, in which case Blackstone could rely upon rough approximations of time spent by the employee for purposes of allocating the salary and overhead of the person if the market rate for services is clearly higher than allocable salary and overhead. However, the provision of such services by Blackstone personnel and related parties and any such methodology (including the choice thereof and any benchmarking, verification or other analysis related thereto) involves inherent conflicts. The General Partner may utilize a different methodology in the future, including one of the other methodologies described, or another methodology, which may result in the Funds bearing amounts more or less than would otherwise be the case. Any amounts paid to Blackstone and/or its affiliates for such services, as well as the expenses, charges and costs of

any benchmarking, verification or other analysis related thereto, will be borne by the Funds as Fund expenses, will not result in any offset to the Management Fee and will, in certain circumstances, result in incurrence of greater expenses by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities than would be the case if such services were provided by third parties. From time to time, BPIA may determine not to allocate an expense to the Funds although the expense is a permissible Fund expense pursuant to the Organizational Documents (or vice versa), and BPIA may in the future begin charging the Funds for such expenses.

BPIA, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and their affiliates, personnel and related parties could continue to receive fees, including performance-based or incentive fees, for the services described in the preceding paragraphs with respect to investments sold by the Funds or a Portfolio Entity to a third-party buyer after the sale is consummated. Such post-disposition involvement will give rise to potential or actual conflicts of interest, particularly in the sale process. Moreover, BPIA, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and their affiliates, personnel and related parties may acquire a stake in the relevant asset as part of the overall service relationship, at the time of the sale or thereafter.

BPIA does not have any obligation to ensure that fees for products and services contracted by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities are at market rates unless the counterparty is considered an “Affiliate” of Blackstone, as defined in the Organizational Documents, and given the breadth of Blackstone’s investments and activities BPIA may not be aware of every commercial arrangement between the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and Blackstone, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and personnel and related parties of the foregoing, on the other hand.

Except as set forth above, the Funds and limited partners will not receive the benefit (e.g., through an offset to the Management Fee or otherwise) of any fees or other compensation or benefit received by BPIA, its affiliates or their personnel and related parties (see also “—Service Providers, Vendors and Other Counterparties Generally” and “—Other Blackstone Business Activities” herein). BPIA and its affiliates and their personnel and related parties will receive fees attributable to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts and/or third parties) and third parties and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the amount of such fees allocable to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts and/or third parties) will not result in an offset of the Management Fee payable by the limited partners or otherwise be shared with the Funds, their Portfolio Entities or the limited partner, even if (i) such other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts and/or third parties) provide for lower or no Management Fees for the investors or participants therein (such as the vehicles established in connection with Blackstone’s

side-by-side co-investment rights, which generally do not pay a Management Fee or carried interest) or (ii) such fees result in an offset to Management Fees or carried interest payable by any of such Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, permanent capital vehicles, accounts and/or third parties). As noted in “Co-Investment Opportunities” herein, this creates an incentive for Blackstone to offer co-investment opportunities and can be expected to result in other fees being received more frequently (or exclusively) with investments that involve co-investment.

In addition, to the extent Blackstone receives any of the fees described above in kind, instead of in cash, in whole or in part, Blackstone would in certain circumstances elect to become a co-investor (or otherwise hold an interest) in such investments alongside the Funds, the BPIA program and/or Other Blackstone Clients, which could give rise to potential or actual conflicts of interest, including with respect to the timing and manner of sale by Blackstone, on the one hand, and other participating funds, including the Funds, on the other hand. Blackstone’s receipt of such interests in kind generally would not be at the same time or on substantially the same terms, price and conditions as the Funds, the BPIA program and/or the Other Blackstone Clients, as applicable. With respect to any dispositions of securities or investments held by Blackstone resulting from receiving such fees in kind, since the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, as applicable, are not necessarily similarly situated and may have different terms affecting the timing of their respective dispositions, there may be certain situations where Blackstone would not dispose of its securities or interests at the same time and/or on substantially the same terms, price and conditions as such other funds, which would be evaluated by Blackstone on a case-by-case basis taking into account the circumstances at the relevant time. There can be no assurance that any actual or perceived conflicts will be resolved in favor of the Funds or the limited partners.

Blackstone and its employees have long-term relationships with a significant number of corporations and their senior management. In determining whether to invest in a particular transaction on a Fund’s behalf, BPIA will consider such relationships (including any incentives or disincentives as part of such relationship) when evaluating the investment opportunity and such relationships can be expected to influence BPIA’s decision to make or not make particular investments on the Funds’ behalf. The Funds could also co-invest with investors of Blackstone, other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients in particular investments, and the relationship with such parties could influence the decisions made by BPIA with respect to such investments. Blackstone is under no obligation to decline any engagements or investments in order to make an investment opportunity available to the Funds (e.g., investments in a competitor of a client or other person with whom Blackstone has a relationship). The Funds may be required to sell or hold existing Investments as a result of investment banking relationships or other relationships that Blackstone may have or develop, or transactions or investments Blackstone may make or have made.

Outsourcing. BPIA is expected to outsource to third parties several of the services performed for the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities, including services (such as administrative, legal, accounting, tax, investment diligence (including sourcing), modeling and ongoing monitoring, preparing internal templates, memos, and similar materials in connection with BPIA's analysis of investment opportunities, or other related services) that can be and/or historically have been performed in-house by BPIA and its personnel. The fees, costs and expenses of such third-party service providers will, when consistent with the Funds' Organizational Documents, be borne by the Funds as Fund expenses, even if BPIA would have borne such amounts if such services had been performed in-house (which, for the avoidance of doubt, would be in addition to any fees borne by the Funds as Fund expenses for similar services performed by BPIA in-house in lieu of or alongside (and/or to supplement or monitor) such third parties, subject to the terms of the Funds' Organizational Documents). Outsourced services include certain services (such as fund administration, transactional legal advice, tax planning and other related services) that will, subject to the terms of the Funds' Organizational Documents, also be provided by BPIA in-house at the Funds' expense. From time to time, BPIA will provide such services alongside (and/or supplement or monitor) a third-party service provider on the same matter or engagement and, in such cases, to the extent BPIA's services are reimbursable under the Funds' Organizational Documents, the overall amount of Fund expenses borne directly or indirectly by the limited partners will be greater than would the case if only BPIA or such third-party provided such services.

The decision to engage a third-party service provider and the terms (including economic terms) of such engagement will be made by BPIA in its discretion, taking into account such factors as it deems relevant under the circumstances. Certain third-party service providers and/or their employees (and/or teams thereof) will dedicate substantially all of their business time to one or more Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, and/or their respective Portfolio Entities, while others will have other clients. In certain cases, third-party service providers and/or their employees (including part- or full-time secondees to Blackstone) will spend some or all of their time at Blackstone offices, have dedicated office space at Blackstone, have Blackstone-related e-mail addresses, receive administrative support from Blackstone personnel or participate in meetings and events for Blackstone personnel, even though they are not Blackstone employees or affiliates. This creates a conflict of interest because Blackstone will have an incentive to outsource services to third parties due to a number of factors, including because the fees, costs and expenses of such service providers will be borne by the Funds as Fund expenses (with no reduction or offset to Management Fees) and retaining third parties will reduce BPIA's internal overhead, compensation, benefits and costs for employees who would otherwise perform such services in-house. Such incentives likely exist even with respect to services where internal overhead, compensation and benefits are chargeable to the Funds.

In general, the involvement of third-party service providers presents a number of risks due to, among other factors, BPIA's reduced control over the functions that are outsourced. In some cases, and subject to applicable law and contractual restrictions, third-party service providers are permitted to delegate all or a portion of their responsibilities relating to the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities to other third parties (including to their affiliates). Any such delegation could further reduce BPIA's control over the outsourced functions, and BPIA would lack direct oversight over the party to whom the responsibilities are delegated.

A third-party service provider could face conflicts of interest in carrying out its responsibilities relating to BPIA, the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities, including (without limitation) in relation to the delegation of such responsibilities to other parties and the allocation of time, attention and resources to BPIA, the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities, as compared to the service provider's other clients. Third-party service providers could have incentives to carry out their responsibilities in a manner that does not advance the interests of the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities and often have no fiduciary obligation to act in the best interest of BPIA, the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities. BPIA has limited visibility into what conflicts of interest a third-party service provider might face and the extent to which any such conflicts impact the service provider's decision-making.

There can be no assurances that BPIA will be able to identify, prevent or mitigate the risks of engaging third-party service providers (including the risk that such third-party service provider or its delegates will not perform the outsourced function with the same degree of skill, competence and efficiency as BPIA would in the absence of an outsourcing arrangement). The Funds could suffer adverse consequences from actions, errors or failures to act by such third parties or their delegates, and will have obligations, including indemnity obligations, and limited recourse against them.

Outsourcing and the use of internal service providers will not occur uniformly for all Blackstone managed vehicles and accounts and the expenses borne by such vehicles and accounts will vary. Accordingly, certain costs could be incurred by (or allocated to) a Fund through the use of third-party (or internal) service providers that are not incurred by (or allocated to) certain other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients for similar services.

BPIA could similarly determine, subject to applicable law, to outsource certain services to Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, limited partners of Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients and affiliates of Blackstone, or to any of their respective related parties. The risks and conflicts described above would similarly apply in such circumstances, and such circumstances would raise additional conflicts. (See also “—Blackstone Affiliated Service Providers” and “—Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors” herein.)

Material Non-Public Information. By reason of their responsibilities in connection with other activities of Blackstone and potentially by virtue of their activities outside of Blackstone, certain employees of Blackstone and/or BPJA and its affiliates may acquire confidential or material non-public information or be restricted from initiating transactions in certain securities. The Funds will not be free to act upon any such information. Due to these restrictions, it is possible that the Funds will not be able to initiate a transaction that it otherwise could have initiated and will therefore not be able to purchase or sell an investment that it otherwise could have purchased or sold, which could negatively affect the Funds' operations.

Securities and Lending Activities. Blackstone, its affiliates and their related parties and personnel participate in underwriting and lending syndicates and otherwise act as arrangers of financing, including with respect to the public offering and private placement of debt or equity securities issued by, and loan proceeds borrowed by, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities or advising on such transactions. Underwritings and financings can be on a firm commitment basis or on an uncommitted, or "best efforts," basis, and the underwriting or financing parties are under no duty to provide any commitment unless specifically set forth in the relevant contract. Blackstone can also be expected to provide, either alone or alongside third parties performing similar services, placement, financial advisory or other similar services to purchasers or sellers of securities (including in connection with primary offerings, secondary transactions and/or transactions involving special purpose acquisition companies), including loans or instruments issued by Portfolio Entities and Other Blackstone Clients. Blackstone's compensation for such services is expected to be paid by the applicable seller (including Funds (for example, in the case of secondary sales by the Funds) and Portfolio Entities), one or more underwriters or financing parties (including amounts paid by an issuer and reimbursed by one or more underwriters) and/or other transaction parties. A Blackstone broker-dealer is permitted to act as the managing underwriter, a member of the underwriting syndicate or broker for the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, or as dealer, broker or advisor to a counterparty to the Funds or a Portfolio Entity, and purchase securities from or sell securities to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, or advise on such transactions. Blackstone will also from time to time, on behalf of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, or other parties to a transaction involving the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, to effect transactions, including transactions in the secondary markets, that result in commissions or other compensation paid to Blackstone by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities or the counterparty to the transaction, thereby creating a potential conflict of interest. This could include, by way of example, fees and/or commissions for equity syndications to co-investment vehicles. Subject to applicable law, Blackstone will receive underwriting fees, discounts, placement commissions, loan modification or restructuring fees, servicing fees, capital markets fees, advisory fees (including capital markets advisory fees), lending arrangement fees, asset/property management fees, insurance (including title insurance) fees and consulting fees, incentive fees, monitoring fees, commitment fees,

syndication fees, origination fees, organizational fees, operational fees, loan servicing fees and financing and divestment fees (or, in each case, rebates in lieu of any such fees, whether in the form of purchase price discounts or otherwise, even in cases where Blackstone, the Funds, an Other Blackstone Client or their Portfolio Entities are purchasing debt) or other compensation with respect to the foregoing activities, which are not required to be shared with the Funds or the limited partners, and the Management Fee with respect to limited partners generally will not be reduced by such amounts. BPIA has sole discretion to approve the foregoing arrangements if BPIA believes in good faith that such transactions are appropriate for the Funds.

Sales of securities for the account of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities will from time to time be bunched or aggregated with orders for other accounts of Blackstone including Other Blackstone Clients. It could be impossible, as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion, to receive the same price or execution on the entire volume of securities sold, and the various prices will, in certain circumstances, therefore be averaged which could be disadvantageous to the Funds.

When Blackstone serves as underwriter with respect to securities of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, the Funds and such Portfolio Entities could be subject to a “lock-up” period following the offering under applicable regulations during which time the Funds or their Portfolio Entities would be unable to sell any securities subject to the “lock-up.” This could prejudice the ability of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities to dispose of such securities at an opportune time. (See also “—Related Financing Counterparties” and “—Portfolio Entity Relationships Generally” herein.)

Blackstone employees, including employees of BPIA, are generally permitted to invest in alternative investment funds, venture capital funds, real estate funds, hedge funds, venture capital funds or other investment vehicles, including potential competitors of the Funds. The limited partners will not receive any benefit from any such investments.

PJT. On October 1, 2015, Blackstone spun off its financial and strategic advisory services, restructuring and reorganization advisory services, and its Park Hill Group fund placement businesses, and combined these businesses with PJT Partners Inc. (“PJT”), an independent financial advisory firm founded by Paul J. Taubman. While the combined business operates independently from Blackstone and is not an affiliate thereof, it is expected that there will be substantial overlapping ownership between Blackstone and PJT for a considerable period of time going forward. Therefore, conflicts of interest will arise in connection with transactions between or involving the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, on the one hand, and PJT, on the other. The pre-existing relationship between Blackstone and its former personnel involved in financial and strategic advisory services at PJT, the overlapping ownership and co-investment and other continuing arrangements between PJT and Blackstone can be expected to influence BPIA to select or recommend PJT to perform services for the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, the cost of which will generally be borne directly or indirectly by the Funds and investors. Given that PJT is

no longer an affiliate of Blackstone, BPIA and its affiliates are able to cause the Funds and Portfolio Entities to transact with PJT generally without restriction under the Organizational Documents of such Funds, notwithstanding the relationship between Blackstone and PJT. (See also “—Service Providers, Vendors and Other Counterparties Generally” herein.) In addition, one or more investment vehicles controlled by Blackstone have been established to facilitate participation in Blackstone’s side-by-side investment program by employees and/or partners of PJT.

Portfolio Entity Relationships Generally. Blackstone, Portfolio Entities of the Funds, including special purpose vehicle Portfolio Entities that may be formed in connection with investments, other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients are and will be counterparties or participants in agreements, transactions or other arrangements with the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Portfolio Entities of the Funds, and other investment funds managed by Blackstone or other Blackstone affiliates and/or any portfolio entities of the foregoing for the provision of goods and services, purchase and sale of assets and other matters (including information-sharing and/or consulting and employment relationships). In addition, certain Portfolio Entities will in certain cases be counterparties or participants in agreements, transactions and other arrangements with other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or Portfolio Entities or portfolio entities of other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients for the provision of goods and services, purchase and sale of assets and other matters (including information-sharing and/or consulting). For example, from time to time, certain Portfolio Entities of the Funds will provide or recommend goods or services to Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, or other Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients or other Blackstone affiliates (or *vice versa*) (including “platform” investments of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients). As another example, it can also be expected that the management of one or more Portfolio Entities will consult with one another (or with one or more portfolio entities of an Other Blackstone Client) in respect of seeking its expertise, industry view, or otherwise on a particular topic including but not limited to an asset and/or the purchase and/or sale thereof. Moreover, the Funds and/or an Other Blackstone Client could consult with a Portfolio Entity or a portfolio entity of an Other Blackstone Client as part of the investment diligence for a potential investment by such Funds or such Other Blackstone Client. As a result of or as part of such interactions or otherwise, personnel at one Portfolio Entity will in certain cases transfer to or become employed by another Portfolio Entity (including, for purposes of this disclosure, a Portfolio Entity of another Fund), Blackstone, BPIA or their respective affiliates. Further, personnel of BPIA, Blackstone or their respective affiliates will transfer to or become employed by a Portfolio Entity (together with personnel departing a Portfolio Company for employment at Blackstone, the Adviser, their affiliates or another Portfolio Company, “Transferring Personnel”). The compensation earned and subsequently paid to such personnel may include arrangements designed to make such person whole for unvested equity or carried interest attributable to such personnel’s entity of origin that was forfeited in

connection with their departure therefrom. Transferring Personnel agreements, transactions and other arrangements present a conflict of interest in that they will involve the payment of fees and other amounts, some of which compensation may be paid in connection with unvested equity in Blackstone, an Other Blackstone Client and/or a Portfolio Entity (which may be in the form of public stock, limited partnership interests or otherwise) and/or other benefits to Blackstone, Blackstone affiliates and/or a Portfolio Entity, none of which will result in any offset to the Management Fee or otherwise be shared with the limited partners, notwithstanding that some of the services provided by a Portfolio Entity are similar in nature to the services provided by BPIA and its affiliates and that certain Portfolio Entities are expected to be special purpose vehicles created by the Funds. Such agreements, transactions and other arrangements will generally be entered into without the consent or direct involvement of the Funds and/or such Other Blackstone Clients or the consent of the limited partners or limited partner representative, any limited partner advisory committee or, the board of directors or the independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative, each as applicable, or such Other Blackstone Clients (including, without limitation, in the case of minority investments by the Funds in such Portfolio Entities or the sale of assets from one Portfolio Entity to another). This is because, among other considerations, Portfolio Entities of the Funds and of Other Blackstone Clients are not considered affiliates of Blackstone, the Funds or BPIA under the Organizational Documents and therefore are not covered by the affiliate transaction restrictions included in the Organizational Documents, such as the requirement to obtain consent from limited partners (or limited partner representatives) of the Funds or Independent Client Representatives (if any) or a Fund's board of directors or independent directors in certain circumstances. There can be no assurance that the terms of any such agreement, transaction or other arrangement will be as favorable to the Portfolio Entities or Funds as otherwise would be the case if the counterparty for the transfer were not related to Blackstone. As Transferring Personnel are expected to comprise individuals who are currently compensated by Blackstone and whose associated costs (e.g., overhead) are not directly or indirectly borne by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, Blackstone has a conflict of interest in determining to arrange a transfer or employment arrangement for such Transferring Personnel such that their compensation and associated costs will be borne by Portfolio Entities of Funds or Other Blackstone Clients instead of by BPIA, Blackstone or their respective affiliates, and to facilitate the transfer of such Transferring Personnel rather than engage in the retention or full-time hiring of third-party candidates for such roles at Portfolio Entities, Blackstone, BPIA or their affiliates. These conflicts of interest will not necessarily be resolved in favor of any particular Fund and Investors of such Funds will not in all circumstances receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of such transfers and their associated conflicts.

Furthermore, any such transfer or change in employment by Transferring Personnel will involve employees of different levels of experience, functional expertise and seniority (including, for avoidance of doubt, senior managing directors at Blackstone and members of the management

team at the Portfolio Entity), and in certain instances is expected to be conducted on a programmatic basis involving a designated number of Transferring Personnel across one or a range of identified Portfolio Entities. Where Transferring Personnel are departing from a Portfolio Entity, Blackstone, BPIA or their affiliates, it is not expected in all instances that such entity will hire new personnel, or transfer existing personnel, to fill such Transferring Personnel's prior role, and in certain cases the roles intended to be occupied by Transferring Personnel will be roles newly created for such Transferring Personnel. Moreover, the respective roles of the Transferring Personnel at the entities involved in such transfer could be substantially similar and involve functional responsibilities and activities (including as between Blackstone, BPIA or their affiliates on the one hand, and Portfolio Entities of a Fund or an Other Blackstone Client on the other hand) that do not materially differ. While in certain cases a dedicated search could be conducted by Blackstone or a Portfolio Entity for the employment position that the Transferring Personnel will fill, a search is not required or expected to be performed in most instances.

Any such transfer will result in costs being transferred from the entity where such Transferring Personnel originated to the entity where such Transferring Personnel is going. The compensation earned and subsequently paid to such Transferring Personnel will in certain cases include arrangements designed to address Transferring Personnel's pre-existing compensation interests, including unvested equity or carried interest attributable to such Transferring Personnel's entity of origin (including but not limited to Blackstone or its respective affiliates) that was forfeited in connection with their departure therefrom, which is expected for certain Transferring Personnel to be material. For example, if a Blackstone employee transfers to or becomes employed by a Portfolio Entity, such Portfolio Entity could provide the Transferring Personnel equity of the Portfolio Entity or other similar incentive or cash compensation to the Transferring Personnel to compensate them for the unvested equity or carried interest they are forfeiting as a result of the transfer. This will result in additional costs to the Portfolio Entity that otherwise would have been borne by Blackstone or BPIA. While in some cases benchmarking, verification or other analysis could be conducted in respect of the compensation package being offered to the Transferring Personnel (including any unvested equity or carried interest compensation), there is no requirement that benchmarking, verification or other analysis be conducted, and in some instances the compensation package could be above market rate and/or not verifiable.

In addition, it is possible that Blackstone (including BXi), certain Portfolio Entities of the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or entities in which the Other Blackstone Clients have an interest will compete with the Funds or a Portfolio Entity thereof for one or more investment opportunities. It is also possible that Blackstone (including BXi), Other Blackstone Clients or companies in which the Blackstone or Other Blackstone Clients have or will have an interest will acquire portfolio entities that have or are expected to engage in activities that are direct competitors of the Funds' Portfolio Entities, or will otherwise have adverse consequences on the Funds and/or their

Portfolio Entities (including, by way of example only, as a result of such portfolio entities providing the same or similar products and/or services as the Portfolio Entities or as a result of laws and regulations of certain jurisdictions (e.g., bankruptcy, environmental, consumer protection and/or labor laws) that may not recognize the segregation of assets and liabilities as between separate entities and could permit recourse against the assets of not just the entity that has incurred the liabilities, but also the other entities that are under common control with, or part of the same economic group as, such entity, which could result in the assets of the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities' assets being used to satisfy the obligations or liabilities of one or more Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities and/or affiliates).

In addition, Portfolio Entities, Blackstone and affiliates of Blackstone may also establish other investment products, vehicles and platforms focusing on specific asset classes or industry sectors that fall within the Funds' investment strategy (such as reinsurance), which may compete with the Funds for investment opportunities (it being understood that such arrangements could give rise to conflicts of interest and there can be no assurance that they will necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds).

Further, Portfolio Entities with respect to which the Funds may elect members of the board of directors will, as a result, subject the Funds and/or such directors to fiduciary obligations to make decisions that they believe to be in the best interests of any such Portfolio Entity. Although in most cases the interests of the Funds and any such Portfolio Entity's interests will be aligned, this may not always be the case. This has the potential to create conflicts of interest between the relevant director's obligations to such Portfolio Entity and its stakeholders, on the one hand, and the interests of the Funds, on the other hand. Although BPIA will generally seek to minimize the impact of any such conflicts, there can be no assurance they will be resolved favorably for the Funds.

All of the foregoing conflicts related to Portfolio Entity relationships will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and investors therein may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors. The Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of each of the foregoing and Blackstone can be expected to engage Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients to provide to other Portfolio Entities, the Funds and Blackstone services including, without limitation the following: (i) corporate administrative and support services (including, without limitation, accounts payable, accounts receivable, accounting/audit (e.g. valuation support services), account management (e.g., treasury, customer due diligence), administrative support, insurance, procurement, placement, brokerage and consulting services, cash management and monitoring, consolidation, accounts receivable financing, corporate secretarial and executive assistant services, data management, directorship

services, domiciliation, finance/budgeting and forecasting, financing management, fundraising support, human resources (e.g., the onboarding and ongoing development of personnel), lender financial reporting, lender relationship management (e.g. coordinating with lenders on any ongoing obligations under any relevant borrowing, indebtedness or other credit support (including any required consultation with or reporting to such lender)) communication, public relations and publicity, information technology and software systems support, corporate governance and entity management (e.g., liquidation, dissolution and/or otherwise end-of-term services), risk management and compliance, internal compliance, know-your-client reviews and refreshes, judicial processes, legal, environmental and/or sustainability due diligence support (e.g., review of asset condition reports, energy consumption), climate accounting services, Sustainability program management services, engineering services, services related to the sourcing, development and implementation of renewable energy, Sustainability data collection and reporting services, capital planning services, operational coordination (e.g., coordination with joint venture partners, property managers and third-party service providers), risk management, reporting (such as tax, debt, portfolio or other similar topics), restructuring and work-out of performing, sub-performing and nonperforming loans, tax and treasury, tax analysis and compliance (e.g., CIT and VAT compliance), transfer pricing, internal risk control, treasury and valuation services), business intelligence and data science services, fundraising support, legal/business/finance optimization and innovation (including legal invoice automation), and vendor selection; (ii) operational services including personnel (i.e., general management of day-to-day operations, including, without limitation, construction management and oversight (such as management of general contractors on capital and energy efficiency projects) and operational coordination (i.e., coordination with joint venture partners, operating partners and property managers), tracking Portfolio Entity employees' and other advisors' utilization and other metrics for fund-level reporting obligations, planning with respect to portfolio composition (including hold/sell analysis support), Sustainability-related planning (including data collection, review, support and execution and creating and developing strategic initiatives and road maps with respect to Sustainability), consolidating and assisting with Sustainability and other side letter reporting, revenue management support and portfolio and property reporting); and (iii) transaction support services (including, without limitation, acquisition support, customer due diligence and related on-boarding, liquidation, reporting, relationship management with brokers, banks and other potential sources of investments, identifying potential investments, including development sites and providing diligence and negotiation support to acquire the same, coordinating with investors, assembling relevant information, conducting financial and market analyses and modeling, coordinating closing/post-closing procedures for acquisitions, dispositions and other transactions, coordinating design and development works (such as recommending and implementing design decisions) and conducting due diligence and negotiation support to acquire the same, marketing and distribution, overseeing brokers,

lawyers, accountants and other advisors, working with consultants and third parties to pursue entitlements and licensing, providing in-house legal, Sustainability, accounting and tax services, assisting with due diligence, preparation of asset improvement feasibility analysis, site visits, assembling relevant information, transaction consulting and specification of technical analyses and review of (a) design and structural work, (b) certifications, (c) operations and maintenance manuals and (d) statutory documents). Similarly, Blackstone, BPIA, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities can be expected to engage Portfolio Entities of the Funds to provide some or all of these services.

Similarly, Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities can be expected to engage Portfolio Entities of the Funds to provide some or all of these services. Some of the services performed by Portfolio Entity service providers could also be performed by a General Partner or its affiliates from time to time and *vice versa*. Fees paid by a Fund or its Portfolio Entities or value created by other Portfolio Entity service providers or vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee payable by the limited partners of a Fund and are not otherwise shared with the Fund, unless otherwise required by the Organizational Documents. Furthermore, in certain circumstances, Blackstone can be expected to play a substantial role in overseeing the personnel of Portfolio Entity service providers that provide services to Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or their Portfolio Entities on an ongoing basis, including with respect to the selection, hiring, retention and compensation of such personnel. Blackstone has multiple business lines, which may result in competition with a Portfolio Entity for high-performing executive talent and presents actual and potential conflicts of interest. For example, Blackstone may “poach” a Portfolio Entity executive, or such executive may interview with Blackstone during the applicable contractual period with respect to his or her existing position and later be hired by Blackstone after such period. A Portfolio Entity may want to retain such executives or other employees, and regardless, Blackstone is under no obligation to avoid interviewing or hiring such employees. For example, Blackstone expects that certain Portfolio Entity service providers, as described herein, with Blackstone’s oversight, will establish a team of personnel to provide support services exclusively to a particular Fund and its Portfolio Entities (and/or other investment funds or accounts managed or controlled by Blackstone).

Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients some of which can be expected to perform services (including fund administration and other services currently performed in-house by BPIA and/or its affiliates) to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities include, without limitation, the following, and may include additional Portfolio Entities that may be formed or acquired in the future:

Allied. Allied Benefit Systems (“Allied”) is an independent medical third-party administrator that provides small and midsize business with essential medical claims administration and processing

services and enables these employer customers to design and operate cost-effective self-insured healthcare benefits for their employees. Allied is expected to provide goods and perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Articulate. Articulate Global, LLC (“Articulate”) is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides e-learning and training software to global Fortune 100 companies. Articulate is expected to provide goods and perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients, and Blackstone.

ASK Investment Management (“ASK”). ASK is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides investment management services. ASK is expected to perform placement agent services for the Funds and placement agent or other services for the Funds’ Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

BTIG. BTIG, LLC (“BTIG”) is a global financial services firm in which certain Other Blackstone Clients own a strategic minority investment. BTIG provides institutional trading, investment banking, research and related brokerage services, and BTIG is expected to provide goods and perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

BX Fund Services Luxembourg. BX Fund Services Luxembourg, fka BCP/BTO Management, (“BX Fund Services Luxembourg”) is a Luxembourg-based company established in 2012 to centralize various resources supporting the maintenance and day-to-day management and administration of certain holding companies (the “BX Fund Services Luxembourg Luxcos”) controlled by certain Other Blackstone Clients. BX Fund Services Luxembourg is entirely owned by certain Other Blackstone Clients. In certain cases, the Funds which use BX Fund Services Luxembourg’s services will contribute capital to fund the costs of BX Fund Services Luxembourg. Key service functions and/or assistance (as applicable) provided by BX Fund Services Luxembourg include domiciliation, accounting, regulatory and tax reporting and compliance. All costs associated with BX Fund Services Luxembourg’s services, assistance and operations (including any BX Fund Services Luxembourg employee compensation and other general overhead) for the benefit of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will be ultimately borne by the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients that own or use BX Fund Services Luxembourg. These shared costs are intended to be allocated and charged on a cost sharing basis to the individual fund related entities utilizing the services of BX Fund Services Luxembourg based on the type and level of services provided and could include a mark-up (the “BXFS Lux Mark Up”), though BX Fund Services Luxembourg is generally intended to operate on a nominal profit basis. BPIA endeavors to allocate fees and expenses associated with BX Fund Services Luxembourg fairly and equitably, which allocation involves certain methodologies based on actual data pertaining to the services provided. BPIA believes that these methodologies result in a fair and equitable allocation of expenses. To the extent ownership of BX Fund Services Luxembourg is transferred between the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients,

such transfer will generally be consummated for minimal or no consideration, and without obtaining any consent from the limited partners (or limited partner representatives) of the Funds or Independent Client Representatives (if any) or a Fund's board of directors or independent directors (as applicable). It is also expected that BX Fund Services Luxembourg will provide staff augmentation services to Blackstone Europe Fund Management S.à r.l. ("BEFM"), a Blackstone affiliate and a Luxembourg private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, which acts as the alternative investment fund manager of Blackstone's Luxembourg-based funds (the "Lux Funds"), and wholly allocate certain personnel to BEFM for the purpose of assisting with its duties to the extent permitted by Luxembourg law; it being noted for the avoidance of doubt that such augmented staff will exclusively render services to BEFM during the period in which such services are performed and will generally perform its duties onsite at BEFM's premises. BX Fund Services Luxembourg will bill BEFM for any augmented employee allocated to BEFM in an amount equal to the aggregate cost of such augmented staff for the relevant period of time, including compensation and general overhead plus the BXFS Lux Mark Up. BEFM will bear the cost of such expenses, except to the extent that if such services had been provided by BEFM directly rather than by BX Fund Services Luxembourg, such services could be charged to the Funds as permitted by the Funds' governing documents and as disclosed herein, in which case the Funds (and indirectly Fund investors) will bear such expenses.

Chartis. TCG HC Intermediate Holdings, LP ("Chartis") is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a specialized management consulting firm exclusively focused on the U.S. healthcare industry. Chartis is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Copeland. Copeland LP ("Copeland") is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a manufacturer of scroll compressors used in residential and commercial Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning ("HVAC") and refrigeration applications. Copeland is expected to provide goods for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

CoreTrust. On September 30, 2022, certain Blackstone private equity funds and related entities closed the previously announced acquisition of a majority interest in CoreTrust (the "CoreTrust Acquisition"), a group purchasing organization that provides purchasing services to member companies, which includes Portfolio Entities owned, in whole or in part, by certain Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients. CoreTrust is expected to provide group purchasing services to the Funds, Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone. Generally, CoreTrust generates revenue from vendors based on a percentage of the amount of products or services purchased by its member companies and benefit plans maintained by its member companies. Historically, CoreTrust has shared with Blackstone a portion of the revenue generated through

purchases made by Blackstone Portfolio Entities and also paid Blackstone a consulting fee. Blackstone stopped accepting such revenue sharing arrangements and consulting fee upon the closing of the CoreTrust Acquisition. However, Blackstone can in its sole discretion reinstitute such or similar revenue sharing arrangements with CoreTrust in the future.

In addition, prior to the CoreTrust Acquisition, CoreTrust generated revenue in respect of certain Portfolio Entities (the “Applicable Portfolio Entities”) from certain health and welfare benefit plan-related vendors (the “Applicable Vendors”). For legal and regulatory reasons, following the CoreTrust Acquisition, CoreTrust is limited in its ability to generate revenue from the Applicable Vendors in respect of Portfolio Entities’ health benefit plans based on a percentage of the amount of products or services purchased by such plans. As a result, for Applicable Portfolio Entities and other Portfolio Entities that become CoreTrust members, CoreTrust intends to rebate all revenue received from Applicable Vendors to each such Portfolio Entity’s applicable benefit plan. CoreTrust also intends to enter into with each Applicable Portfolio Entity (and with other Portfolio Entities that become CoreTrust members) a separate agreement that will include the payment of an access fee in return for allowing such Portfolio Entities to use the goods and services provided by the Applicable Vendors through CoreTrust. The amount of the access fee will generally be determined either as a percentage of total company revenues or as a fixed fee (in each case subject to periodic review by CoreTrust and the Applicable Portfolio Entity) and it is possible that the access fee will not be subject to benchmarking. The access fee could be greater or less than the amount of the revenue that CoreTrust previously generated from Applicable Vendors.

Cvent. Cvent Holding Corp. (“Cvent”) is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides events management software. Cvent is expected to provide goods and perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Encore. Encore Group (USA) LLC (“Encore”) is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides outsourced audiovisual services and event production. Encore is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Geosyntec. Geosyntec is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides environmental engineering, design and consulting services. Geosyntec is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Hipgnosis. Hipgnosis Song Management Limited (“HSM”), formerly The Family (Music) Limited, is a portfolio entity of the Funds and certain Other Blackstone Clients that is expected to provide asset management and advisory solutions for investments in the music space, including for investments by the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities, affiliates and related

parties (whether now in existence or subsequently established) and third parties. The asset management services provided by HSM with respect to such investments can be expected to include, without limitation, evaluating, advising and conducting due diligence on possible investment opportunities in music assets, continually monitoring and reporting on music assets, identifying and evaluating opportunities for realizing value from music assets, making refinancing and/or divestment recommendations and other related services. In exchange for such services, HSM earns fees, including through incentive-based compensation payable to their management team. The fees, compensation and other amounts received by HSM in connection with such services provided to investments will not offset the Management Fee payable by the Funds' investors. As a result of the foregoing and Blackstone's partial ownership of HSM, there is an incentive for BPIA to participate in and pursue more music-related transactions, due to the prospect of HSM earning such fees, and there is an incentive to engage HSM because the fees, costs and expenses of such services will be borne by us as Fund expenses (with no reduction or offset to Management Fees with respect to certain Funds) and will reduce BPIA's internal overhead and compensation costs for employees who would otherwise perform such services. As a result, while Blackstone believes that HSM will provide services equal to or better than those provided by third parties, there is an inherent conflict of interest that gives Blackstone incentive to pursue music-related transactions and engage HSM to perform such services.

IDG. International Data Group, Inc. ("IDG") is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides data and market intelligence, analytics and marketing services to the technology sector. IDG is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Kryalos. Kryalos is a Portfolio Entity in which certain Other Blackstone Clients have made a minority investment that is an operating partner in certain real estate investments made by Other Blackstone Clients. Kryalos is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Legence (fka Therma Holdings ("Legence")). Legence is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides carbon reduction and energy management services. Legence is expected to provide goods and services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Mphasis. Mphasis Limited ("Mphasis") is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides information technology services to global Fortune 500 customers. Mphasis is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients, and Blackstone.

Ontra (fka InCloudCounsel). Ontra is a portfolio entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides a contract automation and intelligence platform that utilizes artificial intelligence and a network of attorneys to support processing of routine contracts and tracking of obligations in complex agreements. Ontra performs services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Optiv. Optiv Security, Inc. is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides a full slate of information security services and solutions. Optiv is expected to provide goods and perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Peridot Financial Services (“Peridot”) and Global Supply Chain Finance (“GSCF”). Peridot and GSCF are Portfolio Entities of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provide supply chain financing and accounts receivable services globally. Peridot and GSCF are expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

R Systems. R Systems International Limited (“R Systems”) is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides information technology services, specializing in digital product engineering. R Systems is expected to perform services for the Funds, the Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

RE Tech Advisors (“RE Tech”). RE Tech is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that is an energy audit / consulting firm that identifies and implements energy efficiency programs, calculates return on investment and tracks performance post-completion. RE Tech is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Refinitiv. On October 1, 2018, a consortium led by Blackstone announced that private equity funds managed by Blackstone had completed an acquisition of Thomson Reuters’ Financial & Risk business (“Refinitiv”). On January 29, 2021, Refinitiv was sold to the London Stock Exchange Group (“LSEG”), with certain Other Blackstone Clients receiving a minority stake in LSEG. Refinitiv operates a pricing service that provides valuation services. Refinitiv is expected to provide goods and perform services for certain Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Revantage. Revantage is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides corporate support services (e.g., accounting, legal, tax, treasury, information technology, human resources and insurance procurement), construction and project management services, leasing services, property management services, transaction support services and management services. Revantage is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone. Certain Portfolio Entities are required or strongly encouraged to obtain certain services from Revantage. BPIA recommends certain services from Revantage to

its Portfolio Entities where such services are accretive in value or offer proven scale to such Portfolio Entities. In some instances, BPIA prefers that its Portfolio Entities utilize Revantage's services to ensure consistency in reporting to the Funds' investors and generally to Other Blackstone Clients. Revantage also offers Portfolio Entities "opt-in" services which are services that certain Portfolio Entities could find valuable and helpful to their infrastructure, whereas certain other Portfolio Entities could already perform such services in-house or have otherwise established policies and procedures for such services (or similar services) such that they decide not to "opt-in" to this category of Revantage's services.

Revantage is expected to expand the scope of its services over time as the platform continues to be built out. Further, each of Revantage Corporate Services, Revantage Asia and Revantage Europe could provide services on a global basis despite each of their respective owner entities and initially-designated geographic focuses. For example, Revantage Corporate Services is expected to provide services outside of the United States (including in Asia and Europe) despite its ownership by a United States-focused, Blackstone-managed real estate fund and its initial designation as a service provider in North America, and similarly, Revantage Asia and Revantage Europe could provide services in the United States. By aggregating services received by multiple Portfolio Entities and expanding the scope of those services (and to whom those services are provided), Blackstone has aimed and continues to aim to reduce costs across portfolio companies and increase the quality and efficiency of such services.

Riveron. Riveron is a Portfolio Entity held by certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a provider of financial and advisory services. Riveron is expected to perform services for the Funds, the Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

SERVPRO. SERVPRO is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a franchisor of residential and commercial property damage restoration services. SERVPRO is expected to perform services for the Funds' Portfolio Entities and Other Blackstone Clients along with Blackstone.

Smartsheet. Smartsheet Inc. ("Smartsheet") is a Portfolio Entity of the Funds and certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a modern enterprise work management platform. Smartsheet is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Sphera. Sphera is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides environmental, health and safety and Sustainability software services and data. Sphera is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

TaskUS. TaskUs is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that provides business process outsourcing services to high growth, new-age digital companies. TaskUs is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

Ultimate Kronos Group. Ultimate Kronos Group is a Portfolio Entity of certain Other Blackstone Clients that is a cloud provider of human capital and workforce management solutions. Ultimate Kronos Group is expected to perform services for the Funds, their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and Blackstone.

The Funds and/or Portfolio Entities have engaged or can be expected to engage in the future with relevant businesses owned by Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Clients that will provide energy procurement, advisory, consulting and/or other services related to Sustainability activities (including without limitation those related to establishment, implementation, assessment, attestation, monitoring and measurement of Sustainability-related programs, processes, initiatives and improvements) (such businesses, collectively, “BX Energy Portcos”). The Funds may make use of BX Energy Portcos in order to support the Funds’ aim of maximizing risk-adjusted returns on investments. In particular, BX Energy Portcos are expected to provide (i) energy advisory services, including energy procurement strategy and contract support; (ii) energy brokering, procurement and power marketing, including purchases of energy on behalf of Portfolio Entities through a retail energy marketer or as a broker; (iii) renewable or other low-carbon energy procurement, including purchases of renewable energy and/or investment in renewable energy projects; (iv) bill management, including bill pay support, which may include paying of bills, checking for billing errors and tariff negotiation and (v) data and emissions inventories, including managing energy data and calculating emissions from energy purchases. Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients could benefit from these transactions and activities through current income and creation of enterprise value in BX Energy Portcos’ businesses. Although Blackstone believes the services provided by BX Energy Portcos are equal to or better than those of third parties, Blackstone directly benefits from the engagement of BX Energy Portcos, and there is therefore an inherent conflict of interest. In addition, there can be no assurances that the engagement of BX Energy Services by the Funds and/or Portfolio Entities will positively impact the financial or Sustainability-related performance of the Funds or Portfolio Entities.

There could be instances where current and former employees of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients’ Portfolio Entities are seconded to or temporarily hired by the Funds’ Portfolio Entities or, at times, the Funds’ Investments directly. Such secondments or temporary hiring of current and former employees of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients’ Portfolio Entities by the Funds’ Portfolio Entities (or its Investments) could result in a potential conflict of interest between the Funds’ Portfolio Entities and those of such Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients.

The costs of such employees are expected to be borne by the Funds or their relevant Portfolio Entities, as applicable, and the fees paid by the Funds or such Portfolio Entities to other Portfolio Entity service providers or vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee.

The Funds and their Portfolio Entities will compensate one or more of these service providers and vendors owned by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, including through incentive-based compensation payable to their management teams and other related parties. Some of these service providers and vendors owned by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will charge the Funds and their Portfolio Entities for goods and services at rates generally consistent with those available in the market for similar goods and services. As a general matter, the Funds' Portfolio Entities are not expected to generate profit for the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients by whom they are owned. Accordingly, limited partners should have no expectation that Portfolio Entities owned in whole or in part by the Funds will generate any positive returns and such Portfolio Entities could instead result in a loss to the Funds. The discussion regarding the determination of market rates under "Blackstone Affiliated Service Providers" herein applies equally in respect of the fees and expenses of the Portfolio Entity service providers, if charged at rates generally consistent with those available in the market. Other service providers and vendors owned and/or controlled by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients pass-through expenses on a cost reimbursement, no-profit, revenue, purchase and sale price, capital spend or break-even basis (even if third-party customers or clients are charged on a different basis), which break-even point may occur over a period of time, including in certain circumstances over an extended period of time following engagement by the Funds or the Other Blackstone Client such that such service provider or vendor may realize a profit in a given year which would be expected to be applied towards the costs in subsequent periods. In such cases costs and expenses directly associated with work performed for the benefit of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities are allocated to them. Such costs and expenses will not reduce the Management Fee, Administration Fee or performance-based compensation and are expected to include, along with any related tax costs and an allocation of the service provider's overhead, any of the following: salaries, wages, benefits and travel expenses; marketing and advertising fees and expenses; legal, compliance, accounting and other professional fees and disbursements; office space, furniture and fixtures (including, without limitation, rent and refurbishment costs and office space in Luxembourg) and equipment; insurance premiums; technology expenditures (including hardware and software costs, and servicing costs and upgrades related thereto); costs to engage recruitment firms to hire employees; due diligence expenses; one-time costs, including costs related to building-out, expanding and winding-down a Portfolio Entity; costs that are of a limited duration or non-recurring (such as start-up or technology build-up costs, initial technology and systems implementation costs, employee recruiting and on-boarding, ongoing training and severance payments, certain consulting fees and legal costs, and IPO-readiness and other infrastructure costs); taxes and/or liabilities determined by Blackstone based on applicable marginal tax rates;

and other operating, establishment, expansion and capital expenditures (including financing and interest thereon). The foregoing costs, although allocated in a particular period, will, in certain circumstances, relate to activities occurring outside the period (including in prior periods, such as where any such costs are amortized over an extended period), and further will, in certain circumstances, be of a general and administrative nature that is not specifically related to particular services, and therefore the Funds could, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, pay more than their *pro-rata* portion of fees for services. Similarly, certain Portfolio Entities can be expected to incur costs and expenses in connection with broken deals or transactions that are not consummated. In such circumstances, there will be Portfolio Entities that allocate such broken deal expenses to successful or signed transactions or an Other Blackstone Client. As a result, Portfolio Entities will at times incur significant costs or expenses without recouping such expenses and there can be no assurance that any such broken deal expenses will in fact be recouped, which would impact the Funds, directly or indirectly. The foregoing costs and expenses could thus result in increased expenses for successful or signed transactions of the Funds or lower returns from Portfolio Entities that are unable to recoup such expenses. In addition, BPIA generally also relies on the management team of a Portfolio Entity with respect to the determination of costs and expenses and allocation thereof and does not oversee or participate in such determinations or allocations. Moreover, to the extent a Portfolio Entity uses an allocated cost model with respect to fees, costs and expenses, such fees, costs and expenses are typically estimated and/or accrued quarterly (or on another regular periodic basis) but not finalized until year-end and as a result, such year-end true-up is subject to fluctuation and increases such that for a given year, the year-end cumulative amount with respect to fees, costs and expenses could be greater than the sum of the quarterly estimates and/or accruals (or other periodic estimates and/or accruals where applicable) and therefore the Funds could bear more fees, costs and expenses at year-end than had been anticipated throughout the year. The allocation of overhead among the entities and assets to which services are provided can be expected to be based on any of a number of different methodologies, including, without limitation, “cost” basis as described above, “time-allocation” basis, “per unit” basis, “per square footage” basis or “fixed percentage” basis, and the particular methodology used to allocate such overhead among the entities and assets to which services are provided are expected to vary depending on the types of services provided and the applicable asset class involved and could, in certain circumstances, change from one period to another. There can be no assurance that a different manner of allocation would result in the Funds and their Portfolio Entities bearing less or more of costs and expenses. In addition, a Portfolio Entity that passes through costs and expenses on a cost reimbursement, no-profit or break-even basis may, in certain circumstances, change its allocation methodology, for example, to another methodology (including with respect to one and not all of its customers or clients, including the Funds and their Portfolio Entities) for the allocation of costs and expenses (including, for the avoidance of doubt, all overhead) described herein or otherwise, to charging

a flat fee for a particular service or instance (or *vice versa*), with respect to one and not all of its customers or clients, including a Fund and its Portfolio Entities, to a contractually determined rate or cost that is generally consistent with those available in the market for similar goods and services or to another methodology described herein or otherwise (or *vice versa*), and such changes could increase or reduce the amounts received by such Portfolio Entities for the same services, and Limited Partners will not necessarily be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of such changes in allocation methodology. In certain instances, particularly where such service providers and vendors are located outside of the U.S., such service providers and vendors will charge the Funds and their Portfolio Entities for goods and services at cost plus a percentage of cost for transfer pricing or other tax, legal, regulatory, accounting or other reasons or even decide to amortize any costs or expenses to address accounting and/or operational considerations. Further, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities will compensate one or more of these service providers and vendors owned by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients through incentive-based compensation payable to their management teams and other related parties. The incentive-based compensation paid with respect to a Portfolio Entity or asset of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will vary from the incentive-based compensation paid with respect to other Portfolio Entities and assets of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and is expected to vary from those charged to third-party customers or clients of such provider or vendor; as a result the management team or other related parties can be expected to have greater incentives with respect to certain assets and Portfolio Entities relative to others, and the performance of certain assets and Portfolio Entities may provide incentives to retain management that also service other assets and Portfolio Entities. Blackstone is not expected to perform or obtain any benchmarking analysis or third-party verification of expenses with respect to services provided on a cost reimbursement, no profit, revenue, purchase and sale price, capital spend or break-even basis, or in respect of incentive-based compensation, and will not offset the Management Fee. There can be no assurance that amounts charged by Portfolio Entity service providers that are not controlled by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will be consistent with market rates or that any benchmarking, verification or other analysis will be performed with respect to such charges. In addition, while it is expected that the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients will engage in long-term or recurring contracts with Portfolio Entity service providers, it can be expected that BPIA will not seek to benchmark or otherwise renegotiate the original fee arrangement for a significant period of time. In addition, neither BPIA nor Blackstone is required to perform or obtain benchmarking analysis of expenses with respect to non-recurring contracts with Portfolio Entity service providers and will exclude non-recurring costs from benchmarking analysis where such analysis is required. With respect to any benchmarking performed, the related benchmarking expenses will be borne by the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities and will not offset the Management Fee.

In certain circumstances, the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients will enter into fee arrangements with Portfolio Entity service providers (including instances where the fee is structured as a cost-plus fee, i.e., the cost of services plus a fixed percentage). Where Portfolio Entity service providers have entered into such fee arrangements, there can be situations where the Portfolio Entity service provider's tax liabilities that are associated with the income received from the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients could be passed along to the Funds such that the Funds would ultimately be responsible for bearing such expenses. Accordingly, BPIA could have an incentive to structure its fee arrangements with Portfolio Entity service providers in such a manner where the Funds or an Other Blackstone Client may bear all or a portion of such Portfolio Entity service providers' tax liabilities. As further noted above, no fees charged by these service providers and vendors in the fee arrangement discussed in this paragraph will offset or reduce Management Fees, unless otherwise required by the Organizational Documents.

A Portfolio Entity service provider will, in certain circumstances, subcontract certain of its responsibilities to other Portfolio Entities. In such circumstances, the relevant subcontractor could invoice the Portfolio Entity for fees (or in the case of a cost reimbursement arrangement, for allocable costs and expenses) in respect of the services provided by the subcontractor. The Portfolio Entity, if charging on a cost reimbursement, no-profit, revenue, purchase and sale price, capital spend or break-even basis, would in turn allocate those costs and expenses as it allocates other fees and expenses as described above. Similarly, Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities and Blackstone can be expected to engage Portfolio Entities of the Funds to provide services, and these Portfolio Entities will generally charge for services in the same manner described above, but the Funds and their Portfolio Entities generally will not be reimbursed for any costs (such as start-up costs or technology build-up costs) relating to such Portfolio Entities incurred prior to such engagement.

Portfolio Entity service providers described in this section are generally owned and/or controlled by one or more Blackstone funds, such as the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. In certain instances, a similar company could be owned and controlled by Blackstone directly. Blackstone could cause a transfer of ownership of one of these service providers (or the employees, leases, contracts, a business unit or office assets of one service provider to another service provider) from the Funds to an Other Blackstone Client, or from an Other Blackstone Client to the Funds. The transfer of a Portfolio Entity service provider (or the employees, leases, contracts, a business unit or office assets of such service provider) between the Funds, other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients (where a Fund may be, directly or indirectly, a seller or a buyer in any such transfer) will generally be consummated for minimal or no consideration, and without obtaining any consent the board of directors(subject to the terms of the Organizational Documents). BPIA may, but is not required to, obtain a third-party valuation confirming the same, and if it does, BPIA may rely on such valuation. Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients are

not considered “affiliates” of Blackstone, BPIA or the Funds under the Organizational Documents and therefore are not covered by the affiliate transaction restrictions included in the Organizational Documents, such as the requirement to obtain consent from the board of directors or the independent directors (as applicable) in certain circumstances.

In the case of investments involving a “platform company,” a Fund will from time to time enter into an arrangement with one or more individuals (who may have experience or capability in sourcing and/or managing investments) to undertake a build-up strategy to acquire and develop assets and businesses in a particular sector or involving a particular strategy. The counterpart individuals may be compensated with a salary and/or equity incentive plan. Such compensation may take the form of a management fee and/or profits allocation (whether paid directly to such individuals and/or to an affiliated entity controlled by such individuals), which may be calculated as a percentage of assets under management and/or a waterfall similar to a carried interest, respectively, and which will not be subject to the Management Fee offset. The professionals at such platform company, which in certain circumstances may include former employees or current or former Consultants (such as senior advisors) to BPIA, their affiliates and/or management of Portfolio Entities of Other Blackstone Clients, can be expected to undertake analysis and evaluation of potential investment and acquisition opportunities for such platform company. In such circumstances, the Funds would initially invest capital to fund a portion of the overhead (including rent, benefits, salary or retainers for the counterpart individuals and/or their affiliated entity) and sourcing costs for such investments. Although BPIA is generally responsible under the Organizational Documents for certain of its overhead expenses and its investment analysis associated with evaluating, making and managing investments, as well as compensation costs of its in-house investment professionals, the Funds (and indirectly the Fund investors), and not solely BPIA, will bear some or all of the costs of such platform companies including costs related to overhead and the sourcing and analysis of investments, as well as compensation (including, without limitation, salary, bonus and benefits) for the related counterparties, for any such platform companies.

In addition, in the event of the disposition of a Portfolio Entity (whether by way of transfer to the Funds, an Other Blackstone Client, a Portfolio Entity of the foregoing or Blackstone, as described above, or by way of a sale to a third party), such Portfolio Entity may continue to provide some or all of the services described herein to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities of the foregoing or Blackstone, as applicable, even for a substantial period of time following such disposition.

By acquiring an interest in the Funds, limited partners are deemed to have acknowledged the conflicts described herein related to Portfolio Entity service providers, to have acknowledged and consented to any actual or potential conflicts of interest with respect to any transfer of

Portfolio Entity service providers among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and any arrangements or transactions related thereto, including any procedures or actions taken in connection with the resolution thereof, and our (and, if applicable, the limited partners') participation therein, consented to any other arrangements and transactions relating to Portfolio Entity service providers and to have waived any claim with respect to any liability arising from the existence of any such conflict of interest.

Service Providers, Vendors and Other Counterparties Generally. Certain third-party advisors, service providers, counterparties and vendors to the Funds, their Portfolio Entities and third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest (including accountants, administrators, paying agents, depositaries, lenders, bankers, brokers, attorneys, consultants, title agents, property managers and investment or commercial banking firms), or their affiliates are owned by Blackstone, the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or provide goods or services to, or have other business, personal, financial or other relationships with, Blackstone, the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, where applicable) and their respective Portfolio Entities and affiliates and personnel of the foregoing. Such advisors and service providers referred to above may be investors in the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, affiliates of the General Partners, sources of financing and investment opportunities or co-investors or commercial counterparties or entities in which Blackstone, the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients have an investment, and payments by the Funds and/or such entities could indirectly benefit Blackstone, the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, where applicable) and their respective Portfolio Entities or any affiliates or personnel of the foregoing. Also, advisors, lenders, investors, commercial counterparties, vendors and service providers (including any of their affiliates or personnel) to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities could have other commercial or personal relationships with Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles, where applicable) and their respective Portfolio Entities, or any affiliates, personnel or family members of personnel of the foregoing. Although Blackstone selects service providers and vendors it believes are most appropriate in the circumstances based on its knowledge of such service providers and vendors (which knowledge is generally greater in the case of service providers and vendors that have other relationships to Blackstone), the relationship of service providers and vendors to Blackstone as described above will, in certain circumstances, influence Blackstone in deciding whether to select, recommend or form such an advisor or service provider to perform services for the Funds or a Portfolio Entity, the cost of which will generally be borne directly or indirectly by the Funds and can be expected to incentivize Blackstone to engage such service provider over a third party, utilize the services of such service providers and vendors more frequently than would be the case absent the conflict, or to cause the Funds to pay such service providers and vendors higher fees or commissions than would be the case absent the conflict. The incentive could be created by current income and/or the generation of enterprise value in a service provider or vendor; Blackstone can be expected

to also have an incentive to invest in or create service providers and vendors to realize on these opportunities. Additionally, Blackstone expects certain service providers, their affiliates and personnel to invest in, or co-invest alongside, one or more of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients, and due to the nature of the service provider relationships and the timing of services, these persons have the potential to have information advantages relative to other investors or co-investors, and in certain circumstances could be offered co-investment opportunities before such opportunities are presented to other interested prospective co-investors. Furthermore, Blackstone reserves the right to encourage third-party service providers to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities to use other Blackstone-affiliated service providers and vendors in connection with the business of the Funds, Portfolio Entities, and unaffiliated entities' business, and Blackstone has an incentive to use third-party service providers who do so as a result of the indirect benefit to Blackstone and additional business for the related service providers and vendors. Fees paid by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities to or value created in these service providers and vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee payable by the limited partners and are not otherwise shared with the Funds, unless such amounts constitute offsettable break-up, topping, commitment, transaction, monitoring, directors', organization or divestment fees pursuant to the Fund's Organizational Documents (which for the avoidance of doubt, none of the fees described in this section are expected to constitute). In the case of brokers, Blackstone has a best execution policy that it updates from time to time to comply with regulatory requirements in applicable jurisdictions.

There are no restrictions on the ability of third-party fund managers in which the Funds invest or their pooled investment vehicles or portfolio companies to engage affiliates of Blackstone to provide services or enter into transactions since they are not "affiliates" of Blackstone. In such circumstances, any payments made by such fund managers or their pooled investment vehicles or portfolio companies could be made to or otherwise benefit other parts of Blackstone and be borne indirectly by the Funds (to the extent of their ownership of such fund manager) and will not otherwise be shared with limited partners or be applied to offset the Management Fee payable by limited partners.

Blackstone has a practice of not entering into any arrangements with advisors, vendors or service providers that provide lower rates or discounts to Blackstone itself compared to those available to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities for the same services. However, legal fees for unconsummated transactions are often charged at a discounted rate, such that if the Funds and their Portfolio Entities consummate a higher percentage of transactions with a particular law firm than Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, the limited partners could indirectly pay a higher net effective rate for the services of that law firm than Blackstone, the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or their Portfolio Entities. Also, advisors, vendors and service providers often charge different rates or have different arrangements for

different types of services. For example, advisors, vendors and service providers often charge fees based on the complexity of the matter as well as the expertise and time required to handle it. Therefore, to the extent the types of services used by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities are different from those used by Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, and their affiliates and personnel, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities can be expected to pay different amounts or rates than those paid by such other persons. Similarly, Blackstone, the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities and affiliates can be expected to enter into agreements or other arrangements with vendors and other similar counterparties (whether such counterparties are affiliated or unaffiliated with Blackstone) from time to time whereby such counterparty will, in certain circumstances, charge lower rates (or no fee) or provide discounts or rebates for such counterparty's products and/or services depending on certain factors, including without limitation the volume of transactions entered into with such counterparty by Blackstone, the Funds and its investments and/or Portfolio Entities in the aggregate or other factors, which may include early adoption, timing and other similar reasons. See also "—Group Procurement; Discounts" and "—Multiple Blackstone Business Lines" herein.

Conflicts of interest exist in the allocation of the costs and benefits of arrangements with service providers for the provision of goods or services to Blackstone, BPIA, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or their respective Portfolio Entities. BPIA manages such conflicts and makes allocation judgments with respect to such costs and benefits in its fair and reasonable discretion, notwithstanding its interest in the outcome. BPIA's allocation decisions with respect to service providers at times are informed by input from the relevant service provider (including but not limited to where the service provider provides recommended allocation percentages across the relevant parties or provides market practice insight with respect to allocation percentages), and it is possible that the relevant service provider could, due to a conflict, recommend expense allocations that are more favorable to Blackstone and BPIA than the Funds or Portfolio Entities. See also "—Insurance" and "—Group Procurement; Discounts" herein.

The Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities are expected to enter into joint ventures with third parties to which the service providers and vendors described above will, in certain circumstances, provide services. In some of these cases, the third-party joint venture partner may negotiate to not pay its *pro rata* share of fees, costs and expenses to be allocated as described above, in which case the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities that also use the services of the Portfolio Entity service provider will, directly or indirectly, pay the difference, or the Portfolio Entity service provider will bear a loss equal to the difference. Moreover, in certain circumstances, the joint venture partner may be allocated fees, costs and expenses pursuant to a different methodology than a Portfolio Entity service provider's standard allocation methodology, which could result in the Funds or their Portfolio Entities being allocated

more fees, costs and expenses than they would otherwise be allocated solely pursuant to such standard allocation methodology.

Certain Portfolio Entities (including platform investments) that provide services to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or portfolio companies or assets of the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients may be transferred between and among the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients (where a Fund may be a seller or a buyer in any such transfer) for minimal or no consideration (based on a third-party valuation confirming the same) and without the approval of the Independent Client Representative (if any), the limited partners of the Funds, any limited partner representatives, and/or the board of directors or the independent directors, each as applicable. Such transfers could give rise to actual or potential conflicts of interest for BPIA and its affiliates.

Blackstone can be expected to encourage service providers to funds and investments to use, at market rates and/or on arm's length terms, Blackstone-affiliated service providers in connection with the business of the Funds, Portfolio Entities, and unaffiliated entities. This practice provides an indirect benefit to Blackstone in the form of added business for Blackstone-affiliated service providers and such Portfolio Entities. Further, the performance of a Portfolio Entity of a Fund could be tied or influenced by the amount of referrals of such Portfolio Entity by Blackstone to Blackstone-affiliated service providers and/or Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities. For example, a Fund could own warrants or other securities in a Portfolio Entity and the value of such securities could be derived in whole or in part from the amount of referrals of such Portfolio Entity made by BPIA to other portfolio entities (and vice versa). The foregoing would incentivize BPIA to make such referrals and for Blackstone to cause Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities to hire one or more of the Funds' Portfolio Entities (and vice versa). Moreover, Blackstone could determine to allocate such securities, or similar referral fees, away from the Funds, in whole or in part, and to the Other Blackstone Clients hiring such Portfolio Entity. In such circumstances BPIA would have incentives to pursue investment opportunities that may benefit Blackstone or such Other Blackstone Client and which benefits will not be shared with the Funds. Such allocations will not be deemed the sale or acquisition of an Investment to or from an Affiliate, and will not be subject to any consent requirements under the Organizational Documents. Fees paid to Blackstone by Other Blackstone Clients in connection with such arrangements do not offset or reduce the Management Fee payable by the Funds (and indirectly the limited partners) and are not otherwise shared with the Funds or the limited partners unless such amounts constitute offsettable break-up, topping, commitment, transaction, monitoring, directors', organization or divestment fees pursuant to the Fund's Organizational Documents (which for the avoidance of doubt, none of the fees described in this section are expected to constitute).

With respect to transactions or agreements with Portfolio Entities (including, for the avoidance of doubt, long-term incentive plans), if unrelated officers of a Portfolio Entity have not yet been appointed, Blackstone may negotiate and execute agreements between Blackstone and/or the Funds on the one hand, and the Portfolio Entity or its affiliates, on the other hand, which could entail a conflict of interest in relation to efforts to enter into terms that are arm's length. Among the measures Blackstone may use to mitigate such conflicts is to involve outside counsel to review and advise on such agreements and provide insights into commercially reasonable terms.

Blackstone can be expected to encourage fund service providers and investment services providers to use, at market rates and/or on arm's length terms, Blackstone-affiliated service providers in connection with the business of the Funds, Portfolio Entities, and unaffiliated entities. This practice provides an indirect benefit to Blackstone in the form of added business for Blackstone-affiliated service providers.

Blackstone Affiliated Service Providers. In addition to the service providers (including Portfolio Entity service providers) and vendors described above, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities are expected to engage in transactions with one or more businesses that are owned or controlled by Blackstone directly, not through one of its funds, including the businesses described below. These businesses will, in certain circumstances, also enter into transactions with other counterparties of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, as well as service providers, vendors and limited partners of the Funds. Blackstone could benefit from these transactions and activities through current income and creation of enterprise value in these businesses. No fees charged by these service providers and vendors will offset or reduce the Management Fee, unless otherwise required by the Organizational Documents. Furthermore, Blackstone, the Funds, the Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities and their affiliates and related parties will use the services of these Blackstone affiliates, including at different rates. Although Blackstone believes the services provided by its affiliates are equal to or better than those of third parties, Blackstone directly benefits from the engagement of these affiliates, including from any profits generated by such affiliates as described in the following sentence, and there is therefore an inherent conflict of interest. As a result of services provided to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, affiliated service providers are permitted and could be expected to from time to time generate profits, including incidental profits from services provided to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities.

Blackstone-affiliated service providers and vendors, include, without limitation:

- ***73 Strings.*** 73 Strings is an integrated platform that provides data extraction for analysis in portfolio monitoring and valuation purposes. Blackstone holds a minority investment in 73 Strings. The Funds, Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients will engage 73 Strings to collect data from portfolio entities and store critical valuation input. The fees, compensation and other amounts received by 73 Strings in connection with such services

provided to the Funds will not offset the Management Fee payable by the Funds (and indirectly the limited partners) and will not otherwise be shared with the Funds or the limited partners.

- *Blackstone Capital Markets*. Blackstone Capital Markets is a Blackstone affiliate that Blackstone, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, Other Blackstone Clients and their portfolio entities and third parties will, in certain circumstances, engage for debt and equity financings and to provide other investment banking, brokerage, investment advisory or other services.
- *Aquicore*. Aquicore is a cloud-based platform that tracks, analyzes and predicts key metrics in real estate with a focus on the reduction of energy consumption. Blackstone holds a minority investment in Aquicore.
- *CTIMCO*. CT Investment Management Co., LLC (“CTIMCO”) is a Blackstone affiliate that is a real estate loan servicer and could, in certain circumstances, enter into loan servicing arrangements and receive fees with respect to the investments and financing activities of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities.
- *Equity Healthcare*. Equity Healthcare LLC (“Equity Healthcare”) is a Blackstone affiliate that negotiates with providers of standard administrative services and insurance carriers for health benefit plans and other related services for cost discounts, quality of service monitoring, data services and clinical consulting. Because of the combined purchasing power of its client participants, which include unaffiliated third parties, Equity Healthcare is able to negotiate pricing terms that are believed to be more favorable than those that the Portfolio Entities could obtain for themselves on an individual basis. The fees received by Equity Healthcare in connection with such services provided to investments will not offset the Management Fee payable by the limited partners.
- *LNLS*. Lexington National Land Services (“LNLS”) is a Blackstone affiliate that (i) acts as a title agent in facilitating and issuing title insurance, (ii) provides title support services for title insurance underwriters, (iii) in certain circumstances, provides courtesy title settlement services and (iv) acts as escrow agent in connection with certain investments by the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, affiliates and related parties, and third parties, including, in certain cases, Blackstone’s borrowers. In exchange for such services, LNLS earns fees which would have otherwise been paid to third parties. Blackstone generally will periodically benchmark the relevant costs to the extent that market data is available, except when such data is impractical or unduly burdensome to obtain, or when LNLS is providing such services in a state where the insurance premium or escrow fee, as applicable, is regulated by the state or when LNLS is part of a syndicate

of title insurance companies where the insurance premium is negotiated by other title insurance underwriters or their agents. Such benchmarking, where conducted, will assess whether LNLS rates are within a range that Blackstone has determined is reflective of title agency rates in the applicable and comparable markets. LNLS rates will not necessarily be equal to or lower than the median within such range. There will be no related Management Fee offset for the Funds. As a result, while Blackstone believes that LNLS will provide services equal to or better than those provided by third parties (even in jurisdictions where insurance rates are regulated), there is an inherent conflict of interest that gives Blackstone an incentive to engage LNLS over a third party.

Some of the services performed by Blackstone-affiliated service providers could also be performed by Blackstone and *vice versa*. Fees paid by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities to or value created in Blackstone-affiliated service providers or vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee payable by the Fund investors of the Funds and are not otherwise shared with the Funds, unless such amounts constitute offsettable break-up, topping, commitment, transaction, monitoring, directors', organization or divestment fees pursuant to the Fund's Organizational Documents (which for the avoidance of doubt, none of the fees described in this section are expected to constitute).

In addition, Blackstone owns a minority equity interest in the common stock of Corebridge Financial, Inc., ("Corebridge"), formerly known as American International Group, Inc.'s Life and Retirement business, and in connection therewith continues to maintain a long-term asset management partnership with certain subsidiaries and/or affiliates of Corebridge to serve as the exclusive external manager with respect to certain asset classes within their investment portfolio, for compensation. Additionally, (a) an Other Blackstone Client fully owns the parent company of Everlake (as defined below), with Blackstone owning a minority indirect equity interest in the parent company of Everlake through the Other Blackstone Client and (b) an Other Blackstone Client fully owns the parent company of Resolution Life (as defined below), with Blackstone owning a minority indirect equity interest in the parent company of Resolution Life through the Other Blackstone Client. (See also "—Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities" and "—Blackstone Credit and Insurance" herein.) While Blackstone does not control Corebridge (and Corebridge is not an "affiliate" of Blackstone under the Organizational Documents), the aforementioned investment in Corebridge, Everlake and Resolution Life and asset management arrangements could incentivize Blackstone to cause (and Blackstone will benefit indirectly from causing) the Funds and/or its Portfolio Entities to engage Corebridge, Everlake, Resolution Life or their respective affiliates (including Corebridge Financial, Inc. and its other affiliates and subsidiaries) to provide various services and engage in other transactions and otherwise present conflicts of interests as a result of Blackstone's interest and relationship therewith.

The Funds and/or Portfolio Entities are currently engaged or expected to engage in the future, with relevant businesses owned by Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Client that will provide energy procurement, advisory, consulting and/or other services related to Sustainability-activities (including without limitation those related to establishment, implementation, assessment, attestation, monitoring and/or measurement of Sustainability-related programs, processes, initiatives and improvements) (such businesses, collectively, “BX Energy Services”). The Funds may make use of BX Energy Services in order to support the Funds’ aim of maximizing the risk-adjusted returns on investments. In particular, BX Energy Services is expected to provide (i) energy advisory services, including energy procurement strategy and contract support; (ii) energy brokering, procurement and power marketing, including purchases of energy on behalf of Portfolio Entities through a retail energy marketer or as a broker; (iii) renewable or other low-carbon energy procurement, including purchases of renewable energy and/or investment in renewable energy projects; (iv) bill management, including bill pay support, which may include paying of bills, checking for billing errors and tariff negotiation and (v) data and emissions inventories, including managing energy data and calculating emissions from energy purchases.

Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients could benefit from these transactions and activities through current income and creation of enterprise value in BX Energy Services’ businesses. Although Blackstone believes the services provided by BX Energy Services are equal to or better than those of third parties, Blackstone directly benefits from the engagement of BX Energy Services, and there is therefore an inherent conflict of interest. In addition, there can be no assurances that the engagement of BX Energy Services by any Fund and/or Portfolio Entity will positively impact the financial or Sustainability-related performance of the Fund or Portfolio Entity.

The Funds could acquire from or sell to Blackstone a service provider as an investment of the Funds or participate alongside Blackstone in the acquisition of a service provider. Blackstone is expected to establish a valuation methodology in relation to any such sale or acquisition by the Funds of a service provider. In addition, before entering into any transaction with respect to any such service provider, it is anticipated that Blackstone will obtain any consents that may be required or advisable, as determined in BPJA’s sole discretion (subject to the terms of the Organizational Documents), under the Advisers Act or other applicable laws or regulations, which may be, but is not required to be given by, a majority of the independent directors of the BXPE Funds (where applicable).

Certain Blackstone-affiliated service providers and their respective personnel will receive a management promote, an incentive fee and other performance-based compensation in respect of investments of the Funds, sales or other transaction volume. Furthermore, Blackstone-affiliated service providers can be expected to charge costs and expenses based on allocable

overhead associated with personnel working on relevant matters (including salaries, benefits and other similar expenses).

To the extent the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients engage in a long-term or recurring contract with a Blackstone affiliated service provider, Blackstone may not seek to benchmark or otherwise renegotiate the original fee arrangement for a significant period of time.

Blackstone will make determinations of certain market rates (i.e., rates that fall within a range that Blackstone has determined is reflective of rates in the applicable market and certain similar markets, though not necessarily equal to or lower than the median rate of comparable firms, and, in certain circumstances, is expected to be in the top of the range) based on its consideration of a number of factors, which are generally expected to include Blackstone's experience with non-affiliated service providers as well as benchmarking data and other methodologies determined by Blackstone to be appropriate under the circumstances. To the extent Blackstone-affiliated service providers provide goods and/or services to third parties, the rates charged in such instances are assumed to be market rates for the purposes hereof. In respect of benchmarking, while Blackstone often obtains benchmarking data regarding the rates charged or quoted by third parties for services similar to those provided by Blackstone affiliates in the applicable market or certain similar markets, relevant comparisons may not be available for a number of reasons, including, without limitation, as a result of a lack of a substantial market of providers or users of such services or the confidential or bespoke nature of such services (e.g., different assets may receive different services). In addition, benchmarking data is based on general market and broad industry overviews, rather than determined on an asset by asset basis. As a result, benchmarking data does not take into account specific characteristics of individual assets then owned or to be acquired by a Fund (such as size or location), or the particular characteristics of services provided. Further, it could be difficult to identify comparable third-party service providers that provide services of a similar scope and scale as the Blackstone-affiliated service providers that are the subject of the benchmarking analysis or to obtain detailed information about pricing of a service comparable to that being provided to the Funds from third-party service providers if such service providers anticipate that Blackstone will not in fact engage their services. For these reasons, it is possible that such market comparisons will not result in precise market terms for comparable services. Expenses to obtain benchmarking data generally will be borne by a Fund, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities and will not offset the Management Fee. For these reasons, such market comparisons may not result in precise market terms for comparable services. Finally, in certain circumstances Blackstone can be expected to determine that third-party benchmarking is unnecessary, including in circumstances where the price for a particular good or service is mandated by law (e.g., title insurance in rate-regulated U.S. states) or because in Blackstone's view no comparable service provider offering such good or service (or an insufficient number of comparable service providers

for a reasonable comparison) exists or because Blackstone has access to adequate market data (including from third-party clients of the Blackstone-affiliated service provider that is the subject of the benchmarking analysis) to make the determination without reference to third-party benchmarking. For example, in certain circumstances a Blackstone-affiliated service provider or a portfolio entity service provider could provide services to third parties, in which case if the rates charged to such third parties are consistent with the rates charged to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their respective portfolio entities, then a separate benchmarking analysis of such rates is not expected to be prepared. Some of the services performed by Blackstone-affiliated service providers could also be performed by BPIA and vice versa. Fees paid by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities to Blackstone-affiliated service providers do not offset or reduce the Management Fee, Administration Fee or performance-based fees and are not otherwise shared by the Funds. These conflicts related to Blackstone-affiliated service providers (including, for the avoidance of doubt, BX Energy Portcos) will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and the Funds' investors may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

In addition, Blackstone's Treasury group currently provides foreign currency exchange ("FX") services to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients for FX trades under a certain threshold. Based on its current practices (which are subject to change in the future), at the request of the Funds or an Other Blackstone Client, the Blackstone Treasury group will exchange foreign currencies from Blackstone's own account on behalf of the Funds or such Other Blackstone Client based on the end of day mid-market rate published by Bloomberg on the immediately preceding business day, and does not currently charge any fees for providing such service (apart from the same market-rate bank/wire fees the Funds or such Other Blackstone Client would incur on any FX payment or receipt regardless of counterparty).

Some of the services performed by Blackstone-affiliated service providers could also be performed by Blackstone and vice versa. Fees paid by the Funds or their Portfolio Entities to or value created in Blackstone-affiliated service providers or vendors do not offset or reduce the Management Fee, Administration Fee or performance-based fees and are not otherwise shared with the Funds. Furthermore, in certain circumstances, Blackstone can be expected to play a substantial role in overseeing the personnel of Portfolio Entity service providers that provide services to the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or their portfolio entities on an ongoing basis, including with respect to the selection, hiring, retention and compensation of such personnel. For example, Blackstone expects that certain Portfolio Entity service providers, as described above, with Blackstone's oversight, will establish a team of personnel to provide support services exclusively to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities (and/or other investment funds or accounts managed or controlled by Blackstone).

Dealer Manager; Global Distribution. Blackstone Securities Partners L.P. is the “Dealer Manager” for BXPE US. BPIA and the BX AIFM are the global distributors for BXPE Lux. Any material adverse change to the ability of the Dealer Manager, BPIA and/or the BX AIFM to build and maintain a network of licensed securities broker-dealers and other agents could have a material adverse effect on the Funds’ business and the offering. If the Dealer Manager, BPIA and/or the BX AIFM are unable to build and maintain a sufficient network of participating broker-dealers to distribute shares or interests in the Funds, BPIA’s ability to raise proceeds through the offerings and implement the Funds’ investment strategies could be adversely affected. In addition, the Dealer Manager and/or the BX AIFM currently serve and may serve as dealer manager for other issuers. As a result, the Dealer Manager and/or the BX AIFM could experience conflicts of interest in allocating their time between the Funds and such other issuers, which could adversely affect BPIA’s ability to raise proceeds through the offering and implement the Funds’ investment strategies. Further, it is possible that the participating broker-dealers retained by the Dealer Manager, BPIA and/or the BX AIFM will have numerous competing investment products, some with similar or identical investment strategies and areas of focus as the Funds, which they could elect to emphasize to their retail clients.

Third-Party Fund Manager Relationships Generally; Other Fees. A third-party fund manager in which a Fund invests and/or the pooled investment vehicles it manages are and will be counterparties in agreements, transactions and other arrangements with Other Blackstone Clients, their affiliates or portfolio companies and/or with other fund managers, the pooled investment vehicles they manage and/or one or more portfolio companies thereof, for the provision of goods and services, purchase and sale of assets and other matters (including information sharing and/or consulting). For example, third-party fund managers may cause their affiliates, third-party pooled investment vehicles or portfolio companies to sell investments or properties to Other Blackstone Clients or affiliates, or *vice versa*. Such parties may also enter into arrangements for the provision of services. These agreements, transactions and other arrangements will involve payment of fees and other amounts, some of which compensation may be paid in connection with unvested equity in Blackstone, Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities (which may be in the form of public stock, limited partnership interests or otherwise) and/or other benefits to or from Blackstone, a Blackstone affiliate and/or a third-party fund manager, a portfolio company of a fund manager or an affiliate thereof, none of which will result in any offset to the Management Fee (except as expressly set forth in the relevant Fund’s Organizational Documents), notwithstanding that some of the services provided by a fund manager or portfolio companies of a fund manager are similar in nature to the services provided by BPIA or its affiliates. Blackstone and its affiliates may also receive fees from fund managers, their portfolio companies, affiliates thereof and/or third parties, including for the provision of services with respect thereto (including fees which are paid or borne by third parties), and such fees will also not result in any offset to the Management Fee (except as expressly set forth in the

relevant Fund's Organizational Documents). Any such fees that result in an offset to the Management Fee will be solely as set forth in the relevant Fund's Organizational Documents and will only apply to the extent it is made as part of the Fund's Investment, and are expected to generally be allocated *pro rata* among the Fund and any Other Blackstone Clients, co-investment vehicles, Blackstone side-by-side co-investment vehicles, other affiliates of Blackstone and related entities and other participants (including third parties unaffiliated with Blackstone) that are participating (or intending to participate) in such Investment, as applicable. (See also "— Break-up and other Similar Fees" herein.)

Restrictive Covenants; Restrictions on Fund Activities. Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners and/or their respective portfolio entities and affiliates can be expected to enter into covenants that restrict or otherwise limit the ability of Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners and/or their respective portfolio entities and affiliates to make investments in, or otherwise engage in, certain businesses or activities. For example, a Fund or Other Blackstone Client could have granted exclusivity to a joint venture partner that limits the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients from owning assets within a certain distance of any of the joint venture's assets. Blackstone, the Funds, an Other Blackstone Client, a joint venture partner and/or their respective portfolio entities and affiliates could have entered into a non-compete or other undertaking in connection with a purchase, sale or other transaction, including, without limitation, that Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, joint venture partners and/or their respective portfolio entities and affiliates will not make investments or otherwise engage in any business or activity if such investment, business or activity could adversely affect or materially delay obtaining regulatory or other approvals in connection with any such purchase, sale or other transaction. These types of restrictions could negatively impact the ability of the Funds to implement its investment program. (See also "— Multiple Blackstone Business Lines" herein.)

Blackstone Credit and Insurance. Blackstone Credit and Insurance is the business segment of the credit and insurance asset management business unit of Blackstone ("BXCI") that provides investment advisory services (including sourcing, diligence and underwriting and other similar services) for compensation (which, for example, may be in the form of a management fee, incentive fee, incentive allocation, carried interest or other form of management promote) to insurers, including insurance companies that have been, are, or may be in the future owned, directly or indirectly, by Blackstone, a Fund, or Other Blackstone Clients, in whole or in part, among others, such as, Everlake Life Insurance Company and certain of its affiliates ("Everlake"), certain subsidiaries of Corebridge (as defined above) and certain subsidiaries of Resolution Life Group Holdings Ltd. ("Resolution Life"). In connection with providing such services, insurance companies or their affiliates or subsidiaries will likely invest from time to time in the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients. Certain of the insurers for which Blackstone Credit and Insurance

provides services have been, are, or may be in the future, owned, directly or indirectly, by Blackstone, the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, in whole or in part. Blackstone Credit and Insurance currently provides and is expected to provide in the future asset management or other similar services to Portfolio Entities, including new entities formed by the Funds, and the fees attributable to such services will not offset or reduce Fund expenses or otherwise be shared with the Funds, Portfolio Entities or limited partners. As a result of the foregoing, BPIA will, from time to time, receive compensation based on such fees and could be incentivized to participate in and pursue more insurance-related transactions due to the prospect of earning such fees. Such arrangements could give rise to additional conflicts of interest in relation to the Funds and there can be no assurance they will be resolved favorably for the Funds.

As of the date hereof, (a) an Other Blackstone Client fully owns the parent company of Everlake, with Blackstone owning an indirect minority equity interest in the parent company of Everlake through the Other Blackstone Client, (b) Blackstone owns a minority equity interest in the common stock of Corebridge and (c) an Other Blackstone Client fully owns the parent company of Resolution Life, with Blackstone owning an indirect minority equity interest in the parent company of Resolution Life through the Other Blackstone Client. The foregoing and other Blackstone Credit and Insurance company investment management arrangements will involve investments by such insurance company clients across a variety of asset classes (including investments that may otherwise be appropriate for the Funds). As a result, in addition to the compensation Blackstone receives for providing investment management services to insurance companies in which Blackstone or an Other Blackstone Client owns an interest, in certain instances Blackstone receives additional compensation in its capacity as an indirect owner of such insurance companies and/or Other Blackstone Clients. The Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients make investments across a variety of asset classes (including investments that may otherwise be appropriate for the Funds). Blackstone currently provides and in the future Blackstone will likely enter into additional similar arrangements with other Portfolio Entities of the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or other insurance companies and other types of companies. Such arrangements could reduce the allocations of investments to the Funds, and Blackstone could be incentivized to allocate investments away from the Funds to such insurance company client under such investment management arrangements or other vehicles/accounts to the extent the economic arrangements related thereto are more favorable to Blackstone relative to the terms of the Funds. The Funds and the limited partners therein will not share in any of the compensation provided to Blackstone in connection with such investment management arrangements, including from Portfolio Entities of the Funds.

Actual or potential conflicts of interest will likely arise in relation to the funds, vehicles or accounts Blackstone Credit and Insurance advises or sub-advises, including accounts where an insurer participates in investments directly and there is no separate vehicle controlled by

Blackstone (collectively, “Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients”). Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients will engage in a variety of activities, including participating in transactions related to a Fund and/or its Portfolio Entities (e.g., as originators, co-originators, counterparties or otherwise). Moreover, under certain circumstances (e.g., where a Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client participates in a transaction directly (and not through a vehicle controlled by Blackstone) and independently consents to participating in a transaction), a Blackstone Credit and Insurance Client (or any Other Blackstone Clients participating via a similar arrangement) will not be an “Affiliate” under the Organizational Documents of a Fund nor subject to consent of any limited partners or limited partner representatives or the board of directors and/or independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative (as applicable), in which case any limitations or obligations pursuant to such Organizational Documents with respect to transactions with affiliates, including any required consents of the board of directors, the independent directors or the Independent Client Representative (as applicable), will not apply. Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients have invested and are expected to continue investing in Other Blackstone Clients and may invest in certain Funds. For greater certainty, any references herein or in an Organizational Document to “Blackstone Credit” or “Blackstone Credit Funds” do not include Blackstone Credit and Insurance and Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients. Certain Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients may have investment objectives that overlap with those of the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, and such Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients may invest alongside the Funds or such Portfolio Entities in certain investments, which will reduce the investment opportunities otherwise available to the Funds or such Portfolio Entities. Other transactions in which Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients will participate include, without limitation, investments in debt or other securities issued by Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities or other forms of financing to Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities (including special purpose vehicles established by the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or such Portfolio Entities) (see “Conflicting Fiduciary Duties to Debt Funds” and “Investments in Which Other Blackstone Clients Have a Different Principal Investment Generally” herein). When investing alongside the Funds or their Portfolio Entities or in other transactions related to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities, Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients may not invest or divest at the same time or on the same terms as the Funds or the applicable Portfolio Entities. Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients will also from time to time acquire investments and Portfolio Entities directly or indirectly from the Funds, including one or more cash-flow assets (e.g., royalty streams), which may be securitized along with other cash-flow assets. Subject to the Organizational Documents, transactions between the Funds and Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients may not require any approval of the Funds’ board of directors or limited partners, and in circumstances where BPIA determines in good faith that the conflict of interest is mitigated in whole or in part through various measures that Blackstone or BPIA implements, BPIA is not required and does not intend to seek approval of the limited partners or any limited partner representatives, any board of

directors and/or the independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative, as applicable. Additionally, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities currently engage, and expect to continue engaging in the future, certain Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients, including but not limited to, Everlake, Corebridge and Resolution Life, to provide certain operational, administrative, ceding, fronting and other insurance-related services for a fee or commission. Such fees or commissions are expected to benefit the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients, Blackstone and Other Blackstone Clients, and the fees and commissions attributable to such services will not offset or reduce Fund expenses or otherwise be shared with a Fund, its Portfolio Entities or limited partners. In order to seek to mitigate any potential conflicts of interest with respect to such transactions (or other transactions involving Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients), Blackstone may, in its discretion, involve independent members of the board of a Portfolio Entity or a third-party stakeholder in the transaction to negotiate price and terms on behalf of the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients or otherwise cause the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients to “follow the vote” thereof, and/or cause an Independent Client Representative or other third party to approve the investment or otherwise represent the interests of one or more of the parties to the transaction. In addition, Blackstone or BPIA may limit the percentage interest of the Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients participating in such transaction, or obtain appropriate price quotes or other benchmarks, or, alternatively, a third-party price opinion or other document to support the reasonableness of the price and terms of the transaction. Blackstone Credit and Insurance may, but is not required to, from time to time require the applicable Blackstone Credit and Insurance Clients participating in a transaction to consent thereto (including in circumstances where BPIA does not seek the consent of the board of directors and/or the independent directors, the Independent Client Representative, Fund investors or any Fund investor representatives (each, as applicable)). There can be no assurance that any such measures or other measures that may be implemented by Blackstone will be effective at mitigating any actual or potential conflicts of interest.

Transactions with Portfolio Entities. Blackstone and Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients operate in multiple industries and provide products and services to or otherwise contract with the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, among others. In connection with any such investment, Blackstone, the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities and personnel and related parties of the foregoing can be expected to make referrals or introductions to the Funds or Portfolio Entities of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients in an effort, in part, to increase the customer base of such companies or businesses (and therefore the value of the investment held by the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients) or because such referrals or introductions will, in certain circumstances, result in financial benefits, such as cash payments, additional equity ownership, or participation in revenue share, and/or milestones benefitting the referring or introducing party that are tied or related to participation by the Portfolio Entities of the Funds and/or of Other Blackstone Clients, accruing to the party making

the introduction (e.g., personnel of Blackstone, including BPIA's investment professionals). Furthermore, such introductions or referrals may involve the transfer of certain personnel or employees among Blackstone and Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, which could result in a termination fee or similar payments being due and payable from one such entity to another. In the alternative, Blackstone may form a joint venture (or other business relationship) with such a Portfolio Entity to implement such arrangements, pursuant to which the joint venture or business provides services (including, without limitation, corporate support services, loan management services, management services, operational services, ongoing account services (e.g., interacting and coordinating with banks generally and with regard to any related "know-your-client" requirements), risk management services, data management services, consulting services, brokerage services, sustainability and clean energy consulting services, insurance procurement, placement, brokerage and consulting services, and other services) to such Portfolio Entities that are referred to the joint venture or business by Blackstone. Such joint venture or business could use data obtained from such Portfolio Entities (see "Data" and "Data Services" herein). The Funds and the limited partners typically will not share in any fees, economics, equity or other benefits accruing to Blackstone, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities as a result of the introduction of the Funds and their Portfolio Entities. There may, however, be instances in which the applicable arrangements provide that the Funds or their Portfolio Entities share in some or all of any resulting financial incentives (including, in some cases, cash payments, tax credits, additional equity ownership, participation in revenue share and/or milestones) based on structures and allocation methodologies determined in the sole discretion of Blackstone. Conversely, where the Funds or one of their Portfolio Entities is the referring or introducing party, rather than receiving all of the financial incentives (including, in some cases, cash payments, tax credits, additional equity ownership, participation in revenue share and/or milestones) for similar types of referrals and/or introductions, such financial incentives (including, in some cases, cash payments, tax credits, additional equity ownership, participation in revenue share and/or milestones) may be similarly shared with the participating Funds, Other Blackstone Clients or their respective Portfolio Entities.

With respect to transactions or agreements with Portfolio Entities (including, for the avoidance of doubt, long-term incentive plans) occurring at times when unrelated officers of a Portfolio Entity are not appointed, Blackstone can be expected to negotiate and execute agreements on behalf of the Portfolio Entity with Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities and affiliates and other related parties. These negotiations would not be arm's length and would entail conflicts of interest. Among the measures Blackstone can be expected to use to mitigate such conflicts is to involve outside counsel to review and advise on such agreements and provide insights into commercially reasonable terms, or to establish separate groups with information barriers within Blackstone to advise on each side of the negotiation.

All of the foregoing conflicts related to Portfolio Entity transactions will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds, and investors therein may not be entitled to receive notice or disclosure of the occurrence of these conflicts.

Investments Managed by Blackstone-Affiliated Asset Managers. The Funds can be expected generally from time to time to invest in assets, platforms, private investment vehicles and Portfolio Entities that are managed or are intended to be managed by Blackstone-affiliated asset managers, and in such scenarios, the asset management functions (including with respect to investment decisions and makeup of underlying investments) of such asset, platform, private investment vehicle or Portfolio Entity could be delegated or performed by a Blackstone-affiliated asset manager or other similar service provider. For the avoidance of doubt, any such asset, platform, private investment vehicle or Portfolio Entity may include any existing or newly-formed special purpose vehicle organized in connection with the underlying investment and such entity could be wholly owned or controlled by Blackstone. In such circumstances, the Funds would bear their share of fees and expenses relating to such Investments, which would not result in any offset to the Management Fee payable by the Funds (and indirectly the limited partners), would not otherwise be shared with the Funds or the limited partners and may materially increase the overall amount of fees and expenses borne by the Funds (and indirectly the limited partners). Further, in respect of such Investments, the Blackstone-affiliated asset manager could cause a Fund to indirectly invest in one or more Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities thereof, and any related fees received by Blackstone will not be required to be shared with the Fund or the limited partners and will not result in any offset to the Management Fee payable by such Fund (and indirectly the limited partners). BPIA will not be required to obtain any consent or approval from the applicable investors or any board of directors, and there can be no assurance that conflicts of interest arising out of such transactions will necessarily be resolved in the Funds' favor.

Related Party Leasing. Current assets related to the investments owned by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities will, in certain circumstances, lease property to or from Blackstone, other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities and affiliates and other related parties. The leases are generally expected to, but may not always, be at market rates. Blackstone can be expected to confirm market rates by reference to other leases it is aware of in the market, which Blackstone expects to be generally indicative of the market given the scale of Blackstone's real estate business. Blackstone can be expected to, but may not always, nonetheless have conflicts of interest in making these determinations, and with regard to other decisions related to such assets and investments. For example, the Funds could be expected to have consent rights over or be asked to approve leases, sales or evictions related to Other Blackstone Clients, their Portfolio Entities and affiliates and other related parties. There can be no assurance that the Funds and their Portfolio Entities will lease to or from any such related parties on terms as

favorable to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities as would apply if the counterparties were unrelated.

Asset Pooling. The Funds have in the past, and may in the future continue to, pool certain or all investments with one or more other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (any such pool, an “Asset Pool”), including for the purposes of obtaining leverage or other financing, or seeking a full or partial exit from one or more Investments including through securitization. In such circumstances an Asset Pool may be managed or controlled by BPIA or any of its affiliates (or Other Blackstone Client) and securities or other interests in the Asset Pool will be owned by such Fund, other Funds and other affiliated funds. The consummation of any such transaction will generally not require the consent of the limited partners of the Funds, any limited partner representative, or any board of directors and/or independent directors, or the Independent Client Representative, as applicable, and will involve the exercise of BPIA’s and its affiliates’ discretion with respect to a number of material matters, which could give rise to actual or potential conflicts. For example, in connection with such transactions, BPIA will have broad discretion to determine whether and to what extent such a transaction constitutes a disposition of the contributed assets under the terms of the applicable Organizational Documents, to determine the proportionate interest of such Fund, the other Funds and the Other Blackstone Clients (as applicable) in the Asset Pool (or particular classes or tranches of securities or others interests in the Asset Pool), which will require BPIA and its affiliates to determine the relative value of assets contributed to the Asset Pool and value of securities or interests (or particular classes or tranches thereof) issued by the Asset Pool, and to determine how interests in or proceeds from the Asset Pool are attributed to limited partners or the Funds that participated in such contributed assets, each of which could have a material impact on limited partners’ returns in respect of such investments or the Funds more generally. In making these determinations BPIA and its affiliates may, but are not required to, engage or seek the advice of any third-party independent expert, however even if such advice were sought, valuing such assets and interests and, therefore, the value of a Fund’s interest in, or proceeds received from, any Asset Pool, will be subjective. A Fund will generally be exposed to the performance of all assets in an Asset Pool and it is possible that those investments contributed to the Asset Pool by the other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients (as applicable) will not perform as well as those investments contributed by such Fund. Accordingly, the returns of such Fund in respect of investments contributed by it could be lower than if they had not been contributed to the Asset Pool. The receipt, use and recontribution by such Asset Pools of any such proceeds shall not be considered distributions received by, or contributions made by, a Fund or its limited partners for purposes of the applicable Organizational Documents (including, for example, that such proceeds would not reduce or increase, as the case may be, the unpaid capital commitment of the limited partners, in the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable)), will not be subject to the investment limitations applicable to such Fund’s investments, will not be subject to the carried interest waterfall (to the extent applicable) or performance-based

compensation, will not be subject to any preferred return and will not be subject to any requirements under the Organizational Documents with respect to the timing of distribution of proceeds and could result in higher or lower reported returns than if such proceeds had otherwise been distributed (or deemed distributed) to the Funds or the limited partner.

Cross-Guarantees and Cross-Collateralization. In certain circumstances, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities can be expected to enter into cross-collateralization or any cross-guarantee or similar arrangements (including with respect to Asset Pools and as described above with respect to net asset value credit facilities and other forms of back leverage) with Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles) and their Portfolio Entities, particularly in circumstances in which better financing terms are available through such arrangements, particularly in circumstances where the assets of each Portfolio Entity are similar in nature. It is often better (or commercially required) for a counterparty to view the various entities as one single “Blackstone” party and therefore appropriate for these obligations to be addressed among Other Blackstone Clients by way of a back-to-back or reimbursement type agreement. Also, it is expected that cross-collateralization will generally occur at Portfolio Entities rather than the Funds for obligations that are not recourse to the Funds except in limited circumstances such as “bad boy” events. The Funds can be expected to form certain alternative investment vehicles, special purpose vehicles and holding vehicles, which may involve cross-guarantees or other cross-collateralization arrangements. At times, in connection with joint investments between a Fund and one or more Other Blackstone Clients, Portfolio Entities will enter into borrowings or guarantees (including collateralized by or otherwise secured by the Funds and one or more Other Blackstone Clients or their respective interests in such joint investment), and the Funds and such Other Blackstone Client(s) will, in certain circumstances, provide credit support to the entities incurring such borrowings or guarantees. Depending on various factors, including relative assets, any credit facility or other borrowing or guarantees already in existence and other factors affecting the relative levels of credit risk with respect to each of the Fund and such Other Blackstone Client(s), it is expected that the Fund and such Other Blackstone Client(s) taken together will, in certain circumstances, receive terms, including economic terms such as interest rates, that will be better or worse than would have been received by the Funds or such Other Blackstone Client(s) alone, as applicable, if such party obtained financing for only its portion of such joint investment as a sole borrower or sole provider of credit support. The Funds or Other Blackstone Client(s), as applicable, that is benefiting from better terms than it would have obtained for only its portion of such joint investment, are/is not expected to enter into a reimbursement agreement or otherwise compensate any other party that is receiving worse terms. Additionally, while cross-collateralization of investments may enable the Funds to obtain more favorable terms in respect of certain indebtedness across certain investments (for example, such as where investments of different but overlapping classes are located in the same region) on a modest scale, any cross-collateralization arrangements with other Funds or Other

Blackstone Clients could result in the Funds losing their interests in otherwise performing investments or other assets of the Funds due to poorly performing or non-performing investments or other assets of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients in the collateral pool or such persons otherwise defaulting on their obligations under the terms of such arrangements (and for the avoidance of doubt, the Funds' obligations under such cross-collateralization arrangements are expected to apply to investments in which the Funds have not participated). Certain closed-end Fund investors (if applicable) could also be required to fund capital contributions to cover such Funds' obligations under such a default. A Fund can, in certain circumstances, be exposed to risks associated with borrowings or other indebtedness of other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients when such other entities are not in turn exposed to risks associated with such Fund's borrowing for a similar purpose if, for example, such other entities or the partners thereof are excused from cross-collateralizing certain expenses, management fees or other obligations of such Fund and other Funds. Through cross-collateralization, cross-guarantees or similar arrangements, such other Funds could nevertheless be indirectly exposed to risks associated with leverage on fees, expenses and/or other obligations of the Fund. (See also "—Liability Arising from Transactions Entered into Alongside Blackstone and/or Other Blackstone Clients" and "Asset Pooling" herein.)

Similarly, a lender could require that it face only one Portfolio Entity of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, even though multiple Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients benefit from the lending, which will typically result in (i) the Portfolio Entity facing the lender being solely liable with respect to the entire obligation, and therefore being required to contribute amounts in respect of the shortfall attributable to other Portfolio Entities, and (ii) Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients being jointly and severally liable for the full amount of the obligation, liable on a cross-collateralized basis or liable for an equity cushion (which cushion amount may vary depending upon the type of financing or refinancing (e.g., cushions for refinancings may be smaller)). The Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients benefiting from a financing can be expected to enter into a back-to-back or other similar reimbursement agreements whereby each agrees that no Portfolio Entity bear more than its *pro rata* portion of the debt and related obligations. It is not expected that the Portfolio Entities would be compensated (or provide compensation to other Portfolio Entities) for being primarily liable, or jointly liable, for other Portfolio Entities *pro rata* share of any financing.

Joint Venture Partners. The Funds will from time to time enter into one or more joint venture arrangements with third-party joint venture partners. Investments made with joint venture partners will often involve performance-based compensation and other fees payable to such joint venture partners, as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion. The joint venture partners could provide services similar to those provided by BPIA to the Funds. Yet, no compensation or fees paid to the joint venture partners would reduce or offset the Management Fee,

Administration Fee or performance-based compensation payable to BPIA or its affiliates. Additional conflicts would arise if a joint venture partner is related to Blackstone in any way, such as a limited partner investor in, lender to, a shareholder of, or a service provider to Blackstone, the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, or their respective portfolio entities, or any affiliate, personnel, officer or agent of any of the foregoing.

Valuation Matters. The fair value of all investments (including any assets received in exchange for any investments or interests in a Fund, as applicable) will ultimately be determined by BPIA and/or the BX AIFM in accordance with the Organizational Documents and a Fund's valuation policy and procedures. It will, in certain circumstances, be the case that the carrying value of an investment, or the net asset value of an investment for purposes of calculating any performance allocation, may not reflect the price at which the investment is ultimately sold in the market, and the difference between carrying value from time to time, or the net asset value of an investment for purposes of calculating any performance allocation, and the ultimate sales price could be material. BPIA reserves the right to rely on the analysis of third parties to determine such valuations either on a case-by-case basis or universally in BPIA's discretion. The valuation of such investments will be determined by BPIA in accordance with procedures set forth in the Funds' Organizational Documents and BPIA's valuation policy for the applicable Fund and will generally be valued on a monthly basis. BPIA will select a valuation methodology for each investment in its sole discretion. Such determinations involve conflicts of interest in that the valuation methodology BPIA selects for certain investments could result in higher valuations than would be the case had BPIA selected an alternative valuation methodology, which would in turn affect the amount and timing of BPIA's performance-based compensation and the amount of Management Fees (and servicing fees, as applicable) payable to BPIA. Valuation methodologies can also be expected to change from time to time as BPIA deems appropriate. The valuation methodologies used to value any investment (including determining whether to write off and investment or whether an investment has become worthless under the Internal Revenue Code) will involve subjective judgments and projections and will, in certain circumstances, not accurately or adequately reflect all material events applicable to a particular investment, the impact of which might not be foreseeable at the time of such valuation. In making its determination in respect of an Investment's valuation, BPIA is entitled to take into account all facts and circumstances it deems relevant, subject to the provisions of the Organizational Documents, and there can be no assurance that a third party or limited partner would agree with one or more of the factors, assumptions or inputs used by BPIA in making any such determination. Valuation methodologies will also involve assumptions and opinions about future events, which could turn out to be incorrect. For example, BPIA could believe that capitalization rates will be lower upon a sale of an investment than they ultimately are, or that interest rates will decline during the hold period of an investment thereby creating attractive value even though rates do not ultimately decline. Valuation methodologies could also permit reliance on a prior period valuation of

particular investments. BPIA can rely on the fair market value of a Fund's interests in any investment as most recently reported to the Funds or BPIA by such investment. However, to the extent the most recently reported value for any investment is deemed stale by BPIA or otherwise not reflective of the investment's fair market value as determined by BPIA in its discretion, BPIA could apply a valuation for the relevant investment that is based on the valuation attributable to such investment in the Fund's latest audited financial statements or another value that BPIA reasonably determines to approximate fair market value.

Ultimate realization of the value of an investment depends to a great extent on economic, market and other conditions beyond BPIA's and the BX AIFM's control. There will be no retroactive adjustment in the valuation of any investment, the offering price at which interests were purchased or sold by limited partners or repurchased by such Fund, as applicable, or the Management Fee and/or performance-based compensation paid to BPIA and the BX AIFM to the extent (a) BPIA becomes aware of any third-party valuation (including by a valuation expert, underwriter, bank and/or borrower) with respect to the same investment, or (b) any valuation proves to not accurately reflect the realizable value of an investment (subject to any clawback mechanism described in the applicable Organizational Documents in the case of any closed-end fund (if applicable)), even if that retroactive adjustment would benefit the Funds and/or their investors. For purposes of the Organizational Documents (and as applicable), a disposition will only be deemed to have occurred as a result of a reduction in the fair value of an investment if BPIA determines that the investment has been written off completely (i.e., the adjusted cost of the investment has been reduced to zero by BPIA in accordance with the terms of the applicable partnership agreement or BPIA determines that the investment has otherwise become worthless within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code). For the avoidance of doubt, the invested capital with respect to an investment (or its adjusted cost) will not be written off (or reduced to zero) merely because the balance of probabilities indicates that such investment, more likely than not, has a fair market value of zero or that the investment has become worthless within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code; rather, a write off will only occur for purposes of the applicable partnership agreement where BPIA determines that the fair market value of such investment has been reduced to zero. The valuation of Funds' investments as well as the determination of whether and when an investment has been disposed of or written off (which determination remains in the sole discretion of Blackstone) will affect the amount and timing of the General Partner's performance-based compensation and the amount of Management Fees, Administration Fees (and servicing fees, as applicable) payable to BPIA and the BX AIFM. In addition, the valuation of partially realized or unrealized investments where a Fund has a residual interest in such investment will, in certain circumstances, be close to zero, and to the extent such investments are unrealized, in the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), the Management Fees payable to BPIA will be based on the invested capital relative to such investment. (See also "—Management Fee" herein.)

The valuation of investments of Other Blackstone Clients will, in certain circumstances, affect the decision of potential investors to subscribe for interests in a Fund. Similarly, the valuation of investments of a Fund will, in certain circumstances, affect the ability of Blackstone to attract capital to that Fund, other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or to raise a successor fund to the Funds (or to an Other Blackstone Client alongside which a Fund has made an investment). As a result, the valuation of investments of a Fund, other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, which generally remains in the sole discretion of Blackstone, involves conflicts in which BPIA is incentivized to defer realization of investments or hold them longer, make more speculative investments, seek to deploy the Funds' capital in investments at an accelerated pace, determine valuations that are higher (or lower) than the actual fair value of Investments and/or avoid or delay writing off an investment. Furthermore, BPIA will in certain years be incentivized to obtain third-party appraisals more frequently than annually for certain of the Funds' investments.

Although BPIA and its affiliates intend to operate in accordance with the Funds' Organizational Documents, as well as valuation and other policies, practices and procedures, in order to mitigate the potential for subjectivity in making valuation determinations, there can be no assurance that such policies, practices and procedures will address all of the necessary factors to do so, or completely eliminate all potential conflicts of interest in such determinations, or that any such conflicts will be resolved in favor of the Funds or their investors.

In addition, in the event that a Fund makes any distribution in-kind to its limited partners, the fair market value of such securities distributed in-kind is expected to be determined by BPIA (who at times may, but is not required to, receive input from a third-party valuation expert), subject to the terms and conditions of the Organizational Documents. As there is no guarantee that such valuations will reflect the value for such assets that would be achieved if such assets were sold to a third party rather than distributed in-kind, it is possible that limited partners will not receive the price for such assets that they could otherwise have received if such assets were sold in a third-party sale. If the valuations made by BPIA in connection with the distribution-in-kind, where applicable, and used to calculate performance and performance-based compensation distributions are higher than what could have been received if such investments were instead disposed of to third parties, held to maturity, or otherwise disposed of in another manner, the amount of performance-based compensation distributions received by BPIA, or the timing of receipt of such compensation, could be higher and earlier in time than it would have been if such assets were sold in a third-party sale. Additionally, because the amount of proceeds Fund limited partners are deemed to receive in connection with distributions in-kind of marketable securities (including for purposes of calculating BPIA's performance-based compensation) is based on an average of the trading prices both prior to and after the date of distribution (as more fully described in the Organizational Documents of the applicable Fund), the General Partners' performance-based compensation distributions could be based on a valuation that is higher than

the price of the securities at the time they are actually distributed to the limited partners or that the General Partners would have received had such securities been sold for cash, in each case at such time.

Furthermore, Blackstone may determine to undertake a distribution in-kind of securities to Fund limited partners from some but not all Funds and Other Blackstone Clients that are invested in the same securities or instruments, with the result that limited partners of such Funds and Other Blackstone Clients invested in the same securities will have a different return on their investment, which could include any committed co-investment vehicle, or an individual limited partner co-investors therein receiving a distribution through a distribution in-kind of securities at a different time than a disposal for cash or distribution in-kind of the same class of securities by other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or individual investors therein or receiving a distribution in-kind where other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or individual investors therein are offered and/or distributed cash. In such an instance, a Fund could receive a lower price for the same securities than the price received by such other Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and/or individual investors.

Group Procurement; Discounts. The Funds and their Portfolio Entities will enter into agreements regarding group procurement (including, but not limited to, CoreTrust, a group purchasing organization described more fully above), benefits management, purchase of title and/or other insurance policies (which can be expected to include brokerage and/or placement thereof), and will from time to time be discounted due to scale or pooled across Portfolio Entities, including through sharing of deductibles and other forms of shared risk retention from a third party or a Blackstone affiliate, and other operational, administrative or management related initiatives. Blackstone will allocate the cost of these various services and products purchased on a group basis among the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities. Some of these arrangements result in commissions, discounts, rebates or similar payments to Blackstone, its affiliates, their personnel or other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, including as a result of transactions entered into by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, and such commissions or payment will not be subject to the Management Fee offset provisions. Blackstone can be expected to also receive consulting, usage or other fees from the parties to these group procurement arrangements. To the extent that a Portfolio Entity of an Other Blackstone Client is providing such a service, such Portfolio Entity and such Other Blackstone Client will benefit. Further, the benefits received by the particular Portfolio Entity providing the service will, in certain circumstances, be greater than those received by the Funds and their Portfolio Entities receiving the service. Conflicts exist in the allocation of the costs and benefits of these arrangements, and limited partners rely on BPIA to handle them in its sole discretion.

Diverse Limited Partner Group. The limited partners of the Funds could have conflicting investment, tax and other interests with respect to their investments in the Funds and with respect to the interests of investors in other investment vehicles managed or advised by Blackstone that participate in the same investments as the Funds, and investor personnel could have incentives or conflicts with respect to their investments in the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients, including matters Blackstone is not aware of, such as interests in Blackstone Inc. The conflicting interests of limited partners and investors in other investment vehicles would generally relate to or arise from, among other things, the nature, structuring, financing, tax profile and timing of disposition of investments of the Funds. BPIA will, in certain circumstances, as a result have conflicts in making these decisions, which can be expected to be more beneficial for one or more (but not all) Fund investors than for other Fund investors. In addition, the Funds can be expected to make investments that will, in certain circumstances, have a negative impact on related investments made by the limited partners in separate transactions. In selecting and structuring investments appropriate for the Funds and BPIA will consider the investment and tax objectives of the Funds and their partners as a whole (and those of investors in other Funds and other investment vehicles managed or advised by Blackstone that participate in the same investments as the Funds), and not the investment, tax or other objectives of any investors individually. As a result of disparate tax considerations applicable to certain investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, but not other investors therein, not all such investors will participate in Portfolio Entity investments through the same investment structures and vehicles, and the securities indirectly held by such investors (or consideration ultimately distributed to such investors) could differ as a result of the foregoing, and there can be no assurance that the foregoing considerations will not impact (positively or negatively) the returns achieved by any investor, as compared to other investors. Additionally, in the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), BPIA will, in certain circumstances, elect to limit certain Fund investors' participation in particular investments or exclude the limited partners from particular investments (in whole or in part), including, for the avoidance of doubt, follow-on investments (or such limited partners of the Funds will benefit from excuse rights or investment limitations with respect to particular investments or follow-on investments), taking into account ERISA, legal, tax, regulatory, policy or other similar considerations (including established investment policies of a limited partner) and/or limitations with respect to any Fund investor (or category of Fund investor) or to such investments (including, for example, ensuring that certain ownership thresholds are not exceeded with respect to investors that are affiliated with governmental entities or similar organizations), as determined by BPIA in good faith, in which case non-limited or excluded investors in the Funds shall generally be allocated a greater proportionate interest in such investment (or a follow-on investment related thereto, notwithstanding the initial or existing ownership proportions thereof). In addition, for certain Funds (and to the extent applicable), reductions in unpaid capital commitments for capital contributions in respect of Management

Fees are based on the actual amounts paid by the Fund investors. Therefore, to the extent a Fund investor is entitled to a discounted or reduced Management Fee arrangement (including as set forth in the Organizational Documents or one of more side letters or other agreements (including any agreement governing a Strategic Relationship)) such Fund investor's capital contributions in respect of Management Fees will be disproportionate as compared to any Fund investor without such arrangement, and as a result, its unused capital commitment will be proportionately higher than such other Fund investor, which among other things, will cause it to have a greater proportionate interest in investments made (and expenses incurred) than would be the case absent such Management Fee arrangement. In addition, the limited partners can be expected to also be limited partners in other investment funds sponsored or managed by Blackstone, including supplemental capital vehicles and co-investment vehicles that may invest alongside the Funds in one or more investments of the Funds, which could create conflicts for BPIA in the treatment of different limited partners. In addition, certain limited partners can be expected to also be limited partners in Other Blackstone Clients, including supplemental capital vehicles and co-investment vehicles that invest alongside the Funds in one or more investments, which will create conflicts for BPIA in the treatment of different limited partners. The limited partners can be expected to also include affiliates of Blackstone, such as Other Blackstone Clients (including Strategic Partners, via a primary investment or secondary acquisition), affiliates of Portfolio Entities of the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients or charities, foundations or other entities or programs associated with Blackstone, personnel, founders, entrepreneurs, executives and/or its current or former Blackstone personnel, Blackstone's senior advisors, and any such affiliates, which funds or persons can be expected to also invest in the Funds or through the vehicles established in connection with Blackstone's side-by-side co-investment rights, in each case, without being subject to Management Fees, carried interest or other performance-based compensation (or otherwise on more favorable terms, including not bearing in-house administrative, accounting, legal and/or technology-related expenses notwithstanding that such expenses are charged to the Funds), and the limited partners will not be afforded the benefits of such arrangements. Some of the foregoing Blackstone-related parties are sponsors of feeder vehicles that could invest in the Funds. The Blackstone-related sponsors of feeder vehicles generally charge their investors additional fees, including performance-based fees, which could provide Blackstone current income and increase the value of its ownership position in them. Blackstone will therefore have incentives to refer potential investors to these feeder vehicles. All of these Blackstone-related investors will have equivalent rights to vote and withhold consents (if applicable) as non-related investors in the Funds, unless otherwise provided by the terms of the applicable governing agreements. Nonetheless, Blackstone could have the ability to influence, directly or indirectly, these Blackstone related investors. It is also possible that the Funds or the Funds' Portfolio Entities will, in certain circumstances, be counterparties (such counterparties dealt with on an arm's-length basis) or participants in agreements, transactions

or other arrangements with the investors in the Funds or their affiliates (which may occur in connection with such investors or affiliates subscribing to or making a capital commitment to the Funds or Other Blackstone Clients), including with respect to one or more investments (or types of investments). Such arrangements may take the form of direct transactions with a limited partner or its affiliates and/or may include indirect transactions and arrangements with other counterparties in which such limited partner or its affiliates hold an interest (whether minority or controlling.) Such transactions may include agreements to pay performance fees to the management team and other related persons in connection with the Funds' investment therein, which will reduce the Funds' returns and will not necessarily be subordinated to the return of the limited partners' capital contributions. Such investors described in the previous sentences can be expected to therefore have different information about Blackstone and the Funds than the limited partners and other investors not similarly positioned. In addition, conflicts of interest will, in certain circumstances, arise in dealings with any such investors, and BPIA could be motivated to enter into agreements, transactions or arrangements with the limited partners or their affiliates in order to secure investments or capital commitments from investors in a Fund or Other Blackstone Clients and could otherwise be motivated by factors other than the interests of the Funds. (See also "—Other Blackstone Business Activities" herein.) Moreover, there is an increasing trend in the private equity industry of fund sponsors offering liquidity to investors in existing funds through a structured secondary process where purchasing investors would, as a condition to participating in such purchase from existing investors, also make a commitment to a new fund being raised. Blackstone could be incentivized to engage in such a process for one or more of its existing Funds (or any investments therein) to the extent doing so could be expected to improve Blackstone's ability to raise a successor fund to the Funds and to form and attract capital to existing or future Other Blackstone Clients (e.g., by securing an agreement from the purchasing investors participating in the process to make commitments to such funds or, more generally, by positively impacting the performance information for the relevant Funds that is presented to prospective investors in Blackstone fundraise materials). In addition, not all investors monitor their investments in vehicles such as the Funds in the same manner. For example, certain other investors in the BPIA program can be expected to periodically request from BPIA information regarding the Funds and/or their Portfolio Entities and investments (and the BPIA program) that is not otherwise included in the reporting and other information delivered to all investors—for instance, pre-quarterly reporting valuation. In such circumstances, BPIA may provide such information to such Fund investors and not to other Fund investors and BPIA will not be obligated to affirmatively provide such information to all Fund investors simply because it has provided such information to certain Fund investors upon their request. In addition, certain Fund investors can be expected to be joint venture partners with or co-investors alongside the Funds in one or more investments, which status may include rights (such as voting or observer seats on the board of directors of a Portfolio Entity) that provide such Fund investors with

information about such investment that will not be made available generally to all Fund investors. As a result, certain investors can be expected to receive more information from BPIA about the BPIA program, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, or can be expected to receive information about the Funds, the BPIA program and their Portfolio Entities at an earlier time, than the limited partners, and BPIA will have no duty to ensure the limited partners receive the same information regarding the BPIA program, the Funds and Portfolio Entities. Therefore, certain investors can be expected to be able to take actions on the basis of such information which, in the absence of such information, the limited partners do not take. Furthermore, at certain times Blackstone will, in certain circumstances, be restricted from disclosing to the limited partners material non-public information regarding any assets in which the Funds invest, particularly those investments in which an Other Blackstone Client or Portfolio Entity that is publicly registered co-invests with the Funds. In addition, investment banks or other financial institutions, as well as Blackstone personnel, can be expected to also be Fund limited partners or limited partners of Other Blackstone Clients. These institutions and personnel are a potential source of information and ideas that could benefit the Funds and can be expected to receive information about the Funds and their Portfolio Entities in their capacity as a service provider or vendor to the Funds and their Portfolio Entities.

In addition, it is also expected that Blackstone will from time to time confirm factual matters to incoming investors in the Funds, make statements of intent or expectation to such investors or acknowledge statements by such incoming investors that relate to the Funds and/or Blackstone's activities pertaining thereto in one or more respects. In addition, Blackstone may from time to time agree to certain matters relating to knowledge transfer and/or secondments with one or more investors as part of an overall firm relationship. Any such statements, confirmations, agreements or acknowledgements, including those made in response to an investor's due diligence requests, will not involve the granting of any legal right or benefit, and the limited partners generally will as a result not typically receive notice of any such confirmation, statements or acknowledgements or copies of the documentation (if any) in which they are contained. There can be no assurance that any such arrangements will not have an adverse effect on the Funds or that such arrangements will not influence Blackstone's activities or the operations of the Funds.

Further, Limited Partners with different domiciles or tax categorizations could receive different investment returns or amounts of tax basis and/or pay different levels of expenses, e.g., based on tax savings or ownership of alternative investment vehicle, "blocker" or other structures used to facilitate their investments in, through or below the Funds.

Affiliated Investors. Certain investors in the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, including current and/or former senior advisors, officers, directors, personnel and/or other key

advisors/relationships (including operating partners, executives, founders and entrepreneurs and personnel of Blackstone, Portfolio Entities of the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, including the BTAS Funds and Blackstone Credit and Insurance Funds, personnel of PJT and charitable programs, endowment funds and related entities established by or associated with any of the foregoing (including any trusts, family members, family investment vehicles, estate planning vehicles, descendant, trusts and other related persons or entities), and other persons related to Blackstone), could receive preferential terms in connection with their investment in or alongside (including through Blackstone's side-by-side investment program, as further described below) a Fund, to the extent permitted by applicable law and the Fund's Organizational Documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, such investors will either directly pay for their pro rata share of certain Fund expenses (to the extent applicable to a Fund), or the pro rata amount of such expenses will be allocated to BPIA or its affiliates. Such pro rata allocation of Fund expenses will, in certain circumstances, be calculated based on net asset value, capital commitments, invested capital, available capital or other metrics as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion. Any such methodology (including the choice thereof) involves inherent conflicts and will, in certain circumstances, not result in perfect attribution and allocation of expenses. In addition, to the extent current and/or former partners, employees, advisors and other persons referred to above, including their charitable programs, endowment funds, estate planning vehicles (including any trusts, family members, family investment vehicles, descendant, trusts and other related persons and entities) and related entities, make capital commitments and/or otherwise invest in or alongside the Funds, any such amounts may, in the General Partner's sole discretion, be treated as satisfying the applicable portion of any required investment or capital commitment of the General Partner and/or its affiliates to the Funds (even in circumstances where any such commitments or investments are made following a separation from Blackstone). Specific examples of such preferential terms received by certain affiliated limited partners may include, among others, waiver of the Management Fee, Administration Fee and/or performance-based compensation. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of an affiliated limited partner that is an Other Blackstone Client with its own underlying investors, such underlying investors are generally subject to carried interest and/or management fees in connection with their investment in such Other Blackstone Client. In addition, by virtue of their affiliation with Blackstone and its affiliates, affiliated investors will have more information about a Fund and Investments than other investors and will have access to information (including, but not limited to, valuation reports) in advance of communication to other investors. As a result, such affiliated investors will be able to take actions on the basis of such information which, in the absence of such information, other investors do not take. Finally, to the extent affiliated Investors submit redemption requests in respect of their interests in a Fund, if applicable, conflicts of interest will arise and BPIA's affiliation with such investors could influence the BPIA's determination to exercise its discretion (subject to the Organizational Documents) whether to satisfy, reject or

limit any such requested redemption within the quarter in which such request is received. Additionally, in the case of an investor that is an Other Blackstone Client with its own underlying investors, such underlying investors could have received preferential or different terms in connection with their investment in such Other Blackstone Client (including, but not limited to, liquidity rights) as compared to the other investors. While such affiliated investors and/or BPIA will seek to adopt policies and procedures to address such conflicts of interest, there can be no assurance that the conflicts of interest described above will be resolved in favor of the Funds or other investors.

The Limited Partners' Outside Activities. The limited partners shall be entitled to and can be expected to have business interests and engage in activities in addition to those relating to the Funds, including business interests and activities in direct competition with the Funds and their Portfolio Entities, and may engage in transactions with, and provide services to, the Funds or their Portfolio Entities (which will, in certain circumstances, include providing leverage or other financing to the Funds or their Portfolio Entities as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion). None of the Funds, the limited partners or any other person shall have any rights by virtue of the Organizational Documents or any related agreements in any business ventures of any limited partner. The limited partners, and in certain cases BPIA, will have conflicting loyalties in these situations.

Credit Facilities. Certain Funds have entered into and utilized, or are expected to enter into and utilize one or more subscription (if applicable) and/or net asset value credit facilities, which involve potential conflicts of interest. Subject to the limitations in the Organizational Documents, the use of a subscription (if applicable) and/or net asset value credit facility by a Fund is within BPIA's discretion and can be utilized, among other things, to cover organizational and offering expenses and Fund expenses, which use will incur interest expenses and fees calculated based on available, unused capacity under such facility, each of which can be significant. Leverage incurred by entities other than the Funds (including a facility collateralized or otherwise secured by the Funds' holdings in multiple or all investments, whether through wholly-owned subsidiaries and/or through special purpose vehicles formed by the Funds to make or hold such Investments and/or to serve as a borrower under an asset-backed facility for the Funds) do not count towards the limitations on borrowing or guarantees by the Funds set forth in the Organizational Documents. Subject to the limitations set forth in the Organizational Documents and the availability and the terms of any such credit facility for a Fund, BPIA has adopted a policy relating to the use of fund-level credit facilities as well as for net asset value credit facilities for the Funds and may update or adopt from time to time policies or guidelines relating to the use of such credit facilities. Generally and without limiting the foregoing, a Fund can be expected to seek to utilize a subscription credit facility (if applicable) and/or net asset value credit facility (in lieu of capital calls, in the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable)) for the purpose of, among other

things, financing any Investment-related activities of a Fund (such as for assets that a Fund does not intend to hold for a long-term period or for an acquisition), covering Fund expenses, including organizational and offering expenses, Management Fees, Administration Fees, servicing fees and any other costs of a Fund, funding repurchases, making distributions to partners (to the extent permitted under the Organizational Documents), support margin loan liquidity, ongoing portfolio maintenance and asset disposition expenses, providing permanent financing or refinancing or providing interim financing to consummate the purchase of investments or repayment of a subscription credit facility (if applicable) used by the Funds with proceeds from a net asset value credit facility used by the Funds. Net asset value credit facilities can generally be expected to be used for longer term borrowing needs within the term of the facility (including for any purpose described in the preceding sentence) and may also be used in connection with a liquidity event and/or to supplement a subscription credit facility (if applicable) for liquidity needs. Such borrowings by the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities under any credit facility also increases the Funds/Other Blackstone Clients' leverage without any corresponding acquisition of assets.

In the case of any closed-end Funds (if applicable), it would be expected that such Funds likely will generally call capital from the Funds' limited partners at least annually (including for any investments outstanding at least six months), subject to the Organizational Documents and the unused amount remaining under the credit facilities. Capital calls will be utilized to repay the credit facility borrowings until capacity is available. In addition, BPIA could adopt guidelines for the longer-term use (i.e., greater than one year) of the credit facilities. This longer-term fund-level financing would typically be used (a) for investments that have a longer lead time to generate cash flow or to acquire assets, (b) for investments that require capital to fund operations, including operating expenses prior to developing sufficient scale to self-fund or generate enterprise value and new initiatives or products, (c) for investments where cash is retained in the business to fund activity that results in incremental growth and/or returns for the investment, (d) to fund in local currencies, including to provide natural hedging for non-U.S. dollar investments or to make margin payments as necessary under currency hedging arrangements and (e) when BPIA otherwise determines that it is in the best interests of the Funds or otherwise appropriate under the circumstances. Net asset value credit facilities are expected to be supported by near term cash flow to repay the borrowings, with a liquidity event generally expected within the term of the facility. The General Partner could be incentivized to cause a Fund or Portfolio Entities to borrow (whether from such Fund's subscription credit facility (if applicable) or otherwise) for distributions as it will result in the General Partner receiving performance-based compensation earlier than it would otherwise. Such borrowings by the Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients or Portfolio Entities under any subscription credit facility also increases their leverage without any corresponding acquisition of assets.

In the case of any closed-end Funds (if applicable), the amount of credit available to such Funds and Other Blackstone Clients under any subscription credit facility may be determined by the credit quality of the limited partners and the limited partners of the Other Blackstone Clients (including co-investment vehicles) party thereto (collectively, "Credit Party LPs") as determined by the lender (and the lender could determine that certain investors or Other Blackstone Clients have little or no credit quality) whereas the amount of credit available under a net asset value credit facility is tied to the creditworthiness of the underlying assets pledged to such facility. Moreover, the credit quality of the Credit Party LPs could be negatively impacted (or disregarded completely by a lender) as a result of contractual agreements between the Credit Party LPs and Blackstone (in a side letter for example). For this reason, Credit Party LPs with a higher credit quality, as determined by the lender, generate more credit for the Funds or the Other Blackstone Clients, as applicable, than Credit Party LPs with a lower credit quality, which results in an indirect benefit conferred by the higher credit quality Credit Party LPs to the others. The amount of credit available to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients under a net asset value credit facility is tied to the value of the underlying assets pledged to such facility. While BPJA expects to generally utilize credit facilities for the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients in a consistent manner, the use of such credit facilities could differ based on available credit facility capacity and the contractual terms applicable to each Fund and Other Blackstone Clients and such credit facilities, among other factors, and the credit facility used by the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients could differ. Therefore, as the credit facilities utilized by the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients have different terms, such as with respect to hedging, currency limitations and interest rates, while the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients could be invested in the same investment, and while the valuation of such investment would be consistently determined pursuant to the relevant Organizational Documents, the investment return can, in certain circumstances, differ among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients as a result.

Calculations of net and gross internal rates of return ("IRRs") in respect of investments and performance data as reported to limited partners from time to time, are based on the timing of investment inflows and outflows received or made by the Funds as further described in the next sentence. In respect of investment and performance data referred to as reported to limited partners from time to time, (a) for purposes of gross IRR calculations, (1) cash outflows are calculated when capital is invested by the Funds, (2) cash inflows for investment realizations and current income are calculated upon receipt by the Funds and (3) cash inflows for unrealized investments are based on the fair value at the end of the period determined by Blackstone, and (b) for purposes of net IRR calculations, IRR is based on the due date and amount of capital contributions received from Fund investors, not the timing or amount of fund-level borrowings (such as the Funds' net asset value credit facilities or, if applicable to a closed-end Fund, a subscription line of credit). This treatment also applies in instances where a Fund utilizes borrowings under such credit facilities in lieu, or in advance, of receiving capital contributions

from Fund investors to repay any such borrowings. Additionally, use of a credit facility present conflicts of interest as a result of certain factors and the General Partners could make distributions prior to the repayment of outstanding borrowings. Use of a subscription credit facility (if applicable) (or other long-term leverage, including a net asset value credit facility) will impact calculations of returns and will typically result in a higher reported IRR than if the amounts borrowed had instead been funded through capital contributions made by the limited partners to the Funds. If the use increases the IRR, as it normally does where an Investment increased in value, BPIA will have various incentives to use the subscription credit facility, including marketing efforts of future funds and Other Blackstone Clients. For example, in the event the interest rate on borrowings is lower than the hurdle rate, use of leverage arrangements can be expected to accelerate or increase distributions of performance-based compensation to BPIA, providing an economic incentive to fund investments of the Funds through long-term borrowings in lieu of capital contributions. In addition, BPIA can be expected to receive a greater amount of Management Fees and servicing fees by utilizing borrowings under the facility in lieu of a combination of limited partners' capital and non-recourse financing for investments of the Funds that remain outstanding. Moreover, the costs and expenses of any such borrowings will generally be allocated among the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, as applicable, and any parallel funds *pro rata* or, subject to applicable law, on such other basis that the General Partners determine to be more equitable under the circumstances, which will increase the expenses borne by the limited partners and would be expected to diminish net cash on cash returns. In addition, for investments in U.S. corporations by U.S. tax exempt limited partners, there could be incremental tax costs related to so called unrelated business taxable income (i.e., UBTI).

The Funds can be expected to utilize their subscription and/or net asset value credit facilities and enter into other similar arrangements, financings and extensions of credit for the benefit of co-investors, joint venture partners and Other Blackstone Clients, including vehicles participating in Blackstone side-by-side co-investment rights, which invest alongside the Funds in one or more investments. For example, the Funds can be expected to borrow to fund a joint venture partner's, co-investor's, or Other Blackstone Client's *pro rata* share of an investment or expense related to an investment. In such circumstances, BPIA generally intends to disclose such arrangements as part of the periodic reporting or other appropriate communications relating to the Funds and to cause any such other co-investor to bear (or reimburse the Funds for) their *pro rata* share of any interest expenses (but not necessarily origination and other costs) allocable to such extensions of credit. However, any such co-investors, joint venture partners and Other Blackstone Clients, although they benefit from the Funds' subscription and/or net asset value credit facilities, will generally not bear any portion of the costs of establishing and maintaining such credit facilities, which will be borne entirely by the Funds. Additionally, conflicts of interest also have the potential to arise to the extent that a subscription credit facility is used by a Fund to make an investment that is later sold in part to another Fund, joint venture partners, co-investors or Other

Blackstone Clients, as to the extent the other Funds, joint venture partners, co-investors or Other Blackstone Clients (as applicable) are not required to act as guarantors under the relevant facility or pay related costs or expenses, such parties nevertheless stand to receive the benefit of the use of the subscription credit facility (or other financing) and neither the relevant Fund nor investors generally will be compensated for providing the relevant guarantee(s) or being subject to the related costs, expenses and/or liabilities. BPIA will, in certain circumstances, receive direct and indirect benefits from such uses as well, including as a result of the facilitation of co-investment by other Funds and Other Blackstone Clients. The Funds will bear interest expenses and other expenses incurred in relation to the line of credit.

The Funds' use of credit facilities will be used and managed in the manner described above independently from any Other Blackstone Client's use of credit facilities (and the contractual restrictions applicable to such Other Blackstone Clients and other credit facilities could be more or less favorable than those of the Funds), even when the same credit facility is being utilized and/or investments are shared between the Funds and an Other Blackstone Client, which could result in different expenses related to borrowings and investment IRRs reported by multiple Blackstone funds for the same investment.

Failure to Make Payments. In the case of any closed-end Fund (if applicable), if a limited partner fails to pay when due installments of its capital commitment to a Fund or its portion of Management Fees, organizational expenses or any amount otherwise due under the Organizational Documents, and the contributions and / or payments made by non-defaulting limited partners and borrowings by such Fund are inadequate to cover the defaulted capital contributions or other payments, such Fund could be unable to pay its obligations when due. As a result, such Fund could be subjected to significant penalties that could materially adversely affect the returns to the limited partners (including non-defaulting limited partners). If a limited partner defaults, such limited partner could be subject to various remedies as provided in the Organizational Documents, including, without limitation, reductions in its capital account balance and percentage interest, a forced sale of its interest in a Fund at a discount and preclusion from participation in any further investments made by such Fund. A default by a limited partner could also limit a Fund's ability to incur borrowings and avail itself of what would otherwise have been available credit. The General Partners may, subject to certain limitations, require an additional funding of capital contributions from the non-defaulting limited partners to fund the shortfall caused by the defaulting limited partner(s). A default by a limited partner could also limit a Fund's availability to incur borrowings and avail itself of what would otherwise have been available credit.

Insurance. The Funds have purchased or borne and will continue to purchase or bear premiums, fees, costs and expenses (including any expenses or fees of insurance brokers) to insure the

Funds, Portfolio Entities, BPIA, Blackstone and their respective directors, officers, employees, agents, Independent Client Representative (if any) and representatives, or a board of directors or the independent directors of the Funds (as applicable) and other indemnified parties (and in certain circumstances, such person's agents and representatives) against liability in connection with the activities of the Funds. This includes a portion of any premiums, fees, costs and expenses for one or more "umbrella," group or other insurance policies maintained by Blackstone that cover one or more of the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA and/or Blackstone (including their respective directors, officers, employees, agents, Independent Client Representative (if any), representatives, members of any limited partner advisory committees or board of directors and/or the independent directors, or any limited partner representatives and other indemnified parties (as applicable)). BPIA will make judgments about the allocation of premiums, fees, costs and expenses for such "umbrella", group or other insurance policies among the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA and/or Blackstone on a fair and reasonable basis, in their sole discretion, and could make corrective allocations should it determine subsequently that such corrections are necessary or advisable.

Similarly, the Funds and their Portfolio Entities may enter into arrangements with Other Blackstone Clients and their respective Portfolio Entities whereby insurance is procured as a group where the insurance provider may charge lower premiums to the group than it would on an individual basis. In such event, the obligation to pay the premiums on such group policies may be allocated in accordance with the relative values of the respective entities that are insured by such policies (or other factors that Blackstone can be expected to reasonably determine). Additionally, the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients (and their respective Portfolio Entities) will, in certain circumstances, jointly contribute to a pool of funds that can be expected to be used to pay losses that are subject to the deductibles on any group insurance policies, which contributions may similarly be allocated in accordance with the relative values of the respective assets that are insured by such policies (or other factors that Blackstone can be expected to reasonably determine). (See also "—Service Providers, Vendors and Other Counterparties Generally" and "—Group Procurement; Discounts" herein.)

In respect of such insurance arrangement, Blackstone can be expected to make corrective allocations from time to time should it determine subsequently that such adjustments are necessary or advisable. There can be no assurance that a different allocation or arrangement than those implemented by Blackstone as provided above would not result in the Funds and their Portfolio Entities bearing less (or more) premiums, deductibles, fees, costs and expenses for insurance policies.

Indemnification. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Funds will be required to indemnify BPIA, its affiliates, and each of their respective members, officers, directors,

employees, agents, partners, and certain other persons who serve at the request of BPIA on behalf of the Funds for liabilities incurred in connection with the affairs of the Funds. Where a Fund has a board of directors, the members of the board of directors could also be entitled to the benefit of certain indemnification and exculpation provisions as set forth in the Organizational Documents. Such liabilities could be material and have an adverse effect on the returns of Fund investors. For example, in their capacity as directors of Portfolio Entities, the partners, managers, or affiliates of BPIA could be subject to derivative or other similar claims brought by security holders of such entities. The indemnification obligation of the Funds would be payable from the assets of the Funds. Because BPIA may cause the Funds to advance the costs and expenses of an indemnitee pending the outcome of the particular matter (including determination as to whether or not the person was entitled to indemnification or engaged in conduct that negated such person's entitlement to indemnification), there could be periods in which the Funds advance expenses to an individual or entity not aligned with or adverse to the Funds. Moreover, BPIA will, notwithstanding any actual or perceived conflict of interest, be the beneficiary of any decision by it to provide indemnification (including advancement of expenses). This could be the case even with respect to settlement of claims arising out of alleged conduct that would disqualify any such person from indemnification and exculpation if BPIA (and/or its legal counsel) determined that such disqualifying conduct occurred.

With respect to indemnification and exculpation, prospective investors in the Funds should note that the Organizational Documents contain provisions that could modify and replace the duties, including fiduciary and other duties, to the Funds and the limited partners to which BPIA may otherwise be subject, authorize and permit conduct on the part of BPIA that might not otherwise be permitted pursuant to such duties, and limit the remedies of limited partners with respect to breaches of such duties, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by law. For example, whereas ordinarily a general partner of a limited partnership may owe a duty of care equivalent to a "negligence" standard, the Organizational Documents may provide that the General Partners and other indemnitees will not be liable unless they act with "gross negligence." Similarly, whereas a general partner of a limited partnership owes a general duty of loyalty to the limited partnership and its limited partners, the Organizational Documents may provide that the General Partners are permitted (and shall be deemed to have fulfilled all duties) to take certain actions, even where they may be "interested," in any manner so long as it is not prohibited by the Organizational Documents (and with respect to any matter not specifically contemplated by the Organizational Documents, the General Partners will be permitted (and shall be deemed to have fulfilled all duties) to take any such action, even if they are "interested," so long as they subjectively believe that such action will not cause material harm to the Funds). In that regard, BPIA will be required to comply with the Organizational Documents and will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, not be subject to any different standards imposed by the Delaware Limited Partnership Act or under any other law, rule or regulation or in equity, regardless of BPIA's own

financial interest in the outcome. The effect of these and related provisions of the Organizational Documents is that in so long as the General Partners have acted in accordance with the Organizational Documents (without regard to any reference to “fiduciary duty” therein, and it being understood that references to “good faith” in the Organizational Documents refer to subjective good faith), the action will, even if the General Partners would otherwise be conflicted because of an interest in the matter, be conclusively deemed to be fair and reasonable and not a breach by the General Partners of any duties they may owe; provided, that, nothing herein or in the Organizational Documents is intended to constitute a waiver, in the case of a limited partner, of any non-waivable right of such limited partner under applicable law (including under U.S. federal securities laws), and in the case of the General Partners and their affiliates, of any such persons’ non-waivable duties under applicable law (including under the U.S. federal securities laws). This is different from a situation with a general partner of a limited partnership operating under common law or default rules, where, for example, involvement of independent parties may, in certain circumstances, merely shift the burden of demonstrating unfairness to a limited partner plaintiff. This includes matters regarding conflicts which are approved by the board of directors of a Fund, wherein the approval of such board of directors will be binding on all limited partners. It should be noted that BPIA may cause a Fund to purchase insurance to cover indemnified parties. Indemnification obligations will survive the Funds’ dissolution. There is no guarantee that any insurance carried by BPIA or the Funds will be available to satisfy losses for which such Funds may be required to provide indemnification and potential insurance claims will not delay the availability of the advances provided to indemnified persons under the Organizational Documents.

Captive Insurance; Gryphon. The Funds and Other Blackstone Clients (and their portfolio entities) will also, in certain circumstances (including with respect to property insurance and terrorism insurance), self-insure through Gryphon Mutual Insurance Company (“Gryphon”), a captive insurance company (“Captive”), owned entirely by its participants (including the Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients). A Blackstone affiliate provides oversight of Captive’s management, sits on the boards of Captive’s cells, provides a guarantee for a letter of credit to help capitalize Captive and receives a fee based on a percentage of the premiums (subject to the benchmarking process described above), and a third-party insurance services firm will provide brokerage, administration and insurer management services to Captive. The fees and expenses of Captive, including insurance premiums and fees paid to its manager, will be borne by the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients pro rata based on estimates of insurance premiums that would have been payable for each party’s respective properties, as benchmarked by third parties, and will be paid by each participant annually. While the Funds do not expect to provide any funding in addition to such annual contribution, it is possible that each member of Captive, including a Fund, is required to make additional capital contributions in certain circumstances. This arrangement is expected to provide the Funds with greater control over its property insurance and terrorism

insurance programs and reduce overall costs of insurance through lower premiums and reduction or elimination of insurance brokerage costs. A Fund could, however, be negatively affected to the extent there are disproportionate losses incurred on properties held by other Funds and/or Other Blackstone Clients participating in Captive, including through increased future premiums or the lost ability to recoup capital contributions, and there can be no assurance that the arrangement will not result in under- or over-allocation of costs to the Funds relative to Other Blackstone Clients or that different allocations or arrangements than those provided above would not result in the Funds and their Portfolio Entities bearing less (or more) premiums, deductibles, fees, costs and expenses for insurance policies. Gryphon currently engages, and is expected to continue to engage, Revantage to provide corporate support services in respect of Gryphon's activities (including assisting with Captive structuring, related insurance placement and oversight and administration of claims). In connection therewith, Revantage is expected to earn commissions for such services related to the Gryphon property program placement, terrorism insurance, casualty program and other lines of coverage and may earn additional commissions during each such policy year. Such commissions will initially be used to offset costs of Captive (which may include fees to Blackstone and allocated costs associated with Revantage's account payroll, professional services, travel and entertainment, employee development, technology costs and facilities and office services), with any excess funds being returned to or used for the benefit of participating funds in a reasonable manner, which may include reserving for (or advance payment of) additional anticipated costs or direct reimbursement in accordance with a reasonable allocation. Any such services and fees are in addition to the services provided and fees received by Blackstone and will not result in any offset to the Management Fees payable by limited partners, notwithstanding that Revantage is owned by certain Other Blackstone Clients. (See also "—Portfolio Entity Service Providers and Vendors" and "—Group Procurement; Discounts" herein.)

Sustainability Framework Risk. Blackstone has established a firm-wide sustainability ("Sustainability") policy and related programs and procedures, including its Sustainability investing policy and certain Fund-specific Sustainability practices (collectively, the "Sustainability Framework"), which outlines its approach to integrating the considerations of Sustainability factors, as applicable, in its business and investment activities. BPIA intends to apply the Sustainability Framework, as applicable, across the Funds' investment portfolio, consistent with and subject to its fiduciary duties and applicable legal, regulatory or contractual requirements. Depending on the investment, the impact of developments connected with Sustainability factors, including GHG emissions, energy management, human rights, community relations, workforce health and safety, and business ethics and transparency, could have a material effect on the return and risk profile of the investment. Any reference herein to environmental or social considerations is not intended to qualify BPIA's duty to seek to maximize risk-adjusted returns on investments. BPIA will endeavor to consider "material" Sustainability factors (materiality in

this context is defined as those Sustainability factors that BPIA determines have – or have the potential to have – a material impact on an investment’s going-forward ability to create, preserve or erode economic value of that organization and its partners) where applicable in connection with the Funds’ investment activities in order to protect and maximize investment performance; however, the Sustainability Framework does not serve to modify the Funds’ investment objectives. The act of selecting and evaluating material Sustainability factors is subjective by nature, and there is no guarantee that the criteria utilized or judgment exercised by BPIA or a third-party Sustainability specialist will reflect the beliefs, values, internal policies or preferred practices of any particular investor or align with the beliefs or values or preferred practices of other asset managers or with market trends. Additionally, Sustainability factors are only some of the many factors that BPIA may consider in making an investment, and depending on the nature of the investment, to the extent required by law, Sustainability factors may not be considered for certain investments or assets. Although BPIA considers application of the Sustainability framework to be an opportunity to enhance or protect the performance of investments over the long-term, BPIA cannot guarantee that its Sustainability framework, which depends in part on qualitative judgments, will positively impact the financial, climate or Sustainability performance of any individual Portfolio Entity or Fund as a whole. Similarly, to the extent BPIA or a third-party Sustainability specialist engages with Portfolio Entities on Sustainability-related practices and potential enhancements thereto, there is no guarantee that such engagements will improve the financial or Sustainability-related performance of the investment. Successful engagement efforts on a Fund’s part will depend on its ability to properly identify and analyze material Sustainability, impact metrics and other factors and their value, and there can be no assurance that the strategy or techniques employed will be successful.

The materiality of Sustainability risks and impacts on an individual asset or issuer and on a portfolio as a whole depends on many factors, including the relevant industry, country, asset class and investment style. In evaluating a prospective investment or providing reporting regarding such investment, BPIA often depends upon (and will not independently verify) information and data provided by the entity or obtained via third-party reporting or advisors, which could be incomplete or inaccurate and could cause BPIA to incorrectly identify, prioritize, assess or analyze the entity’s Sustainability practices and/or related risks and opportunities. BPIA may decide in its discretion not to utilize certain information or data. While BPIA believes such sources to be reliable, it will neither update any such information or data nor undertake an independent review of any such information or data provided by third parties. Any Sustainability reporting will be provided in BPIA’s sole discretion. To the extent that BPIA provides material Sustainability reports to investors, such reports will be based on BPIA’s, or the applicable portfolio entity management team’s sole and subjective determination of whether a material Sustainability issue has occurred in respect of an investment.

In addition, BPIA in certain circumstances could determine in its discretion to revisit the implementation of certain of its Sustainability initiatives (including due to on cost, timing or other considerations). It is also possible that market dynamics or other factors will make it impractical, inadvisable or impossible for BPIA to adhere to all elements of a particular Fund's investment strategy, including with respect to Sustainability risk and opportunity management and impact, whether with respect to one or more individual investments or to the Fund's portfolio generally. Except as may be required under SFDR, (as applicable), Sustainability-related statements, initiatives and goals as described herein with respect to the Funds' investment strategy, investments and portfolio entities are aspirational and not guarantees or promises that all or any such initiatives and goals will be achieved.

Further, Sustainability integration and responsible investing practices as a whole are evolving rapidly and there are different frameworks and methodologies being implemented by other asset managers. For example, BPIA's Sustainability framework does not represent a universally recognized standard for assessing Sustainability considerations. BPIA is currently a signatory to the United Nations' Principles for Responsible Investment, a supporter of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures and the Task Force on Nature-related Financial Disclosures, and a member of Ceres Investor Network and the Sustainable Markets Initiative. These initiatives may not align with the approach used by other asset managers or preferred by prospective investors or with future market trends. There is no guarantee that BPIA will remain a signatory, supporter or member of these initiatives or other similar industry frameworks.

Finally, there is also growing regulatory interest, particularly in the U.S., UK, and EU (which may be looked to as models in growth markets), in improving transparency around how asset managers define and measure Sustainability performance, in order to allow investors to validate and better understand sustainability claims. BPIA's Sustainability framework and the Funds generally are subject to evolving regulations and could become subject to additional regulation in the future. BPIA cannot guarantee that its current approach will meet future regulatory requirements.

In addition, anti-ESG sentiment has gained momentum across the U.S., with several states and Congress having proposed or enacted "anti-ESG" policies, legislation or initiatives or issued related legal opinions. Additionally, asset managers have been subject to recent scrutiny related to ESG-focused industry working groups, initiatives, and associations, including organizations advancing action to address climate change or climate-related risk. Further, the Supreme Court's recent ruling striking down of race-based affirmative action in higher education admissions has increased scrutiny of corporate diversity, equity and inclusion ("DEI") practices. Some conservative groups and Republican state attorneys general have begun to analogize the outcome of that case to private employment matters, asserting certain corporate DEI practices

are racially discriminatory and unlawful. Such anti-ESG and anti-DEI-related policies, legislation, initiatives, legal opinions and scrutiny could expose Blackstone to the risk of investigations or challenges and enforcement by state or federal authorities, result in penalties and reputational harm and require certain investors to divest or discourage certain investors from investing in Blackstone's funds. Blackstone's Sustainability Framework and BPIA could become subject to additional regulations, penalties and/or risks of regulatory scrutiny and enforcement in the future.

BPIA can be expected to be subject to increasing scrutiny from regulators, elected officials, and investors with respect to Sustainability matters. In recent years, certain investors, including public pension funds, have placed increasing importance on the impacts of investments made by the private funds to which they commit capital, including with respect to climate change, among other aspects of Sustainability. Conversely, certain investors have raised concerns as to whether the incorporation of Sustainability factors in the investment and portfolio management process is inconsistent with the fiduciary duty to maximize returns for investors. BPIA can expect to be subject to competing demands from different groups with divergent views on Sustainability matters, including the role of Sustainability in the investment process. Investors could decide to not invest in the Funds based on their assessment of how Blackstone approaches and considers the Sustainability cost of investments and whether the return-driven objectives of Blackstone's funds align with their Sustainability priorities. This divergence increases the risk that any action or lack thereof with respect to Sustainability matters will be perceived negatively by at least some investors and/or interested parties and adversely impact BPIA's reputation and business.

Regulatory initiatives to require investors to make disclosures to their investors regarding Sustainability matters have become increasingly common, which will further increase the number and type of investors who place importance on these issues and who demand certain types of reporting from Blackstone or the General Partner. In addition, government authorities of certain U.S. states have requested information from and scrutinized certain asset managers with respect to whether such managers have adopted Sustainability policies that could restrict such asset managers from investing in certain industries or sectors, such as conventional energy. These authorities have indicated that such asset managers could lose opportunities to manage money belonging to these states and their pension funds to the extent the asset managers boycott certain industries. The SEC maintains an enforcement task force to examine Sustainability practices and disclosures by public companies and investment managers and identify inaccurate or misleading statements, often referred to as "greenwashing." The SEC has commenced enforcement actions against at least three investment advisers relating to Sustainability disclosures and policies and procedures failures, and Blackstone expects there will continue to be significant enforcement activity in this area. The SEC has also proposed Sustainability -related rules for investment advisers and for 1940 Act funds that address, among

other things, enhanced Sustainability-related disclosure requirements concerning the incorporation of Sustainability factors in their investment activities. This will increase the risk that the BPIA could be perceived as, or accused of, greenwashing. Such perception or accusation could damage BPIA's reputation, result in litigation or regulatory actions, and adversely impact BPIA's ability to raise capital and attract new investors. Outside of the United States, the European regulatory environment for alternative investment fund managers and financial services firms can be expected to evolve and increase in complexity and make compliance more costly and time-consuming.

BPIA's Sustainability Framework is subject to evolving regulations and could in the future become subject to additional regulation, penalties and/or risks of regulatory scrutiny and enforcement. Compliance with new requirements will lead to increased management burdens and costs, which has the potential to adversely affect the Funds. BPIA cannot guarantee that its current approach (including the Sustainability policy) will meet future regulatory requirements (or future interpretations of existing requirements, some of which are unclear), reporting frameworks or best practices. If the SEC or any other governmental authority, regulatory agency or similar body were to take issue with past or future practices of Blackstone or BPIA and/or its affiliates, then BPI and/or such affiliates will be at risk for regulatory sanction, and any such investigations could be costly, distracting and/or time consuming for Blackstone, BPIA and the Funds. There is also risk of regulatory mismatch between U.S., EU and U.K. initiatives relating to Sustainability.

Further, Sustainability integration and responsible investing practices as a whole are evolving rapidly and there are different frameworks and methodologies being implemented by other asset managers. BPIA's Sustainability Framework does not represent a universally recognized standard for assessing Sustainability considerations and can be expected to not align with the approach used by other asset managers or preferred by prospective investors or with future market trends.

Additionally, Blackstone has established certain firm-wide and business group-specific Sustainability-related initiatives. Although the aim of these initiatives is to create strong returns for investors, the pursuit of these initiatives (which may include data collection, analysis and reporting, among other activities) will involve the dedication of time and resources and there is consequently a risk that the pursuit of these initiatives could result in the Funds performing differently than investment funds that do not have Sustainability-related initiatives. Further, except as required under applicable law, any Sustainability-related statements, and these Sustainability-related initiatives are aspirational and not guarantees or promises that all or any such initiatives will be achieved.

Progress Toward Sustainability Goals. BPIA has established, and will in the future establish, certain Sustainability goals. These goals are intended to maximize risk-adjusted returns. However, the pursuit of these goals will involve the dedication of time and resources that could

otherwise be allocated to other investment management activities and there is a risk that the pursuit of these goals could in fact be detrimental to risk-adjusted returns. The Sustainability performance of any individual investment cannot be guaranteed.

Climate Change Risk. While BPIA sees economic opportunities in climate change and carbon reduction, global climate change is widely considered to be a significant threat to the global economy. Investments of the Funds could face risks from the physical effects of climate change, such as risks posed by increasing frequency or severity of extreme weather events and rising sea levels and temperatures. Also, the performance of certain renewable energy assets, such as solar power generators, wind turbines, and hydropower assets, is dependent on weather conditions, which could shift as a result of global climate change. Climate change could cause more extreme weather conditions and increased volatility in seasonal temperatures, which can interfere with operations and increase operating costs. BPIA cannot rule out the possibility that climate risks, including changes in weather and climate patterns, could result in unanticipated delays or expenses and, under certain circumstances, could prevent completion of investment activities once undertaken, any of which could have a material adverse effect on an Investment or us. Damage resulting from extreme weather could be not fully insured.

Additionally, as consensus builds that global warming is a significant threat, initiatives seeking to address climate change through regulation of GHG emissions have been adopted by, are pending or have been proposed before international and regional regulatory authorities around the world. More specifically, the Paris Agreement and other initiatives by international, federal, state and local policymakers and regulatory authorities as well as private actors seeking to reduce or mitigate the effects of GHG emissions could expose certain assets to so-called “transition risks” in addition to physical risks, such as: (a) political and policy risks (e.g., changing regulatory incentives and legal requirements, including with respect to GHG emissions, that could result in increased costs or changes in business operations); (b) regulatory and litigation risks (e.g., changing legal requirements that could result in increased permitting and compliance costs, changes in business operations, or the discontinuance of certain operations, and litigation seeking monetary or injunctive relief related to climate impacts); (c) technology and market risks (e.g., declining market for products and services seen as GHG intensive or less effective than alternatives in reducing GHG emissions) and (d) reputational risks (e.g., risks tied to changing customer or community perceptions of an asset’s relative contribution to GHG emissions).

Many industries (e.g., manufacturing, electrical power generation, fuel production/distribution/storage, transportation and insurance) face various climate change risks, many of which could conceivably materially impact them. Such risks include (a) regulatory/litigation risk (e.g., changing legal requirements that could result in increased permitting and compliance costs, changes in business operations, the discontinuance of certain

operations and related litigation); (b) market risk (e.g., declining market for products and services seen as GHG intensive); and (c) physical risk (e.g., risks to plants or property owned, operated or insured by a company posed by rising sea levels, increased frequency or severity of storms, drought, wildfires and other physical occurrences attributable to climate change). These risks could result in unanticipated delays or expenses, especially for electricity, and, under certain circumstances, could prevent completion of investment activities once undertaken, any of which could have an adverse effect on us.

Sustainability Risks. Certain Funds could be deemed to fall within the scope of the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (“SFDR”). There is legal uncertainty around the parameters applicable when categorizing a financial product under SFDR, and there is no guarantee that regulators will agree with the relevant characterization. In circumstances where there is a determination that a Fund has been characterized incorrectly, there could be a risk of investigation, enforcement proceedings and/or sanctions. SFDR and certain supporting and related regulations are likely to be amended in the near to medium term and it is possible new guidance will also be issued by the European Banking Authority, the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority and the European Securities and Markets Authority either collectively or separately, and/or the European Commission. These factors and events have the potential to increase compliance and other costs which would be borne by a Fund. Compliance with frameworks of this nature will create an additional compliance burden and costs to funds and/or fund managers because of the need to collect certain information to meet the disclosure requirements.

SFDR defines “sustainability risks” as environmental, social or governance events or conditions that, if they occur, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of an investment. Blackstone, BPIA (or its delegate), the BXPE Fund Program, Portfolio Entities of the BXPE Fund Program, and other parties, such as service providers to the BXPE Fund Program or portfolio entity counterparties, may be negatively affected by sustainability risks. If appropriate for an investment, BPIA (or its delegate) may conduct sustainability risk-related due diligence and/or take steps to mitigate sustainability risks and preserve the value of the investment; however, there can be no assurance that all such risks will be mitigated in whole or in part, nor identified prior to the date the risk materializes. Blackstone, BPIA (or its delegate), the BXPE Fund Program, Portfolio Entities of the BXPE Fund Program, and other parties may maintain insurance to protect against certain sustainability risks, where available on reasonable commercial terms, although such insurance is subject to customary deductibles and coverage limits and may not be sufficient to recoup all losses. Sustainability risks may therefore adversely affect the performance of the BXPE Fund Program and investments of the Funds. The investments underlying the BXPE Fund Program do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Other Conflicts. In addition, other present and future activities of Blackstone, the BXPE Funds, Other Blackstone Clients and their Portfolio Entities, affiliates (including BPIA, the Dealer Manager and the BX AIFM) and related parties will from time to time give rise to additional conflicts of interest relating to the Funds and their investment activities. BPIA generally attempts to resolve conflicts in a fair and equitable manner, but conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the BXPE Funds' interests and there could be situations where the BXPE Fund, as a passive investor investing alongside or in an Other Blackstone Client, would not have the ability to mitigate such conflicts. In addition, pursuant to the Organizational Documents, with respect to any investment, the General Partner, on behalf of a BXPE Fund, is permitted to engage in any activity not expressly limited in the Organizational Documents so long as such BXPE Fund is investing alongside an Other Blackstone Client and such activity is permitted under the governing terms of such Other Blackstone Client. This could include, without limitation, relying on any advice, waiver or consent as to any conflict, or acting in accordance with the standards or procedures approved by the limited partner investor advisory committee of such Other Blackstone Client. In addition, the BXPE Fund could be "dragged along" in engaging activities that involve conflicts of interest without BPIA's approval.

In the case of an appointment of an Independent Client Representative as described herein and in the Organizational Documents, to the extent that the Independent Client Representative is to review a proposed transaction or other conflict, the Independent Client Representative shall consist of one or more persons with substantial experience in, and knowledge of, the relevant market and related investment arenas who are independent of the General Partners and Blackstone. The General Partners shall have the right to remove or replace an Independent Client Representative at any time or appoint more than one Independent Client Representative to address separate conflicts in its discretion. An Independent Client Representative may be paid a fee by a Fund to be determined by the General Partner. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, an Independent Client Representative shall not owe any fiduciary (or other similar) duty to a Fund, any limited partner or the limited partners as a group in connection with the activities of such Independent Client Representative, and an Independent Client Representative shall not have any obligation to act in the interests of the Funds, any limited partner, or the limited partners as a group or have any other duty to the Funds, any limited partner or the limited partners as a group other than a duty to act in good faith.

In addition, pursuant to the Organizational Documents, the board of directors or the independent directors (as applicable) will be authorized (or in the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), a limited partner advisory committee will be established and authorized) to give consent on behalf of the Funds with respect to certain matters as described more fully in such Organizational Documents, and in certain circumstances as provided in the Organizational Documents, Blackstone may retain or cause the Funds to retain an Independent Client

Representative to review and consent to certain transactions or matters presenting actual or potential conflicts of interest involving the Funds and one or more affiliates of Blackstone. In the case of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), the General Partners may allow one or more limited partners or investors in the Funds to appoint a non-voting observer to a limited partner advisory committee, to attend meetings of a limited partner advisory committee and to receive information and materials provided to the members of a limited partner advisory committee (subject to certain limitations and to the extent applicable). If a limited partner advisory committee (as applicable), board of directors or the independent directors (as applicable) or the Independent Client Representative (if any) consent(s) to a particular matter as to which it/they is/are consulted, and the General Partners act in a manner, or pursuant to the standards and procedures, approved by any board of directors, any independent directors, or an Independent Client Representative (as applicable) or otherwise as provided in the Organizational Documents, then the General Partners and their affiliates will not have any liability to the Funds or the limited partners for such actions taken in good faith by them. However, where a limited partner advisory committee is applicable, such limited partner advisory committee will not represent the interests of all the limited partners, each member of a limited partner advisory committee could act in the interests of the limited partners with which it is associated, and the members of a limited partner advisory committee could themselves be subject to various conflicts of interest. In general, the limited partners will not be entitled to form any limited partner advisory committee, to review the actions or deliberations of a limited partner advisory committee (if applicable) or control the selection of members thereof. Furthermore, some or all of the members of a limited partner advisory committee, the board of directors (including the independent directors) (each, as applicable) may also be on the advisory committee or board of directors (as applicable) of other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients with which there is a potential conflict or may represent investors that have an interest in both such other Funds or Other Blackstone Clients. Such limited partner advisory committee, board of directors or independent directors (as applicable) would generally not be precluded from participating in discussions with respect to, or from voting on, such transactions that involve actual or potential conflict of interests. As described in the Organizational Documents of certain closed-end Funds (if applicable), any member of a limited partner advisory committee representing a limited partner that is excused and/or excluded from participating in an investment or potential investment will not participate in any limited partner advisory committee consent (or meeting related thereto) relating to such investment and, accordingly, will be excluded when calculating the total number of members of a limited partner advisory committee for purposes of determining whether a majority of its members have consented to or approved such matter (to the extent applicable to such Fund).

In addition, other present and future activities of Blackstone and its affiliates (including BPIA) will from time to time give rise to additional conflicts of interest relating to the Funds and their investment activities. In the event that any such conflict of interest arises, Blackstone will attempt

to resolve such conflicts in a fair and equitable manner. With respect to certain transactions that give rise to material conflicts of interest between or among the Funds, Other Blackstone Clients, Blackstone and/or its affiliates where the interests of the Funds and one or more Other Blackstone Clients are generally aligned, BPIA may in its discretion (and to the extent applicable) seek approval for such material conflict of interests on behalf of such Funds and such Other Blackstone Clients (which, in certain circumstances, may include Other Blackstone Clients in which some or all of the investors therein are affiliates of Blackstone) as a whole (a “Collective Consent”). Such Collective Consent (to the extent applicable) will be effective upon the consent of a “majority in interest” of the investors participating or expected to participate in the applicable investment, determined based on the amounts invested or to be invested in such investment. In cases where different groups of investors have conflicting interests vis-à-vis each other, the Collective Consent of each group of investors sharing an alignment of interest, respectively, may be sought by BPIA and such Collective Consent will apply to all investors in such group. For purposes of the foregoing, the consent of a limited partner advisory committee, with respect to any Fund, or the consent of a similar limited partner advisory committee or limited partner representative, with respect to any Fund (or the consent by its board of directors or independent directors or Independent Client Representative, as applicable), will be deemed to relate to the entire amount invested or to be invested in the related investment by such Funds. Therefore, investors should be aware that (i) conflicts will not necessarily be resolved in favor of the Funds’ interests and (ii) the Funds’ investors will be deemed to have approved any conflict of interest that is approved by a limited partner advisory committee (or a Fund’s board of directors or independent directors or Independent Client Representative, each, as applicable) or a “majority in interest” of the limited partners and the limited partners of the applicable other Funds as set forth above, even if a limited partner or a limited partner advisory committee (if applicable) actually voted against the approval of such conflict of interest. For the avoidance of doubt, it is expected that, where a consent or approval is sought or required by a limited partner advisory committee (if applicable), the limited partner advisory committee will act by affirmative vote of a majority in number of all members of the limited partner advisory committee who have actually cast a vote (whether for or against the relevant matter), as applicable, at a meeting, written consent or any combination thereof. In contrast, any objection rights of a limited partner advisory committee (if applicable) require a majority of the members to so object.

Pursuant to the Organizational Documents of certain Funds, a board of directors is responsible for overseeing certain periodic reports under the Exchange Act, certain conflicts of interest related to the General Partners or BPIA in accordance with the provisions of the Organizational Document and/or any policies of the General Partners and/or BPIA, the suspension of (a) the calculation of such Fund’s net asset value, (b) the ongoing offering of units or shares (as applicable) of such Fund or (c) such Fund’s periodic repurchase program, and any material modification to such Fund’s (i) valuation policy, (ii) periodic repurchase program and (iii) fair

valuation of certain investments that the applicable General Partner has determined to value outside of the applicable range provided by such Fund's independent valuation advisor (as applicable). Such Fund's board of directors will also be authorized to give consent on the Fund's behalf with respect to certain matters, including those which may be required or advisable, as determined in the applicable General Partner's and/or BPIA's sole discretion, under the Advisers Act or other applicable laws or regulations, which may be, but is not required to be, given by a majority of the Fund's independent directors. If such Fund's board of directors consents to a particular matter and the applicable General Partner and/or BPIA act(s) in a manner consistent with, or pursuant to the standards and procedures approved by, such board of directors, or otherwise as provided in the Organizational Documents of such Fund, then the applicable General Partner and/or BPIA and their affiliates will not have any liability to such Fund or the limited partners for such actions that they have made or taken in good faith.

Legal Interpretation. The Organizational Documents of the Funds are detailed agreements that establish complex arrangements among BPIA, its affiliates and the Funds' investors therein. Questions are expected to arise under the Organizational Documents regarding the parties' rights and obligations in certain situations, some of which will not have been contemplated and are not specifically addressed or could have been articulated more precisely at the time of Organizational Documents' drafting and execution. In these instances, the operative provisions of the Organizational Documents can be broad, general, ambiguous or conflicting, and could permit more than one reasonable interpretation, including in circumstances where one reasonable interpretation is most favorable to BPIA and/or their affiliates while another reasonable interpretation is most favorable to the relevant Fund and where BPIA therefore has an incentive to prefer the former interpretation over the latter one. While BPIA will construe the relevant agreements in good faith and in a manner consistent with its legal obligations (and, when appropriate, in consultation with external legal counsel), the interpretations BPIA adopts will not necessarily be, and need not be, the interpretations that are the most favorable to the relevant Fund or the Funds' investors and could be the interpretations that are most favorable to BPIA and/or its affiliates.

Disclosure of Information by BPIA. BPIA may be required to, or may determine it is appropriate to, disclose certain information relating to the Funds and/or the investors, including their names, purchase amounts, jurisdictions, beneficial owners, type or category of investor (such as governmental investors) and percentage ownership in the Funds or other entities, in connection with anti-money laundering and know-your-customer requirements and/or requests of the Funds' counterparties (for example, in connection with obtaining financing on the Funds' behalf or on behalf of investments of the Funds or the investment of a Fund's prospective investors), as well as in connection with certain other investment-related matters, including regulatory, governmental or other applications or approvals and the ongoing operation of the Funds and/or

their portfolio entities. If such a disclosure is not mandatory, BPIA will determine whether and to what extent such disclosure is appropriate, and notwithstanding that the Funds and/or one or more limited partners may be adversely affected by such disclosures, BPIA will not be liable to the Funds or any limited partner for any such disclosure.

Additional Potential Conflicts of Interest. The officers, directors, members, managers and personnel of BPIA can be expected to trade in securities, including the securities of the Funds' Portfolio Entities and Portfolio Entities of Other Blackstone Clients and make personal investments for their own accounts, subject to restrictions and reporting requirements as may be required by law and Blackstone policies or as otherwise determined from time to time by BPIA. Such personal securities transactions and investments will, in certain circumstances, result in conflicts of interest, including to the extent they relate to (i) a company in which the Funds hold or acquire an interest (either directly through a privately negotiated investment or indirectly through the purchase of securities or other traded instruments related thereto) and (ii) entities that have interests which are adverse to those of the Funds or pursue similar investment opportunities as the Funds. In addition, as a consequence of Blackstone's status as a public company, the officers, directors, members, managers and personnel of BPIA can be expected to take into account certain considerations and other factors in connection with the management of the business and affairs of the Funds and their affiliates that would not necessarily be taken into account if Blackstone were not a public company. The directors of Blackstone have fiduciary duties to shareholders of the public company that could conflict with their duties to the Funds. Finally, although Blackstone believes its positive reputation in the marketplace provides benefit to the Funds and Other Blackstone Clients, BPIA could decline to undertake investment activity or transact with a counterparty on behalf of the Funds for reputational reasons, and this decision could result in the Funds foregoing a profit or suffering a loss.

Side Letters and Agreements. As permitted by applicable law, in the case of certain Funds, the General Partners may enter into side letters or other similar agreements with certain limited partners in connection with their admission to the Funds without the approval of any other limited partner, which will have the effect of establishing rights (other than as set forth in the Organizational Documents as a general matter) under or altering or supplementing the terms of the Organizational Documents with respect to such limited partners in a manner more favorable to such limited partners than those applicable to other limited partners. Notwithstanding the fact that a limited partner may have a most favored nations provision in its side letter, such limited partner will not have the right to elect certain rights or benefits. It is also expected that Blackstone will from time to time confirm factual matters to incoming limited partners, make statements of intent or expectation to such limited partners or acknowledge statements by such incoming limited partners that relate to a Fund and/or Blackstone's activities pertaining thereto in one or more respects. In addition, Blackstone may from time to time agree to certain matters

relating to knowledge transfer and/or secondments with one or more limited partners as part of an overall firm relationship. Additionally, with respect to certain closed-end Funds (to the extent applicable), it is expected that limited partners who designate representatives to participate on a limited partner advisory committee may, by virtue of such participation, have more information about the Funds and investments in certain circumstances than other limited partners generally and may be provided information in advance of communication to other limited partners generally. Any such statements, confirmations, agreements or acknowledgements, including those made in response to an investor's due diligence requests, will not involve the granting of any legal right or benefit, and therefore will not be subject to the "most favored nations" process or election by the limited partners, and as a result Fund investors will not typically receive notice thereof or copies of the documentation (if any) in which they are contained. There can be no assurance that any such arrangements will not have an adverse effect on the Funds or that such arrangements will not influence Blackstone's activities or the operation of the Funds.

Possibility of Different Information Rights. Limited partners may request information from BPIA relating to the Funds, and BPIA can in its discretion provide such limited partners with the information requested. Limited partners that request and receive such information from BPIA relating to the Funds, or otherwise receive additional information with respect to a Portfolio Entity, including as a result of any rights obtained as a co-investor or joint venture partner in an investment, will consequently possess information regarding the business and affairs of the Funds that is not generally known to other limited partners of the Funds. As a result, certain limited partners of the Funds may take or not take actions on the basis of such information which, in the absence of such information, other limited partners do or do not take. Furthermore, at certain times Blackstone may be restricted from disclosing to the limited partners material non-public information regarding any assets in which the Funds invest, particularly those investments in which an Other Blackstone Client or Portfolio Entity that is publicly registered co-invests with the Funds. (See also "—Diverse Limited Partner Group" herein.)

Other Financial Industry Affiliations

BPIA is an affiliate of the following entities:

Bank Entity	
Luminor Bank AS*	A Baltic bank purchased by Blackstone Capital Partners
Broker-Dealer Entities	
Blackstone Securities Partners L.P.	Provides a variety of limited investment banking services
Everlake Distributors, L.L.C.*	Provides underwriting and distribution of variable life insurance or annuities to other broker-dealers and registered investment advisers
SLD America Equities, Inc.*	Serves as principal underwriter for affiliated and third-party insurance companies issuing and administering variable life policies and variable annuity contracts
FEF Distributors LLC*	Serves as distributor and principal underwriter to the First Eagle mutual funds and private investment funds
Finance of America Securities LLC**	Provides a variety of limited investment banking services
Redpin Holdings**	Provides money transfer services to individuals and businesses on a global basis
Investment Adviser Entities	
ASK Investment Managers Ltd.*	Provides investment advisory services to funds and high net worth individuals in India
Blackstone Alternative Asset Management L.P.	Manages a series of private funds predominantly engaged in multi-manager investment programs (<i>i.e.</i> , fund of hedge funds)
Blackstone Alternative Credit Advisors LP	Provides investment advisory services to a number of debt-focused private investment funds and closed-end funds
Blackstone Alternative Investment Advisors LLC	Provides investment advisory services to open end mutual funds and pooled investment vehicles

Blackstone Alternative Solutions L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to private investment funds which predominantly participate in a multi-strategy investment program
Blackstone Asset Based Finance Advisors LP	Provides investment advisory services to a number of separately managed accounts and vehicles that primarily engage in asset backed securities and whole loan investments
Blackstone CLO Management LLC (Management Series)	Provides investment advisory services to U.S. CLOs
Blackstone Communications Advisors I L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to a private investment fund specializing in communications-related private equity investments
Blackstone Core Equity Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private equity funds
Blackstone Credit BDC Advisors LLC	Provides investment advisory services to debt-focused investment companies electing to do business as business development companies
Blackstone Credit Systematic Strategies LLC	Provides investment advisory services to debt-focused separately managed accounts, private investment funds, closed-end funds and UCITS funds
Blackstone Growth Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to private growth investment funds
Blackstone Infrastructure Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to one or more infrastructure-focused investment funds
Blackstone ISG-I Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to one or more private investment funds and managed accounts focusing on fixed income investments and investments across Blackstone's private equity, real asset, credit, hedge fund and opportunistic asset management strategies
Blackstone ISG-II Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private investment funds focusing on investments across Blackstone's private equity, real asset, credit, hedge fund and opportunistic asset management strategies
Blackstone Life Sciences Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private investment funds specializing in the life sciences industry
Blackstone Liquid Credit Advisors I LLC	Provides investment advisory services to a number of debt-focused private investment funds and separately managed accounts
Blackstone Liquid Credit Strategies LLC	Provides investment advisory services to a number of debt-focused private investment funds, closed-end funds and separately managed accounts

Blackstone Management Partners L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private equity funds
Blackstone Management Partners IV L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private equity funds
Blackstone Multi-Asset Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private investment funds focusing on investments across Blackstone's private equity, real asset, credit, hedge fund and opportunistic alternative asset management strategies
Blackstone Private Credit Strategies LLC	Provides investment advisory services to a number of debt-focused private investment funds and debt-focused investment companies electing to do business as business development companies
Blackstone Property Advisors L.P.	Provides investment advisory services to various private real estate investment funds and pooled investment vehicles
Blackstone Real Estate Advisors Europe L.P.	Provides investment advisory services to various private real estate investment funds
Blackstone Real Estate Advisors L.P.	Provides investment advisory services to various private real estate investment funds
Blackstone Real Estate Advisors IV L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to various private real estate investment funds
Blackstone Real Estate Advisors V L.P.	Provides investment advisory services to various private real estate investment funds
Blackstone Real Estate Special Situations Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to private investment funds and accounts which invest primarily in public and private real estate and real estate-related debt investments
Blackstone Strategic Alliance Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to private investment funds primarily engaged in a hedge fund "seeding" program
Blackstone Strategic Capital Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to private funds engaged primarily in acquisitions of minority interests in alternative asset managers
Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to multi-discipline, multi-asset class private funds and separately managed accounts
BSCA Advisors L.L.C. (Relying Adviser)	Provides investment advisory services to certain co-investment vehicles relating to funds managed by Blackstone Strategic Capital Advisors L.L.C.
BXMT Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to a publicly traded REIT and its related entities

BX REIT Advisors L.L.C.	Provides investment advisory services to a non-traded REIT and its operating subsidiary
Clarus Ventures, LLC	Provides investment advisory services to various private investment funds specializing in the life sciences industry
Clover Credit Management, LLC	Provides investment advisory services to CLOs
Clover CLO Advisors, LLC (Relying Adviser)	Provides investment advisory services to CLOs
CT High Grade Mezzanine Manager, LLC (Relying Adviser)	Provides investment advisory services to assets owned by a third-party insurance company
CT High Grade Partners II Manager, LLC (Relying Adviser)	Provides investment advisory services to a private real estate debt fund
CT Investment Management Co., LLC	Provides investment advisory services to publicly traded CDOs and private fund and account clients that predominantly engage in investments in the commercial real estate debt sector
Finance of America Capital Management LLC**	Provides investment advisory services to mortgage related asset private funds and managed accounts
First Eagle Alternative Credit EU, LLC*	Provides investment advisory services to various private investment funds specializing in the European direct lending industry
First Eagle Alternative Credit EU MOA, Ltd.*	Sponsor of limited partnerships for First Eagle's European Alternative Credit business
First Eagle Alternative Credit Funding, LLC*	Sponsor of limited partnerships for First Eagle's Alternative Credit business
First Eagle Alternative Credit, LLC*	Provides investment advisory services for both direct lending and broadly syndicated investments, through public and private vehicles, collateralized loan obligations, separately managed accounts and co-mingled funds
First Eagle Investment Management, LLC*	Provides investment advisory services to mutual funds, private investment funds, institutional accounts and high net worth individuals
First Eagle Separate Account Management, LLC*	Provides investment advisory services to a business development company

Harvest Fund Advisors LLC	Provides investment advisory services to various categories of institutions and high net worth individuals via private pooled investment vehicles and separate accounts investing principally in publicly-traded energy infrastructure, renewables and Master Limited Partnerships holding midstream energy assets in North America
Strategic Partners Fund Solutions Advisors L.P.	Provides investment advisory services to a number of pooled investment and custom vehicles operating as private investment funds
First Eagle Direct Lending Manager III, LLC*	Serves as the manager of a private direct lending fund
Napier Park Global Capital (US) LP*	Provides investment advisory services to credit and private investing private investment funds and institutional accounts and provides collateral management services to securitized asset funds
NIBC Bank N.V.***	Advisory/banking affiliate of NIBC, a PE and BTO portfolio company
NIBC Credit Management, Inc.***	Advisory affiliate of NIBC, a PE and BTO portfolio company
Regatta Loan Management LLC* (Relying Adviser)	Provides collateral management services to securitized asset funds
Blackstone Administrative Services Canada ULC	Canadian exempt investment adviser, which serves as a sub-advisor to the registrant and/or its affiliates
Blackstone Advisors India Private Limited	India investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
Blackstone Advisors Korea Limited	Korean investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
Blackstone Capital Israel Ltd.	Israeli investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
Blackstone Europe Fund Management S.a.r.l.	Provides services to various alternative investment funds with branch offices in other locations
Blackstone Ireland Fund Management Limited	Provides investment advisory services (management/distribution) to debt-focused private investment funds and alternative investment funds
Blackstone Ireland Limited	Provides investment advisory services to debt-focused private investment funds and separately managed accounts and acts as an investment fund manager

Blackstone Real Estate Australia Pty Limited	Australian investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant and provides investment management services to trustees and in respect of trusts indirectly controlled by the registrant
Blackstone (Shanghai) Equity Investment Management Co. Ltd.	Chinese investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
Blackstone Singapore Pte Ltd	Singapore investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant and provides investment advisory services to funds controlled by the registrant
BX Mexico Advisors S.A. de C.V.	Mexican advisory entity which provides services to certain publicly registered trusts
The Blackstone Group (Australia) Pty Limited	Australian investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
The Blackstone Group Germany GmbH	German investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant and acts as an investment fund manager
The Blackstone Group (HK) Limited	Hong Kong investment advisory firm holding licenses of dealing in securities and advising on securities, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant
Blackstone Europe LLP	U.K. investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant, with branch offices in other locations
The Blackstone Group Japan K.K.	Japanese investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to affiliates of the registrant and has a broker-dealer license for fund marketing
The Blackstone Group Spain SLU	Spain investment advisory firm, which serves as a sub-advisor to the registrant
Registered Commodity Trading Advisor and/or Registered Commodity Pool Operator Entities	
Blackstone Alternative Asset Management L.P. (CTA/CPO)	Manages a series of funds predominantly engaged in multi-manager investment programs (<i>i.e.</i> , fund of hedge funds)
Blackstone Alternative Investment Advisors LLC (CTA/CPO)	Provides investment advisory services to open end mutual funds and pooled investment vehicles
Blackstone Alternative Solutions L.L.C. (CTA/CPO)	Provides investment advisory services to private investment funds which predominantly participate in a multi-strategy investment program
Blackstone Strategic Alliance Advisors L.L.C. (CTA/CPO)	Manages a series of private funds engaged in a hedge fund “seeding” program

Napier Park Global Capital (US) LP* (CTA/CPO)	Provides investment advisory services to credit and private investing private investment funds and institutional accounts and collateral management services to securitized asset funds
Insurance Entities	
ELIC Reinsurance Company*	A captive insurance company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Everlake Life Insurance Company
Everlake Assurance Company*	An insurance company domiciled in the State of Illinois
Everlake Life Insurance Company*	An insurance company domiciled in the State of Illinois specializing in life insurance and annuities
Everlake Reinsurance Limited*	An exempted reinsurance company organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands
Resolution Life Group Holdings Ltd.*	An insurance company organized under the laws of Bermuda
Resolution Life Colorado, Inc.*	An insurance company domiciled in the State of Colorado
Security Life of Denver Insurance Company*	An insurance company domiciled in the State of Colorado
Midwestern United Life Insurance Company*	An insurance company domiciled in the State of Indiana
Roaring River II, Inc.*	A captive insurance company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Resolution Life Group Holdings L.P., domiciled in the State of Arizona
Security Life of Denver International Limited*	A captive insurance company and wholly-owned subsidiary of Resolution Life Group Holdings L.P., domiciled in the State of Arizona
Resolution Re Ltd.*	A reinsurance company organized under the laws of Bermuda
Resolution Life Australasia Limited*	An insurance company organized under the laws of Australia
RLNM Limited*	An insurance company organized under the laws of Australia
Resolution Life New Zealand Ltd.*	An insurance company organized under the laws of New Zealand
Herald Reinsurance Limited*	A reinsurance company organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands

Gryphon Mutual Insurance Company****	A captive property insurance company
Ki Financial Limited**	A digitally driven Lloyd's of London syndicate insurance company
Lexington National Land Services	A wholly owned title and escrow agent
Prima Assicurazioni S.p.A.**	An Italian tech-enabled insurance company
Westland Insurance Group Ltd.*****	A property and casualty insurance broker
Prospect Reinsurance Ltd.**	A property and casualty insurance broker

*Portfolio company of affiliated private equity fund

**Portfolio company of affiliated Tactical Opportunities funds

***Portfolio company of affiliated private equity and Tactical Opportunities funds

****Captive property insurance company owned by its participants, (which are Blackstone Real Estate fund investments) and managed by an affiliate of Blackstone

*****Portfolio company of Blackstone Credit funds

Blackstone Singapore Pte Ltd is registered in Singapore and Blackstone Europe LLP is registered in the United Kingdom. It provides certain advisory services to BPIA and certain of its affiliates in Singapore and the United Kingdom respectively.

Various management and marketing personnel are registered with our broker-dealer, Blackstone Securities Partners L.P., which is an affiliate of Blackstone that serves as placement agent to the Funds in the U.S. but is not compensated for such services. We do not believe these registrations, in and of themselves, create conflicts for the Funds' investors.

A more detailed description of applicable conflicts of interest is set forth in the Organizational Documents of each Fund.

Item 11 – Code of Ethics

BPIA recognizes and believes that (i) high ethical standards are essential for its success and to maintain the confidence of its investors; (ii) its long-term business interests are best served by adherence to the principle that the interests of investors come first; and (iii) it has a fiduciary duty to its investors to act in the best interests of the Funds. All BPIA personnel are required to act in accordance with the implied contractual covenants of good faith and fair dealing in respect of their dealings with investors and are required to comply with applicable law.

BPIA is governed by the Blackstone Code of Ethics (the “Code”). The Code governs a number of potential conflicts of interest which exist in connection with the Funds it manages. The Code is reasonably designed to ensure that BPIA meets its fiduciary obligation to BPIA’s clients (or prospective clients) and to instill a culture of compliance within BPIA. An additional benefit of the Code is to detect and prevent violations of securities laws.

The Code is distributed to each employee at the time of hire and annually thereafter, and it is available on Blackstone’s intranet website. BPIA also supplements the Code with ongoing monitoring of employee activity.

The Code includes, among other items, the following:

- Requirements related to confidentiality;
- Limitations on, and reporting of, gifts and entertainment;
- Pre-clearance of political contributions;
- Pre-clearance and reporting of employee personal securities transactions;
- Pre-clearance of outside business activities; and
- Protection of persons who engage in “whistle blowing” activities from retaliation.

On an annual basis, Blackstone requires all employees to certify that they are in compliance with the Code.

Blackstone offers many different products and services across its many businesses and there are several potential conflicts of interest which will from time to time arise. Please see Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations for a list of investment related potential conflicts, including, in particular, “Other Blackstone Clients; Allocation of Investment Opportunities” describing conflicts related to allocation of investment opportunities among investment funds sponsored by Blackstone and co-investors. BPIA has adopted policies and procedures reasonably designed to address such potential conflicts of interest.

Potential investors are encouraged to also review the information and disclosures regarding certain potential risk factors and potential conflicts of interest included in the separate offering

and/or disclosure documentation and Organizational Documents provided to potential investors with respect to the BXPE Fund.

BPIA and its related personnel are subject to guidelines governing the ability to trade in personal accounts. The guidelines generally require that all such personal securities transactions receive pre-clearance from the Blackstone Legal and Compliance Department. As a policy matter, Blackstone personnel are generally prohibited from purchasing single-name public securities in their self-directed personal securities brokerage accounts. These guidelines are reasonably designed to comply with SEC requirements that registered investment advisors have a Code of Ethics, and are intended to assist Blackstone with identifying and mitigating actual or potential conflicts of interest with Blackstone's clients that could arise as a result of such transactions. In addition, Blackstone has implemented certain policies and procedures (e.g., information walls) to restrict access to material non-public information. The Blackstone Legal and Compliance Department is responsible for overseeing compliance with the requirements of the Code, which requirements include, but are not limited to, reporting of personal investment activities, accounts, pre-clearance of personal securities transactions, reporting of certain investment transactions and periodic compliance certifications. The Code is available for review upon request.

You may request a copy of the Code by contacting BPIA's Chief Compliance Officer, Joshua Shapiro, at (212) 583-5000 or Joshua.Shapiro@Blackstone.com.

Item 12 – Brokerage Practices

BPIA will, in certain circumstances, trade in public securities. In the event BPIA executes a brokerage transaction for the Funds (e.g., trades in public securities as a direct investment, as part of or following an initial public offering of a Portfolio Entity) or enters into hedging transactions, BPIA will generally consider qualitative factors including, but not limited to:

1. A broker's execution capabilities with respect to the relevant type of order;
2. The reputation of the broker being considered;
3. A broker's reputation and responsiveness to requests for trade data and other financial information.; and
4. Other factors suggested by the SEC for determining best execution, which include:
 - the commissions charged by a broker, which may be based on the size of the order, the price of the security;
 - the amount of business with each broker-dealer and the justification for directing trades to those broker-dealers, such as the quality of research provided by the broker-dealer;
 - the gross compensation paid to each broker-dealer;
 - the competitiveness of commission rates and spreads, including the documentation to support such competitiveness, i.e., comparison of "standard" commission rates or "minimum" transaction costs between broker-dealers offering comparable products and services;
 - statistics or other information by independent consultants on the relative quality of executions/financial services by each broker-dealer;
 - the financial strength (net capital) of each broker-dealer, if relevant;
 - the broker-dealer's ability to respond promptly to inquiries during volatile markets;
 - which brokers have provided research that has been helpful in the management of the funds;
 - the value of privacy considerations, liquidity, price improvement and lower commission rates on electronic communications; and

- the broker-dealer's general reputation and ability to execute an order in an appropriate time frame (i.e., the overall responsiveness of the broker-dealer, as expressed in how well the broker-dealer serves BPIA and its clients).

For the avoidance of doubt, the factors listed above are not exhaustive, and BPIA is not required to consider all or any individual factor.

Principal Transactions and Cross Trades

BPIA or an affiliate on occasion may engage in principal transactions with a BXPE Fund. A principal transaction occurs when an investment advisor, acting for its own account (or the account of an affiliate) buys a security from, or sells a security to, a client's account. BPIA will conduct all principal transactions according to the disclosure and client consent requirements of Section 206(3) of the Advisers Act. BPIA must determine that any principal transaction is in the best interest of the participating BXPE Fund.

BPIA, to the extent permitted under applicable law, also may effect cross transactions in which BPIA causes a transaction to be effected between a BXPE Fund and another account advised by BPIA or any of its affiliates (a "Cross Trade"). Cross Trades, which may or may not constitute principal transactions, will be conducted in accordance with BPIA's fiduciary responsibility to each participating BXPE Fund, must be in the best interest of each participating BXPE Fund and must be consistent with BPIA's duty to seek best execution.

An Independent Client Representative will be retained for the BXPE Fund, as needed, for purposes of considering whether to grant, and granting or withholding, client (including, as pertinent, the BXPE Fund investor) consent to certain transactions that may give rise to conflicts of interest.

Trade Errors

Trade errors are evaluated on a case-by-case basis. If BPIA determines that BPIA's gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud was the direct cause of a trade error, BPIA generally will compensate the affected BXPE Fund for any losses resulting from such trade error. If a third party's negligence or other wrongdoing causes a trading error that is material to a BXPE Fund, BPIA will attempt to recover the amount of loss from the third party for the BXPE Fund. BPIA does not assume responsibility for compensating the applicable BXPE Fund, or making the third party compensate the applicable BXPE Fund, in such cases.

Item 13 – Review of Accounts

Review of Accounts

The Funds' accounts and investment positions are monitored by BPIA personnel on a regular and current basis. The BXPE Investment Committee meets as necessary to review general portfolio composition, investment opportunities, market conditions, potential conflicts, and recent trading activities. The BXPE Investment Committee consists of certain selected senior investment personnel.

BPIA might periodically review on an expedited basis the assets of the Funds following a unique occurrence in the financial industry or market generally. The BXPE Investment Committees may also draw on regional and/or sector experts within Blackstone as appropriate given the specific profile of each investment opportunity.

Reports to Investors

Investors in the Funds generally will receive written quarterly reports which will include capital balance and Fund performance statistics. Investors also will receive written annual audited financial statements for the Fund in which they are invested. BPIA makes use of a website, including BX Access, available at www.bxaccess.com, and BXPE.com for the distribution of reports and other information to investors in the Funds.

Certain investors in the Funds may request additional information relating to the Funds and/or Portfolio Entities and, to the extent such information is readily available or may be obtained without unreasonable effort or expense, BPIA generally will provide such investors with the information requested. Investors that request and receive such information will consequently possess information regarding the business and affairs of the Funds that may not be known to other investors. As a result, certain investors can be expected to be able to take actions on the basis of such information which, in the absence of such information, other investors do not take. Furthermore, at certain times BPIA may be restricted from disclosing to investors material non-public information regarding any assets in which a Fund invests, particularly those investments in which an Other Blackstone Client or Portfolio Entity that is publicly registered co-invests with a Fund.

Certain Funds file periodic reports required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These filings are available on the SEC's EDGAR filing system as well as the Fund's website.

Item 14 – Client Referrals and Other Compensation

While not an arrangement for client referrals, BPIA from time to time directly or indirectly compensates one or more third parties to act as a placement agent in connection with the offer and sale of interests in a Fund to certain potential investors. BPIA typically compensates a placement agent in the form of a percentage of introduced capital, a portion of Management Fees or incentive fees and/or net asset value of a class (of units or shares, as applicable) or investment (although other payment arrangements could exist). BPIA also typically reimburses the placement agents for expenses incurred in connection with soliciting investors. A placement agent may directly charge investors additional placement fees (or other fees) in connection with their investment in the Funds, and such fees generally do not reduce fees such as Management Fees paid to BPIA and/or its affiliates in connection with an investment in a Fund. The Funds may agree to reimburse third-party placement agents for expenses and/or agree to indemnify such agents under certain circumstances, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law. With respect to expenses relating to the diligence and negotiation of placement agent arrangements, please see Item 5 – Fees and Compensation.

With respect to certain Funds, BPIA or one of its affiliates charge(s) investors in certain unit or share classes (as applicable) of the Funds a Servicing Fee. The Servicing Fee is based on an investor's percentage interest in the net asset value of such class (of units or shares, as applicable depending on the Fund) (and, generally, for any closed-end fund (to the extent applicable), based on an investor's committed capital prior to the end of the Fund's investment period, and on an investor's invested capital thereafter) as further described in the applicable Fund's Organizational Documents. It is anticipated that all or a portion of the Servicing Fee will be retained by, or reallocated (paid) to, participating brokers or other financial intermediaries to compensate such brokers or other financial intermediaries for reporting, administrative and other services provided to an investor.

Blackstone Securities Partners L.P., an affiliate of Blackstone, serves as a placement agent to the Funds in the U.S. Please see Item 10 – Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations for more information.

Item 15 – Custody

Rule 206(4)-2, as amended (the “Custody Rule”), under the Advisers Act defines custody as holding client securities or cash or having any authority to obtain possession of them. The Funds generally have BPIA affiliates acting as General Partners and, as such, BPIA is generally deemed to have custody of the Funds’ securities and cash. BPIA generally complies with the Advisers Act custody rule by, among other things, providing all investors in the Funds with audited financial statements.

Item 16 – Investment Discretion

BPIA maintains the authority to manage or advise the Funds on a discretionary basis, subject to the overall supervision of the applicable General Partner, in accordance with the investment guidelines, objectives, limitations and other provisions and terms set forth in the Funds' applicable Organizational Documents.

Item 17 – Voting Client Securities (i.e., Proxy Voting)

Proxy Policy

Rule 206(4)-6 under the Advisers Act (the “Proxy Rule”) requires registered investment advisers that exercise voting authority over client securities to implement proxy voting policies. Because BPIA could be deemed to have authority to vote proxies relating to the companies in which its clients invest, BPIA has adopted a set of policies and procedures (together, the “Policy”) in compliance with the Proxy Rule. To the extent that BPIA exercises or is deemed to be exercising voting authority over its clients’ securities, the Policy is designed and implemented in a manner reasonably expected to ensure that voting with respect to proxy proposals, amendments, consents or resolutions (collectively, “proxies”) is exercised in a manner that serves the best interest of the Funds, as determined by BPIA in its sole discretion. Notwithstanding the foregoing, because proxy proposals and individual company facts and circumstances may vary, BPIA may not always vote proxies in accordance with the Policy. In addition, many possible proxy matters are not covered in the Policy. Generally, BPIA will vote proxies in favor of management’s recommendations, including, but not limited to, the following matters: (i) the election of a Fund’s board of directors; (ii) the approval of financial statements as presented by management; and (iii) the selection of independent auditors, which BPIA will generally vote in favor of, even if the proposed auditor is currently the auditor of Blackstone Inc. In certain cases where an investment is made with Blackstone-affiliated or unaffiliated sponsors, proxy voting may be delegated to such other sponsors (each such sponsor a “Voting Sponsor”) provided that Blackstone reasonably believes that such Voting Sponsor’s policies regarding proxy voting are consistent with the Policy.

From time to time, conflicts can be expected to arise between the interests of the investor, on the one hand, and the interests of BPIA or its affiliates, on the other hand. If BPIA determines that it has, or may be perceived to have, a conflict of interest when voting a proxy, BPIA will address matters involving such conflicts of interest on a case-by-case basis by consulting with the Chief Compliance Officer subject to legal, regulatory, contractual or other applicable considerations. The analysis will be documented. BPIA, in its sole discretion, may elect not to vote certain routine proxies if unduly burdensome.

Each proxy is voted on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration any relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote. In situations where BPIA wishes to vote differently from what is recommended in the Proxy Policy, or where an actual or potential material conflict of interest relating to the proxy vote exists, BPIA will take such actions as are required by the Proxy Policy.

Investors may request a copy of the Policy and the voting records relating to proxies as provided by the Proxy Rule by contacting BPIA's Chief Compliance Officer, Joshua Shapiro, at (212) 583-5000 or Joshua.Shapiro@Blackstone.com.

Item 18 – Financial Information

BPIA has never been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years and is not aware of any financial condition reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to its clients.

Item 19 – Requirements for State Registered Advisers

This item is not applicable as BPIA is not registered in any state.